

Sum parameter
for
PFAS



Sum parameter for organic fluorine compounds

- **PFAS** are per- and polyfluoroalkylated substances with persistent properties
- Detectable in numerous environmental samples
- Increasing interest in monitoring in wastewater treatment plants



Utilization of Per- and Polyfluorinated Compounds (PFC)

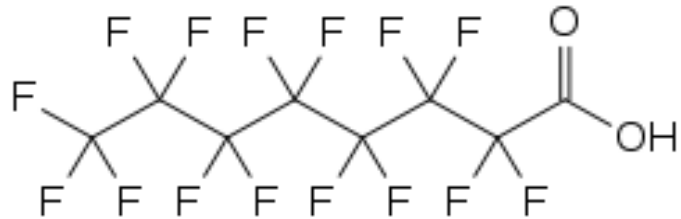
PFAS



Non - PFAS



Per- and Polyfluorinated Compounds (PFC)



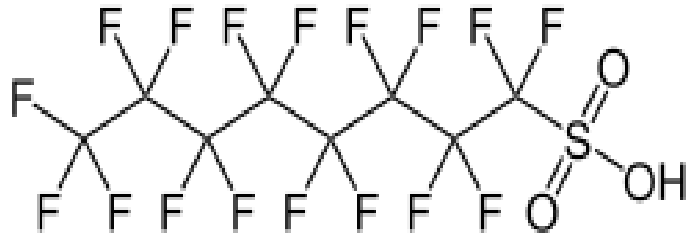
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)

Properties of technical used compounds:

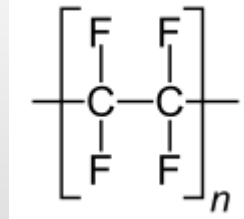
- Chemical resistant
- Thermal resistant
- UV – light resistant

Properties of pharmaceutical used compounds:

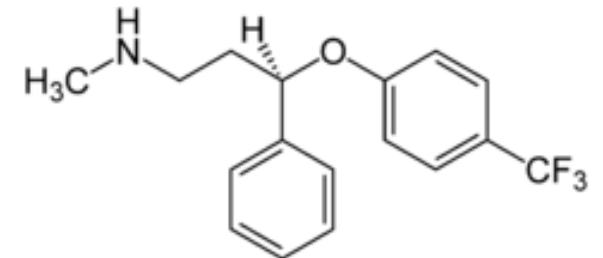
- Fat solubility
- Alternation with enzymes
- Slow metabolism



Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)



Polytetrafluoroethylen (PTFE)-
Teflon

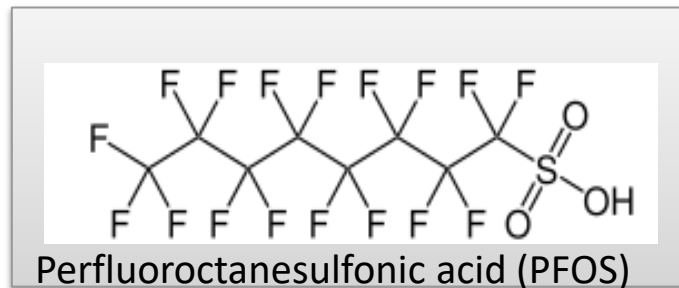


Fluoxetin - Antidepressiva

Per- and Polyfluorinated Compounds (PFC) in Environment

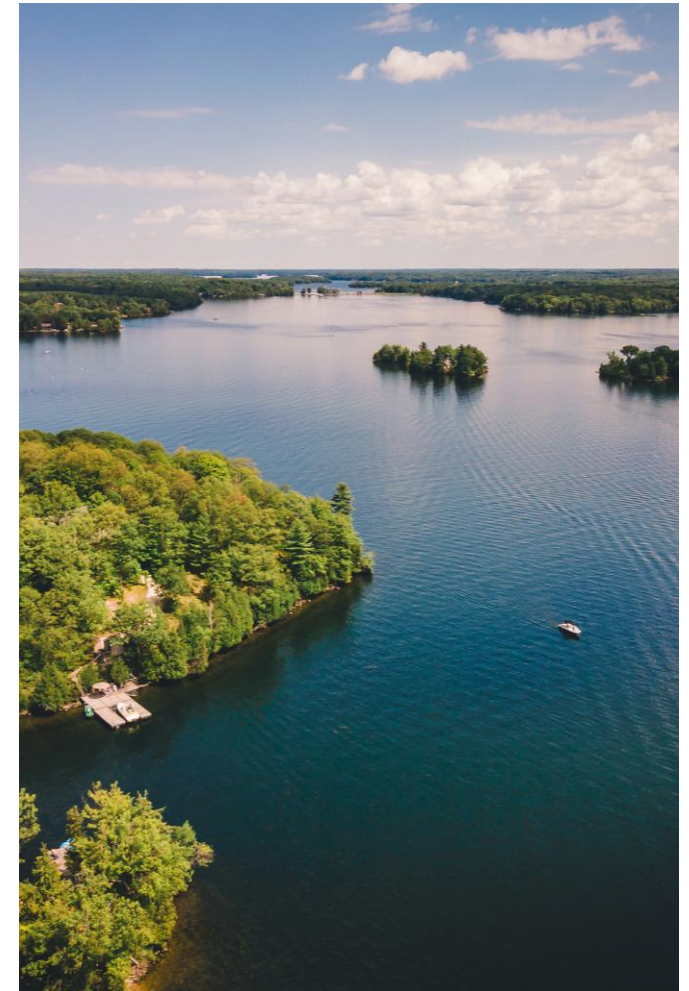
Risk assessment of fluorinated organic substances

- Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
- Persistent
- Bio-accumulative
- Toxic
- Mobile
- Carcinogenic
- Toxic for reproduction



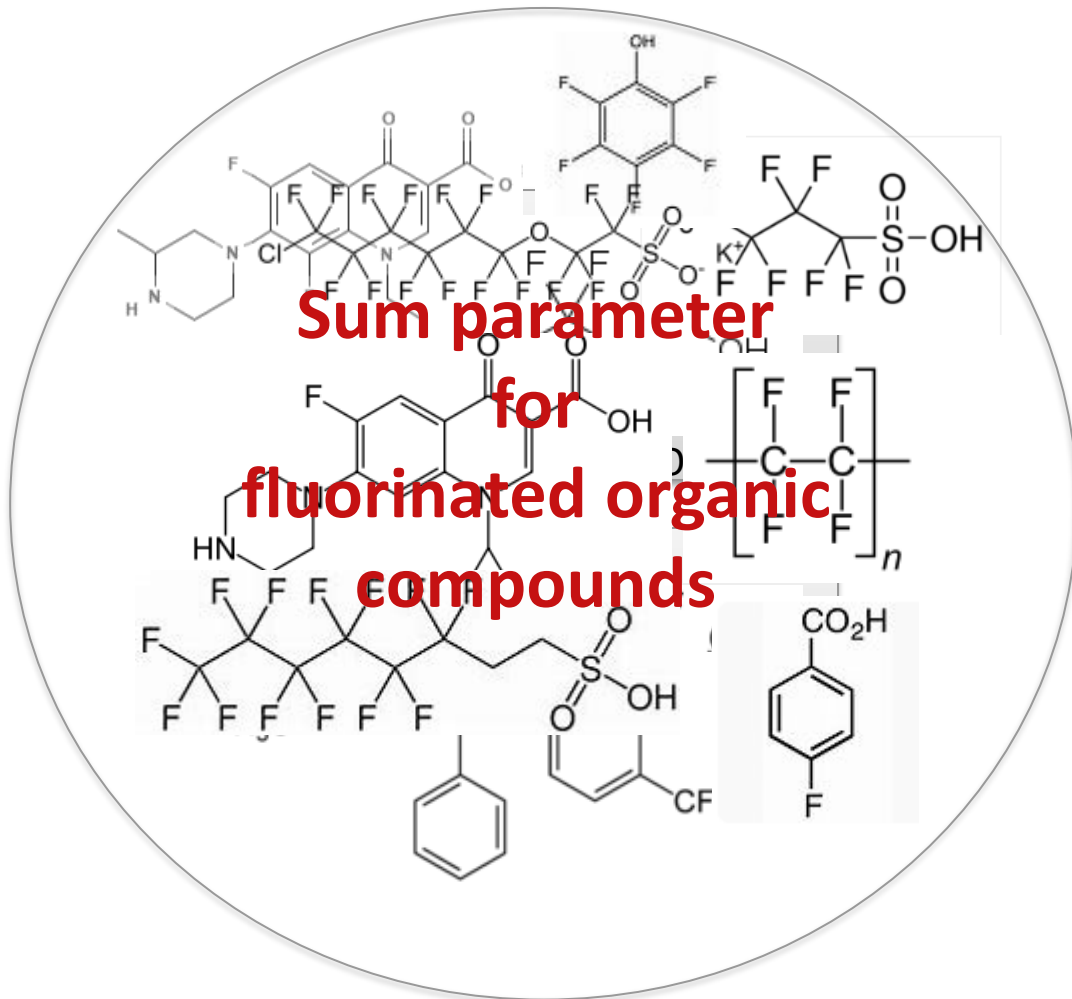
Water directive:
0.65 ng/L for inland surface water
0.13 ng/L for surface water

