

FluoroMatch Flow: An Open Source HRMS PFAS Annotation Tool

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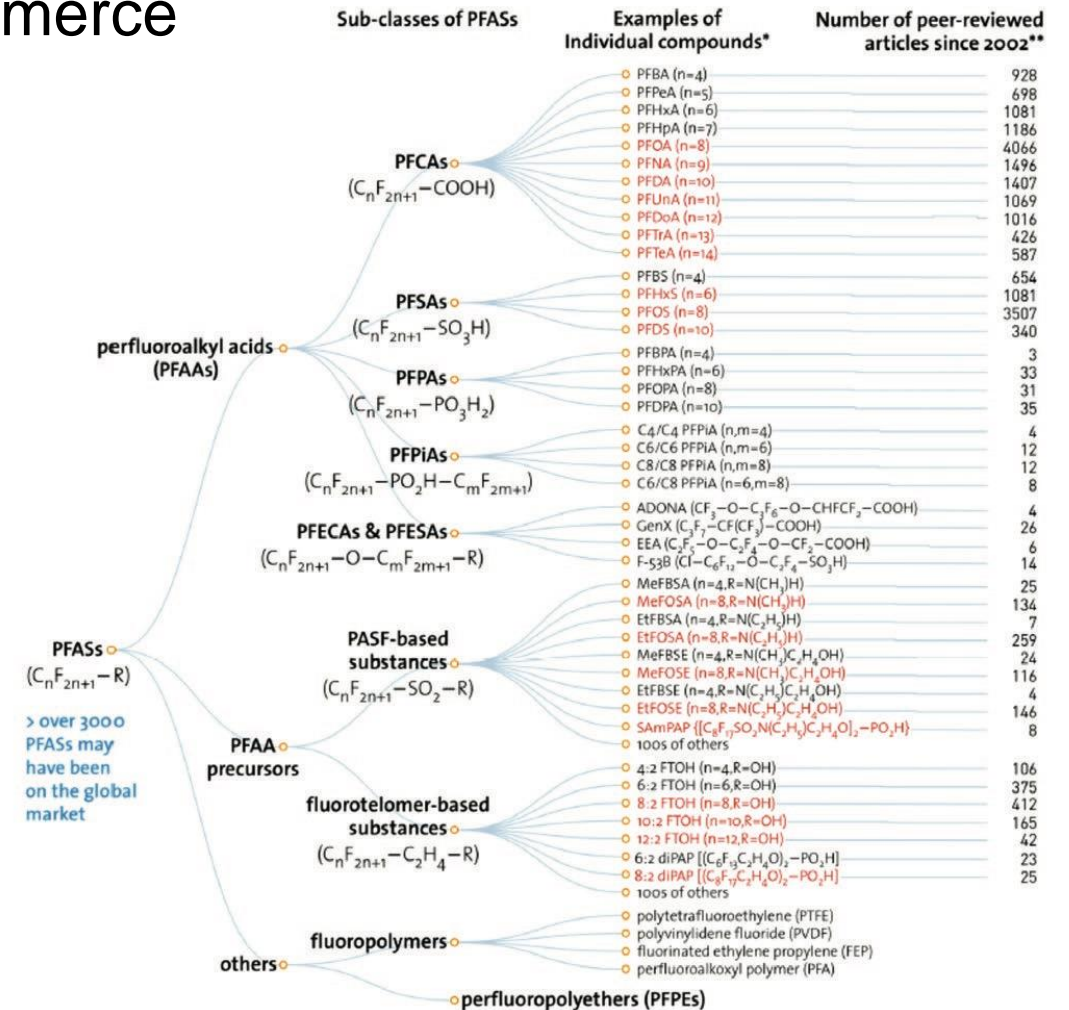


PFAS Classifications and Terminology

EEA reports >4700 PFAS compounds in commerce

Common Acronyms

PFCA	Perfluoroalkylcarboxylic acid
PFOA	Perfluorooctanecarboxylic acid
PFAS	Perfluoroalkylsulfonate
PFOS	Perfluorooctanesulfonate
PFASi	Perfluoroalkylsulfinate
FOSA	Perfluorooctanesulfonamide
FOSAA	Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid
FOSE	Perfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol
FTOH	Fluorinated telomer alcohol (-OH functional group)
FTA	Fluorinated telomer acid
FTUA	Fluorinated telomer unsaturated acid
FTS	Fluorinated telomer sulfonate
PFAPA	Perfluoroalkylphosphonic acid
PFPi	Perfluoroalkylphosphinate
PAP	Mono-substituted polyfluoroalkylphosphate ester
diPAP	Di-substituted polyfluoroalkylphosphate ester
PFAl	Perfluoroalkyl iodide
SFA	Semifluorinated alkane
FTI	Fluorinated telomer iodide
FTO	Fluorinated telomer olefin
FTAC	Fluorinated telomer acrylate