Tolerable weekly intake:
13 ng/kg body weight per week



Sum parameter for organic fluorine compounds

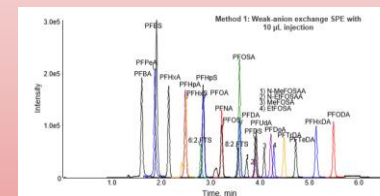
Analysis of a sum parameter



Method for single compounds

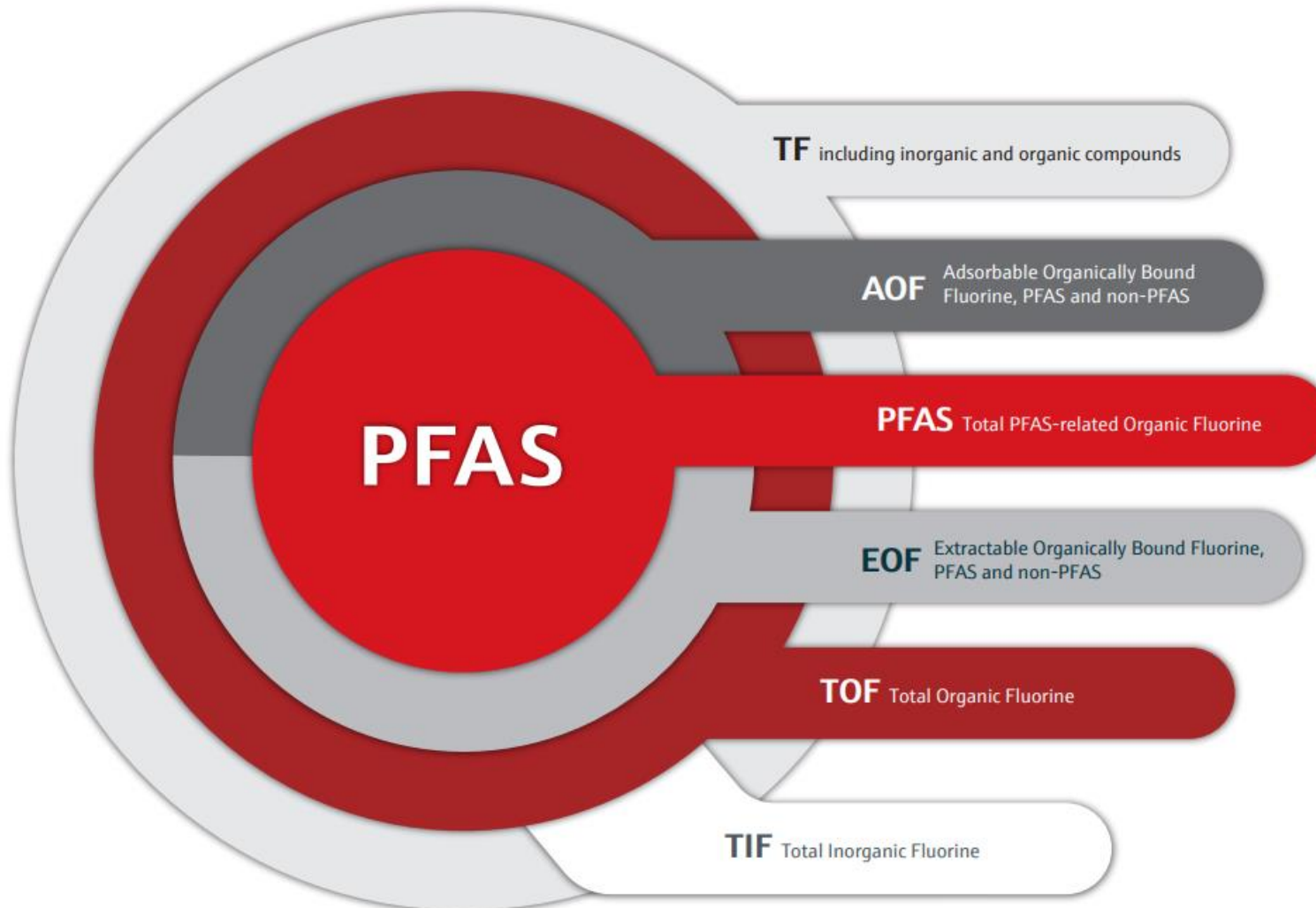
- Related to DIN 38407-42(F42) for water
- Related to DIN 38414-14(S14) for soil and sludge

HPLC – MS / MS



Quantitation of PFASs in Water Samples using LC-MS/MS ; Simon Roberts¹, KC Hyland¹, Craig Butt¹, Scott Krepich², Eric Redman³, and Christopher Borton¹ 1SCIEX, USA; 2Phenomenex, USA; 3TestAmerica Laboratories, Sacramento, USA

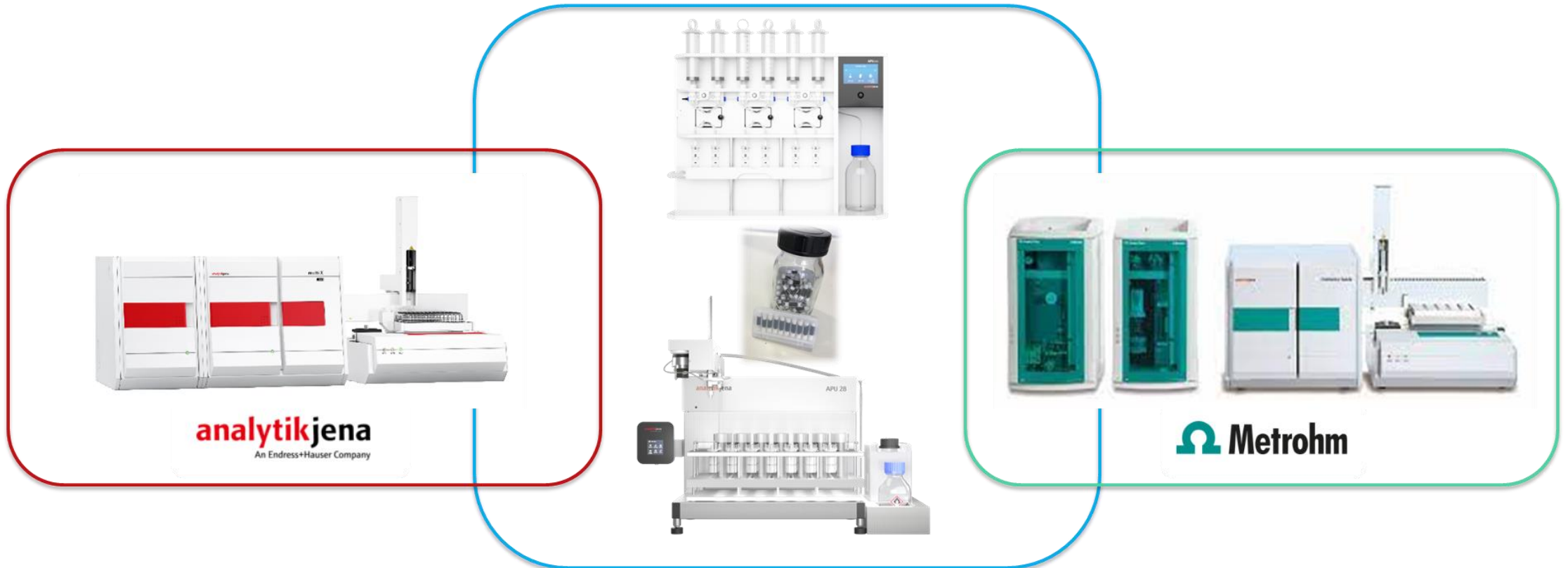
Sum parameter for organic fluorine compounds



- Depending on the regulation and/or samples coulometric titration or ion chromatography is needed
- AOF and AOX are usually used in:
 - Water treatment facilities,
 - Water monitoring institutions
 - Contract labs
- EOF is usually used in:
 - Academics, research
 - Laboratories, not restricted to standardized routines

Further application beyond AOX – AOF, AOCl, AOBr and AOI

- Sample preparation units - APUsim and APU28connect are perfectly suited to prepare AOF (AOBr, AOI, AOCl) samples



CIC-Systems and AJ sample prep solutions

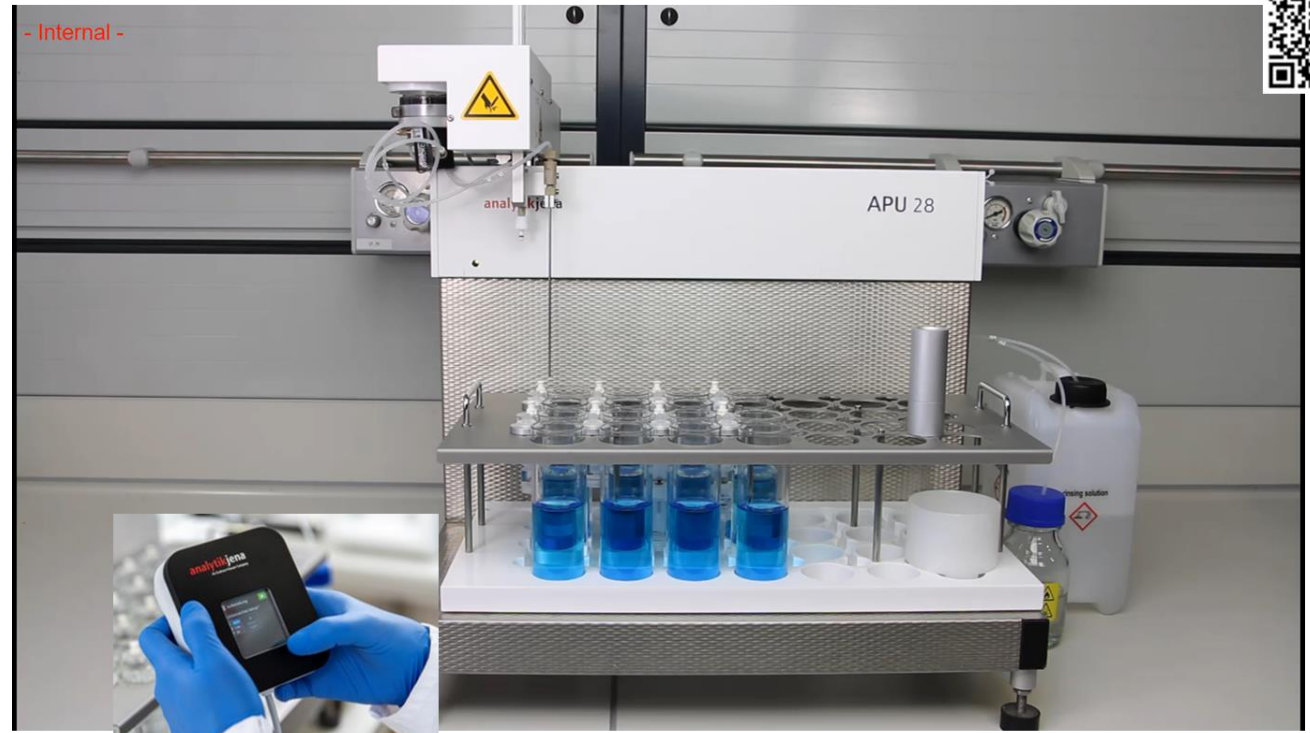
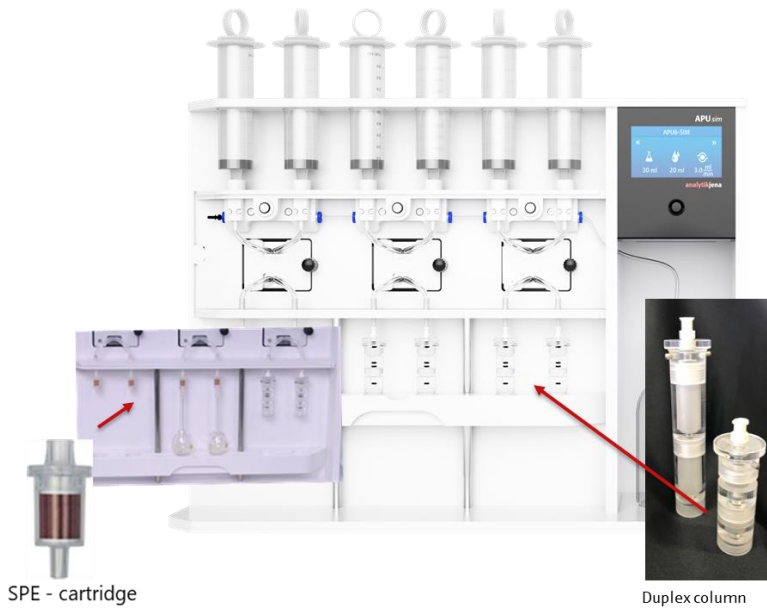
- Combination with all CIC systems possible
- Due to its geometry (18x6mm) and material (quartz glass) AJ's active carbon containers can be placed directly in sample boats/ cups without manual treatment!!!!



402-880.616 Set 100 pcs;
disposable tubes for AOF, filled



Sample preparation for AOX / AOF – APUsim and APU28connect



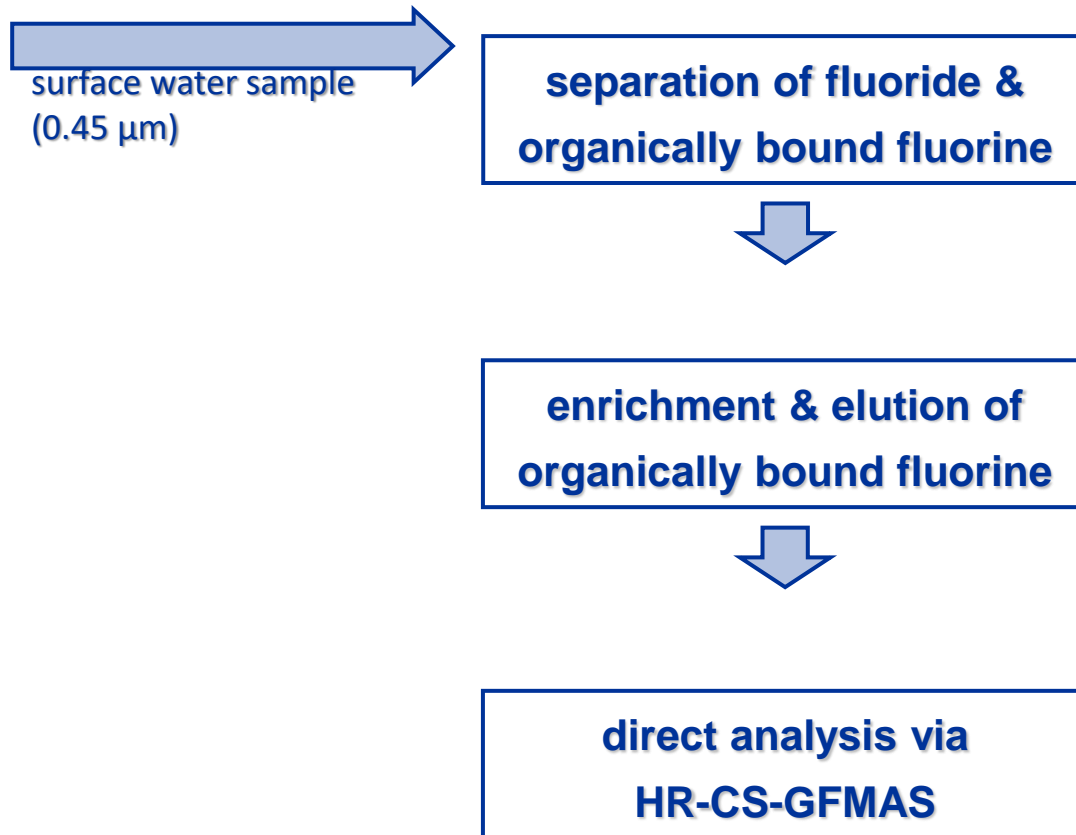
EOF Method using SPE and MAS

SPE with APU sim and MAS with contrAA 800



Analysis of Per- and Polyfluorinated Compounds (PFC)

Development of a SPE HR-CS-GFMAS method for EOF determination



SPE



Developed by Dr. Björn Meermann and team

Sample Preparation with Solid Phase Extraction

APUsim for EOF - Effortless sample preparation for AOX and SPE methods

- Adsorption / Extraction of **up to 6 samples simultaneously**
- **3 channels** operated individually; 2 lines operated in parallel
- Each channel can handle different settings for
 - Conditioning
 - Adsorption
 - Extraction
 - Rinsing of columns
- Adjustable volumes and flow rates
- Intuitive operation and maximum flexibility
- Minimum maintenance effort

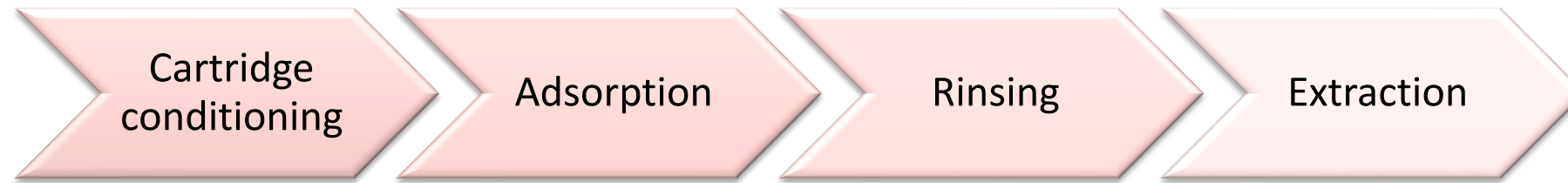


APUsim



Sample Preparation with Solid Phase Extraction

APUsim for EOF - Method settings for EOF sample preparation of river water samples



EOF measurement
by MAS
with contrAA 800

- 10 ml methanol
- 100 ml acidified pure water

- 500 – 2500 ml sample volume

- 100 ml acidified pure water

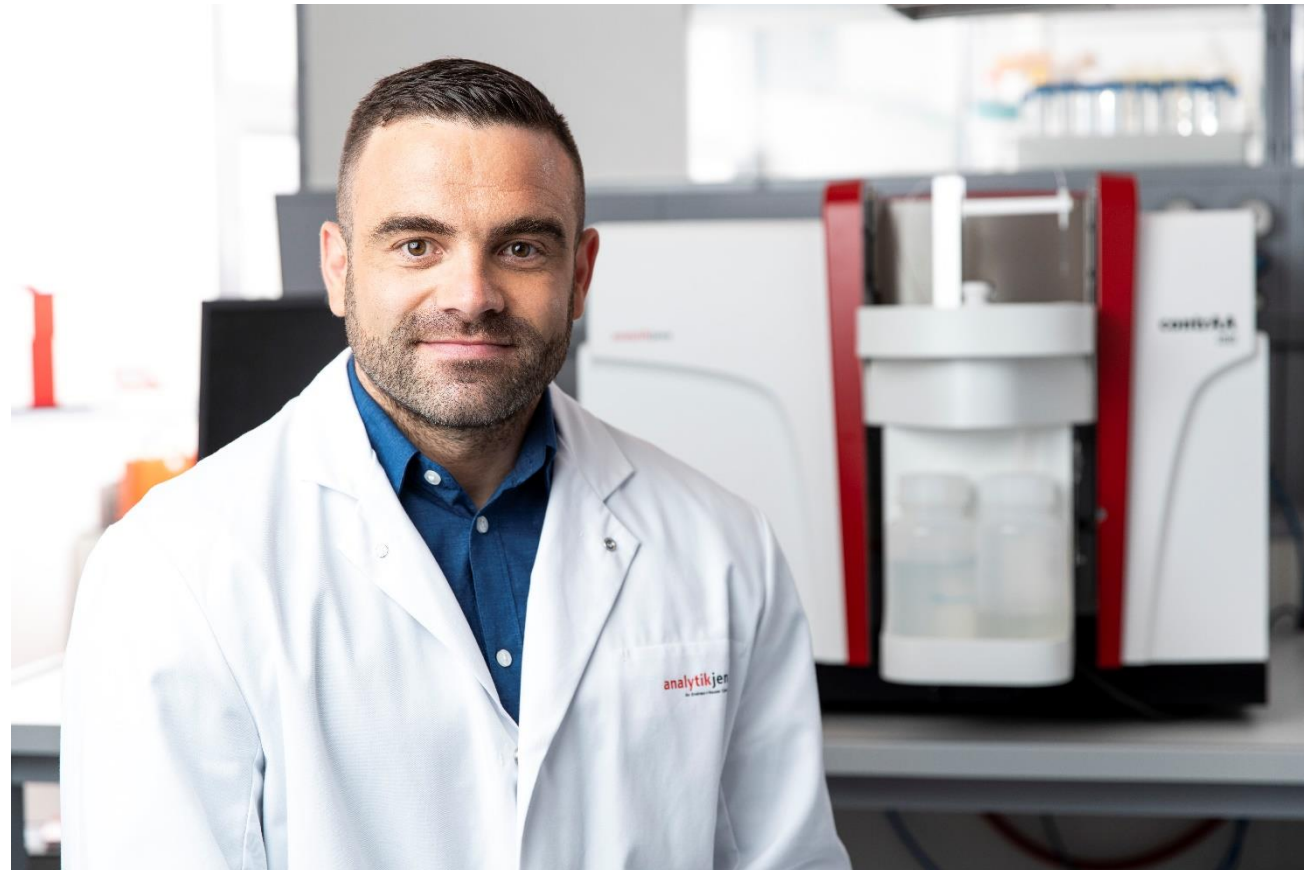
- 5 ml methanol
- 5 ml acidified pure water



Chromabond C18 cartridge

MAS- Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy

Fluorine analysis with High resolution – continuum source AAS (HR-CS-AAS) of contrAA series



MAS- Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy

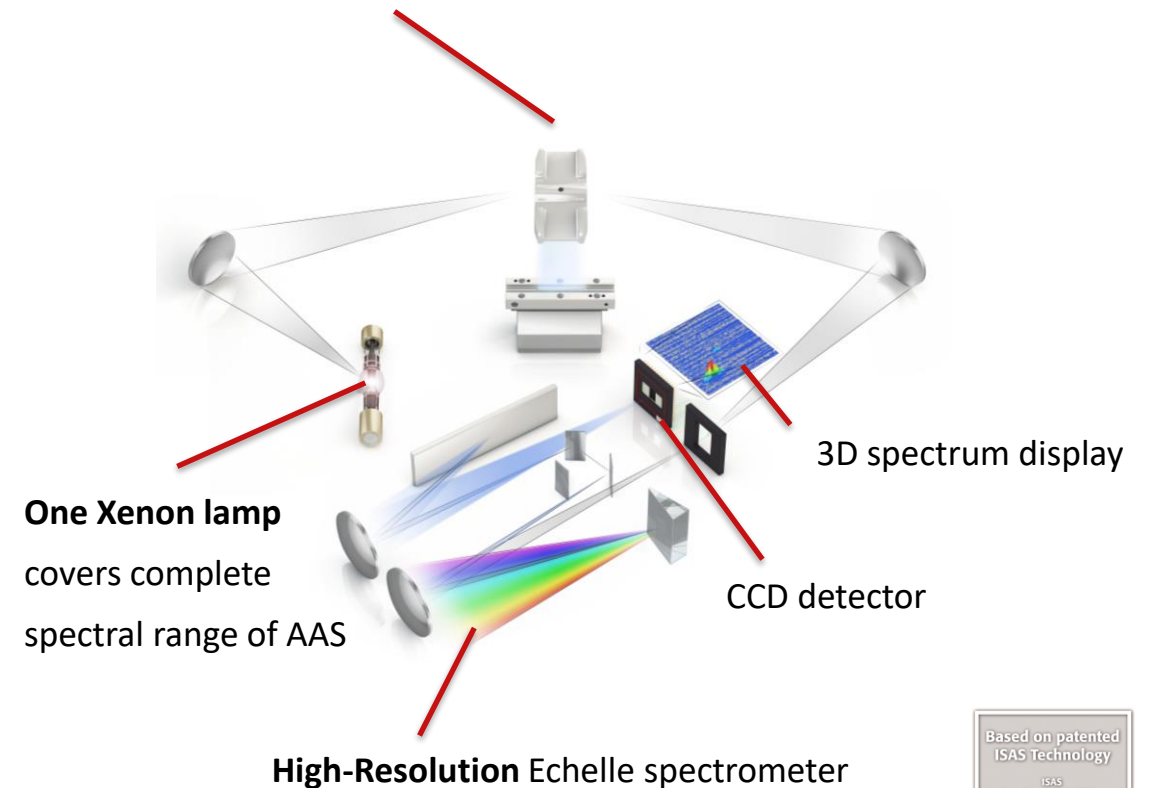
Fluorine analysis with High - Resolution Continuum Source AAS (HR-CS-AAS) of contrAA series



Benefits

- No element-specific components
- Any wavelength available – including molecules
- Fast sequential / simultaneous multi-element analysis
- Spectral background correction

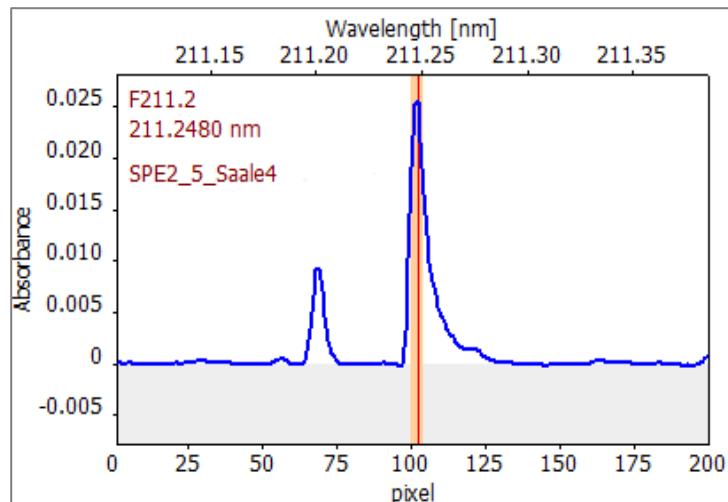
Flame or Graphite Furnace atomizer in Dual configuration available



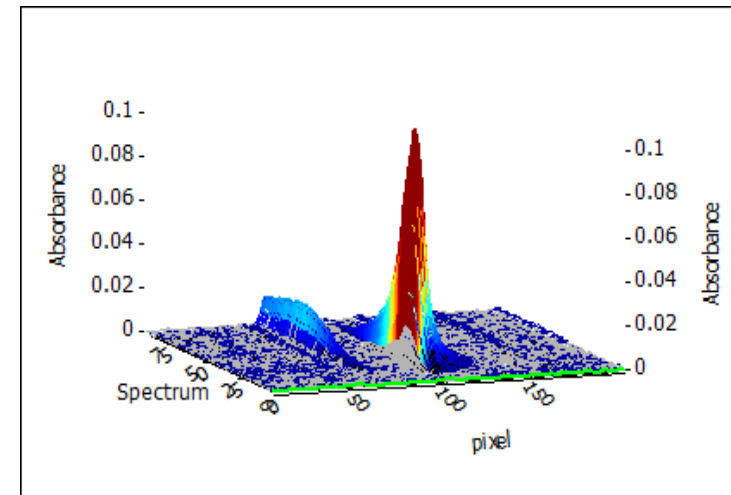
MAS- Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy

Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy for non-metals that cannot be detected by traditional AAS

- Quantitative determination of Fluorine with in-situ conversion into the molecule GaF or CaF
- Detection of molecule absorption line at 211.248 nm (GaF) or 606.440 nm (CaF) with contrAA 800



2D spectrum GaF



3D spectrum GaF

MAS- Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy

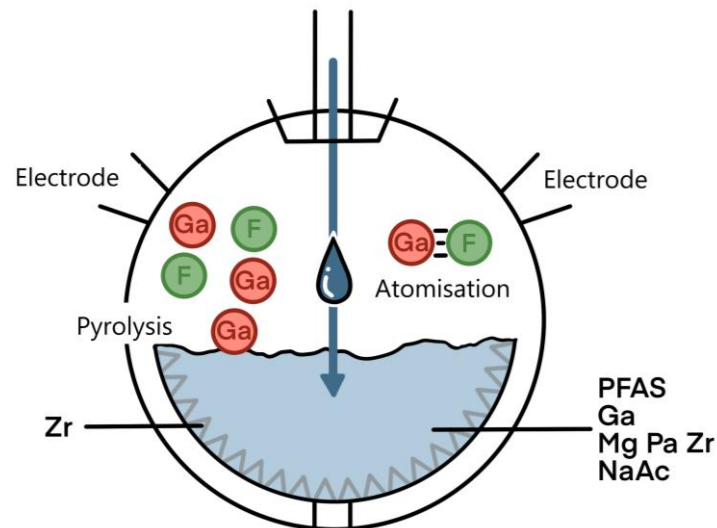
Automatic addition of all reagents with autosampler AS-GF:

- Graphite tubes were coated with zirconium (35 μL stock solution, six times)
- Conditioning of the tube using calcium solution (25 μL of 20 mg/L Ca solution) and Pd/ Mg/Zr modifier (15 μL)
- Automated adding of modifier (Pd/Mg/Zr) and reagent Gallium - stock solution



Autosampler AS-GF

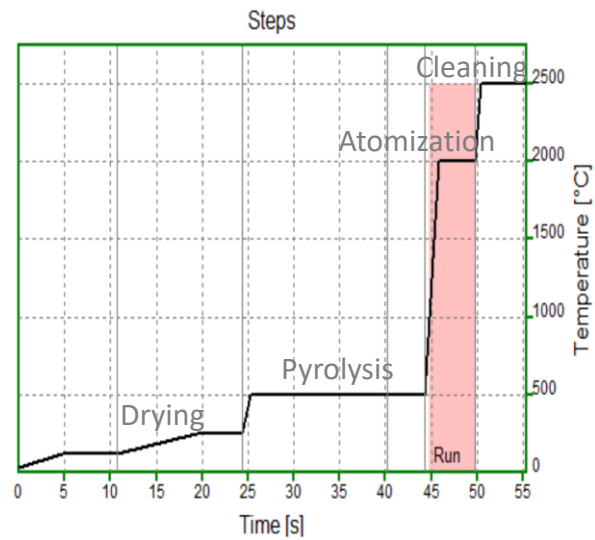
Parameter	Spezifikation
Device	contrAA800 G/D
Tube type	PIN platform
Autosampler	AS-GF
Injected volume	4-20 μL (standards), 20 μL (sample)
Rinsing solution	2% HNO_3 , 0.05% TritonX-100



Number of evaluation pixels	Measuring time [s]	Modifier	Reagent	Baseline correction
5	6	3 μL Pd/Mg/Zr	9 μL Ga solution	IBC

MAS- Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy

- Fully automated analysis steps and furnace program for the detection of GaF



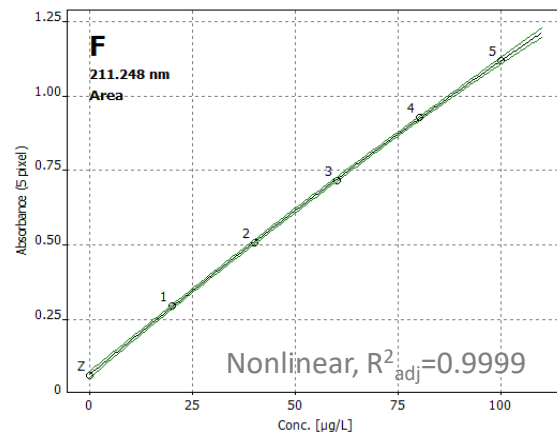
Step	Name	Temp (°C)	Ramp (°C/s)	Hold (s)	Gas purge
1	Drying	65	4	5	Max.
2	Drying	80	5	25	Max.
3	Drying	90	5	20	Max.
4	Drying	110	5	10	Max.
5	Pyrolysis	700	50	10	Max.
6	Gas adaption	700	0	5	Stop
7	Atomize	1500	1500	6	Stop
8	Clean	2450	500	5	Max.

Furnace program

MAS- Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy

Calibration

- Pre-mixed an organic F from Standard stock solutions (100 µg/L and 200 µg/L) in 0.5% HNO₃
- Calibration curve F (as GaF molecule)



Calibration: 0-100 µg/L F
Detection limit: 0.3 µg/L

Standard	Concentration of the stock solution [µg/L]	Volume of stock solution [µL]	Analyte concentration [µg/L]
Cal. std. 0	-	0	0
Cal. std. 1	100	4*	20
Cal. std. 2	100	8*	40
Cal. std. 3	100	12*	60
Cal. std. 4	100	16*	80
Cal. std. 5	100	20*	100
Cal. std. 6	200	12**	120
Cal. std. 7	200	16**	160
Cal. std. 8	200	20**	200

EOF in Surface Water



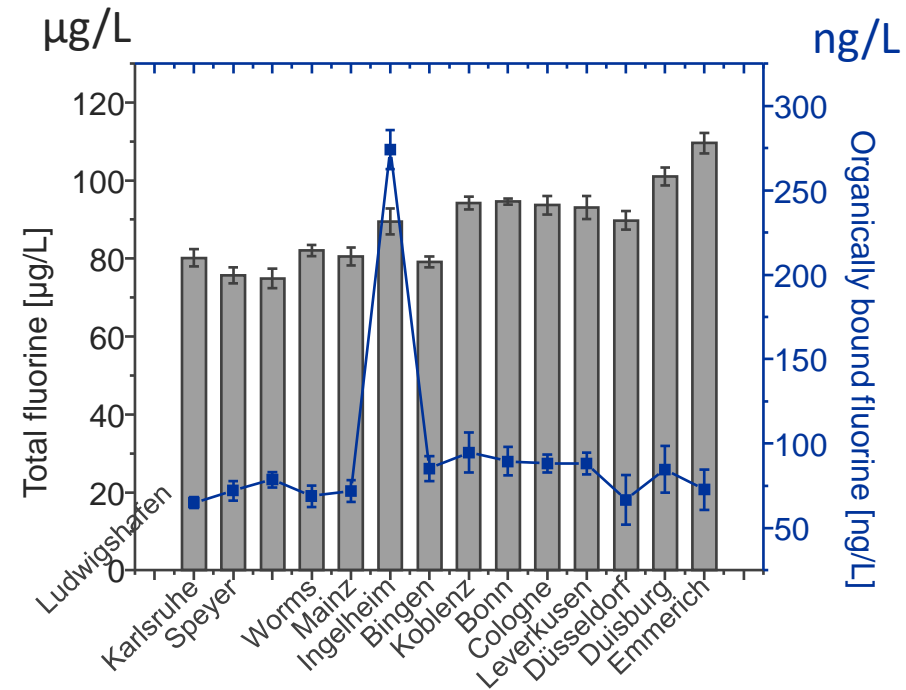
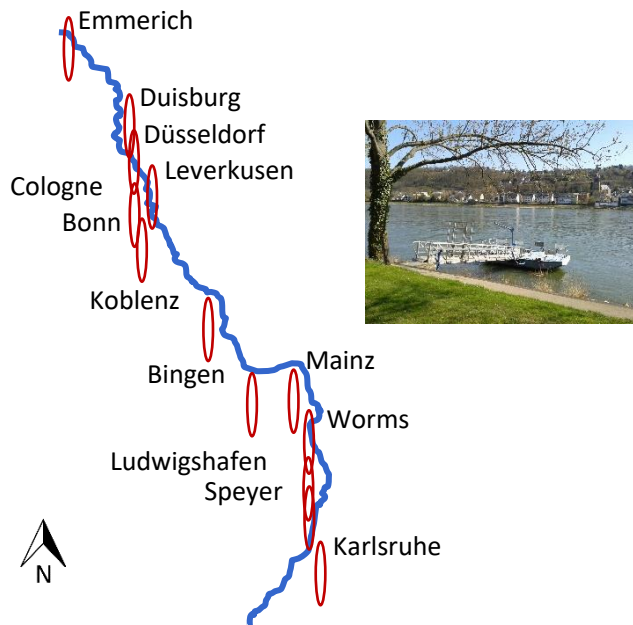
EOF in Surface Water

Sample date	Enrichment factor	Measured value [µg/L] F ⁻	RSD [%]	EOF [ng/L]
Saale June,30,2020	250	42.59	2.9	170.4
Saale July,13,2020	250	43.62	4.7	174.5
Saale July,15,2020	150	24.04	3.6	160.2
White Elster Juli12,2020	250	60.76	2.6	243.0
Saarbach Juli12,2020	250	28.66	5.7	114.6

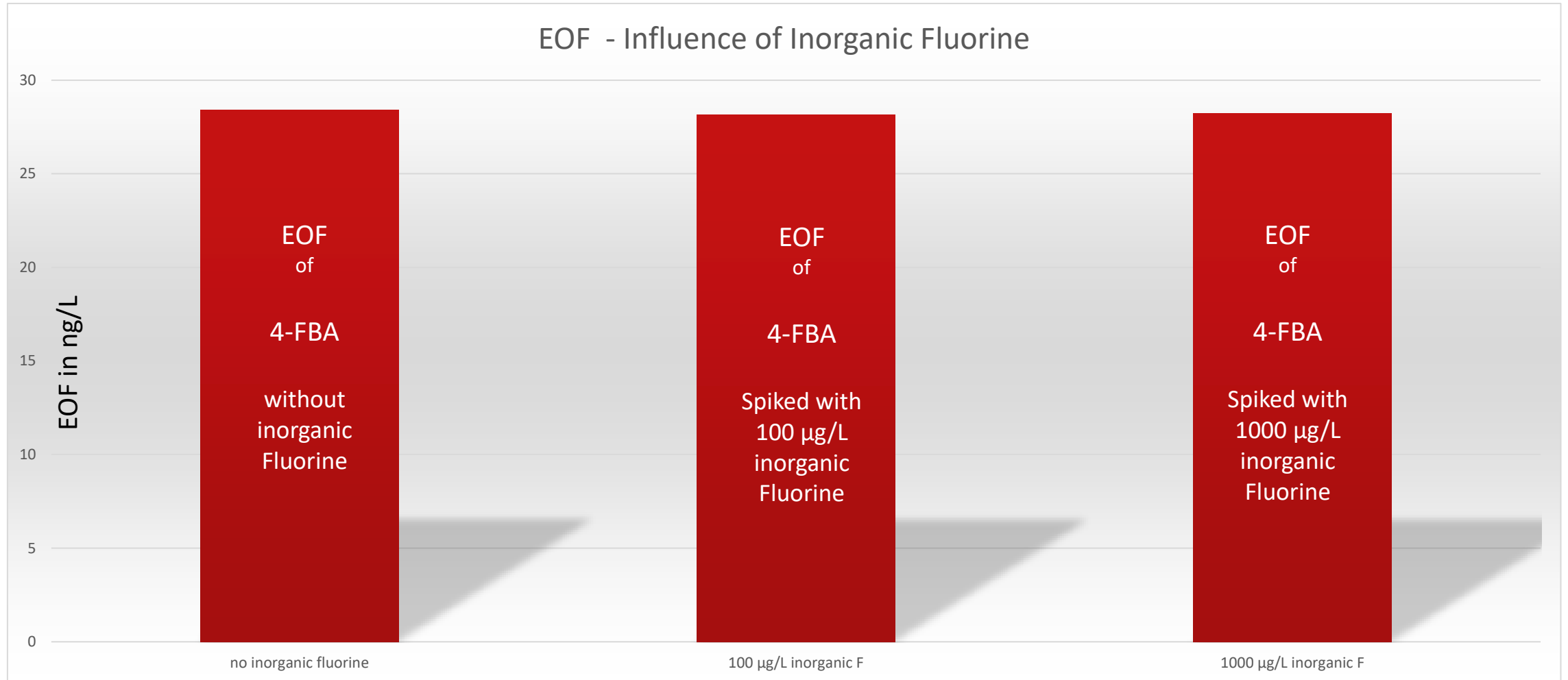


Organically bound fluorine (EOF) along the river Rhine

SPE enrichment factor EOF: x 500

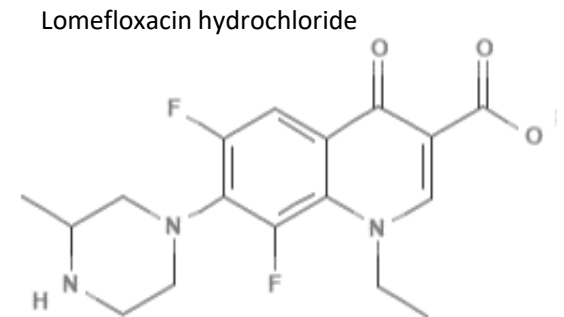
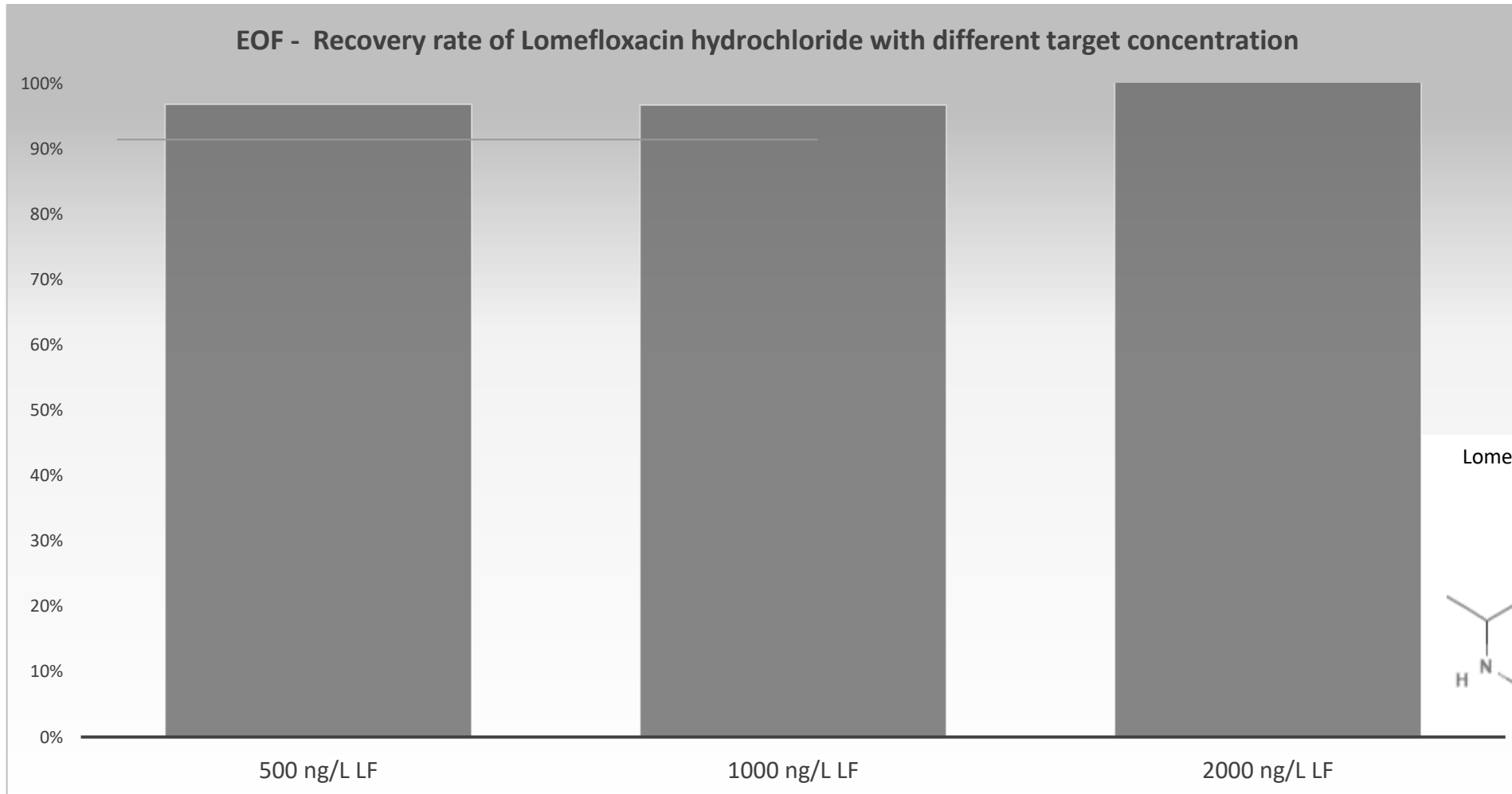


EOF – Influence of Inorganic Fluorine

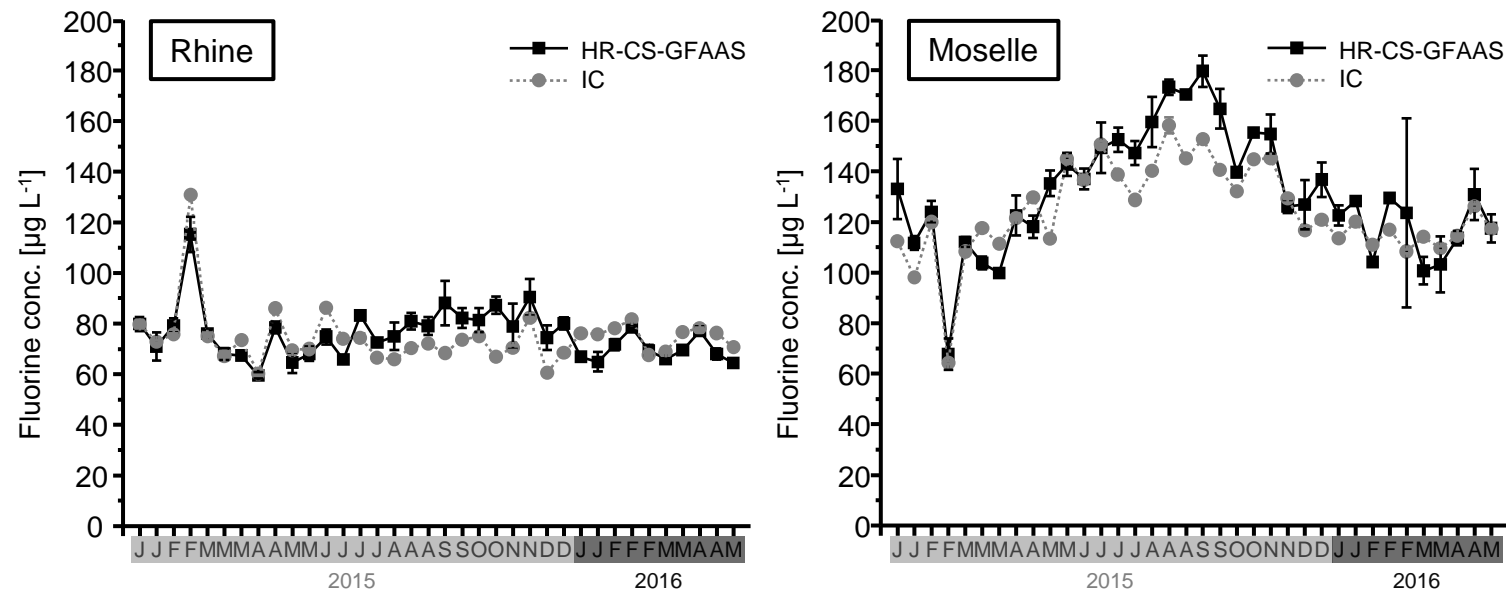


4-FBA = 4 - fluoro benzoic acid

EOF – Fluorinated Organic Standards



Total fluorine in rivers Rhine and Moselle HR-CS-GFMAS vs. IC



Ley P., Sturm M., Ternes T.A., Meermann B. *Anal. Bioanal. Chem.* **2017**, 409, 6949-6958.

EOF in Sewage Sludge and Soil



Enrichment by Extraction

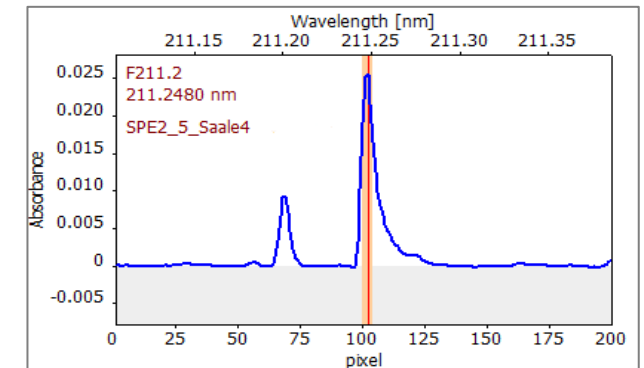
Detection

MAS (Molecular Absorption Spectroscopy)
Using Graphite Furnace-AAS contrAA 800

- Extraction solution: acetic acid-methanol mixture
- Drying of the extract
- Resuspension in methanol-water mixture



contrAA 800 with Xenon lamp
as continuum light source



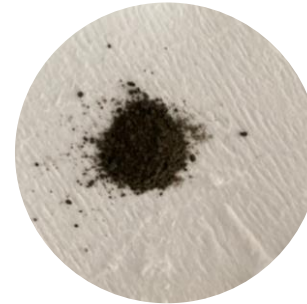
Quantitative Determination of
Fluorine as GaF

EOF in Sewage Sludge and Soil

- Extraction as sample preparation

Parameter	Specification
Sample weight	ca. 1 g
Extraction solution	5 mL of 0.5% acetic acid in methanol
Ultrasound bath, extraction step	10 min
Centrifugation, extraction step	10 min at 4,500 rcf
Repetition of the extraction step	3 times

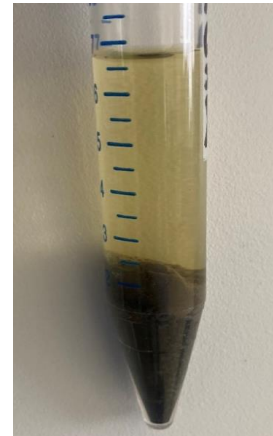
Sewage Sludge 1



Sewage Sludge 2



Soil



EOF in Sewage Sludge and Soil

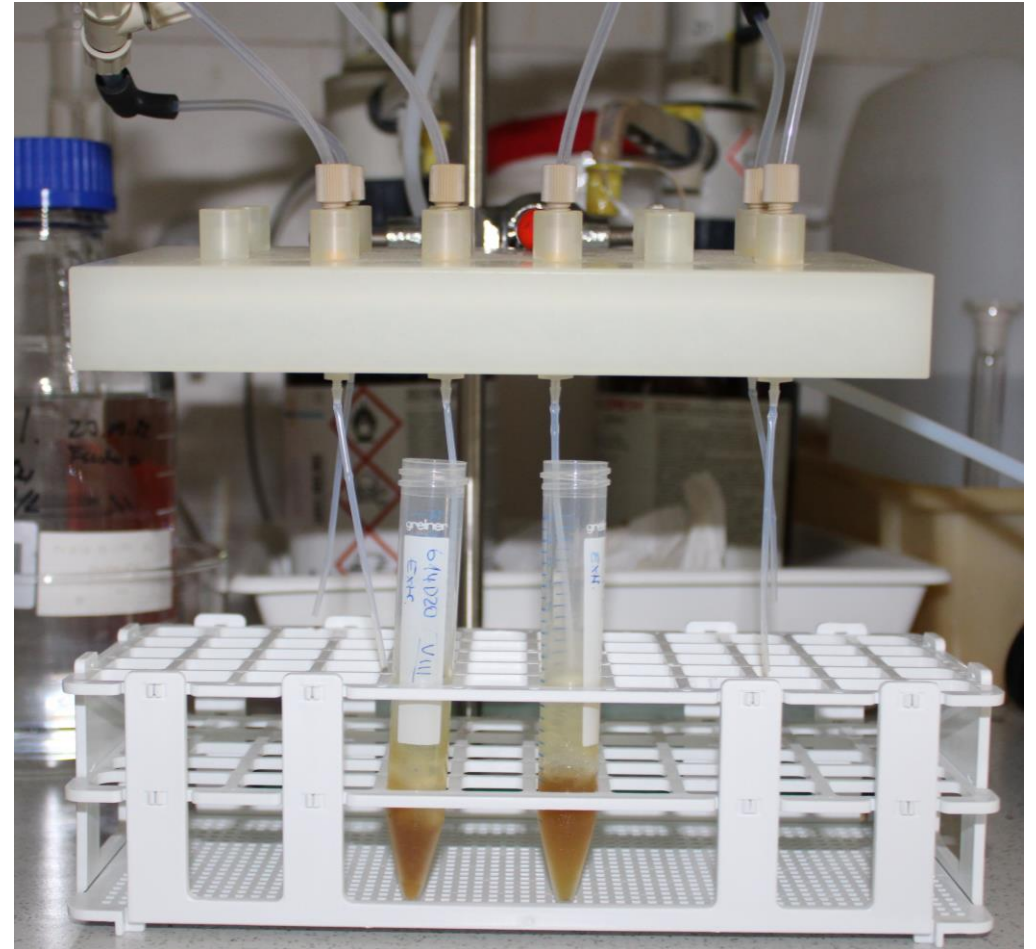
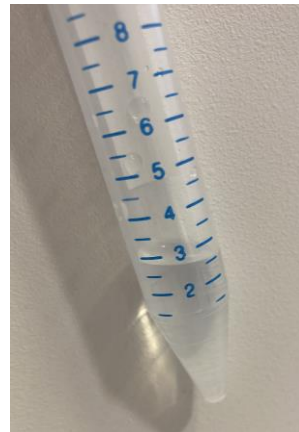
- Extraction as sample preparation

Extract drying	Complete evaporation under Ar stream
Resuspension solution	2 mL of methanol-water mixture 1:1 (v:v)

Sewage Sludge 1

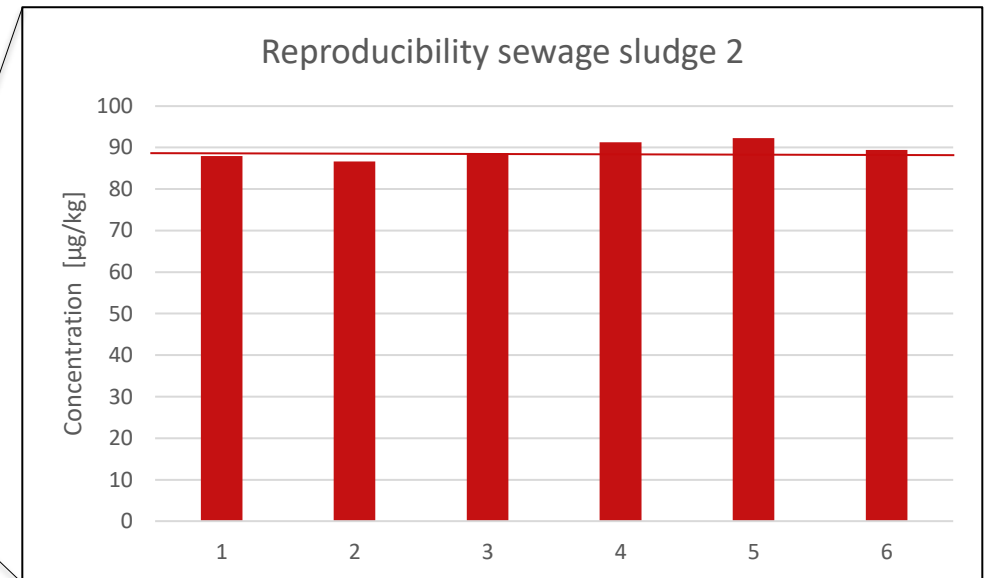


Soil



EOF in Sewage Sludge and Soil

Sample	Sample weighing [mg]	Meas. value [$\mu\text{g/l}$]	Sample concentration [$\mu\text{g/kg}$]
Sewage sludge 1	1337.8	68.23	102.0
Sewage sludge 2	1010.3	43.77	86.65
Soil sample	1005.3	6.282	18.75



RSD = (2.14 %)

Thank You Very Much for Your Attention

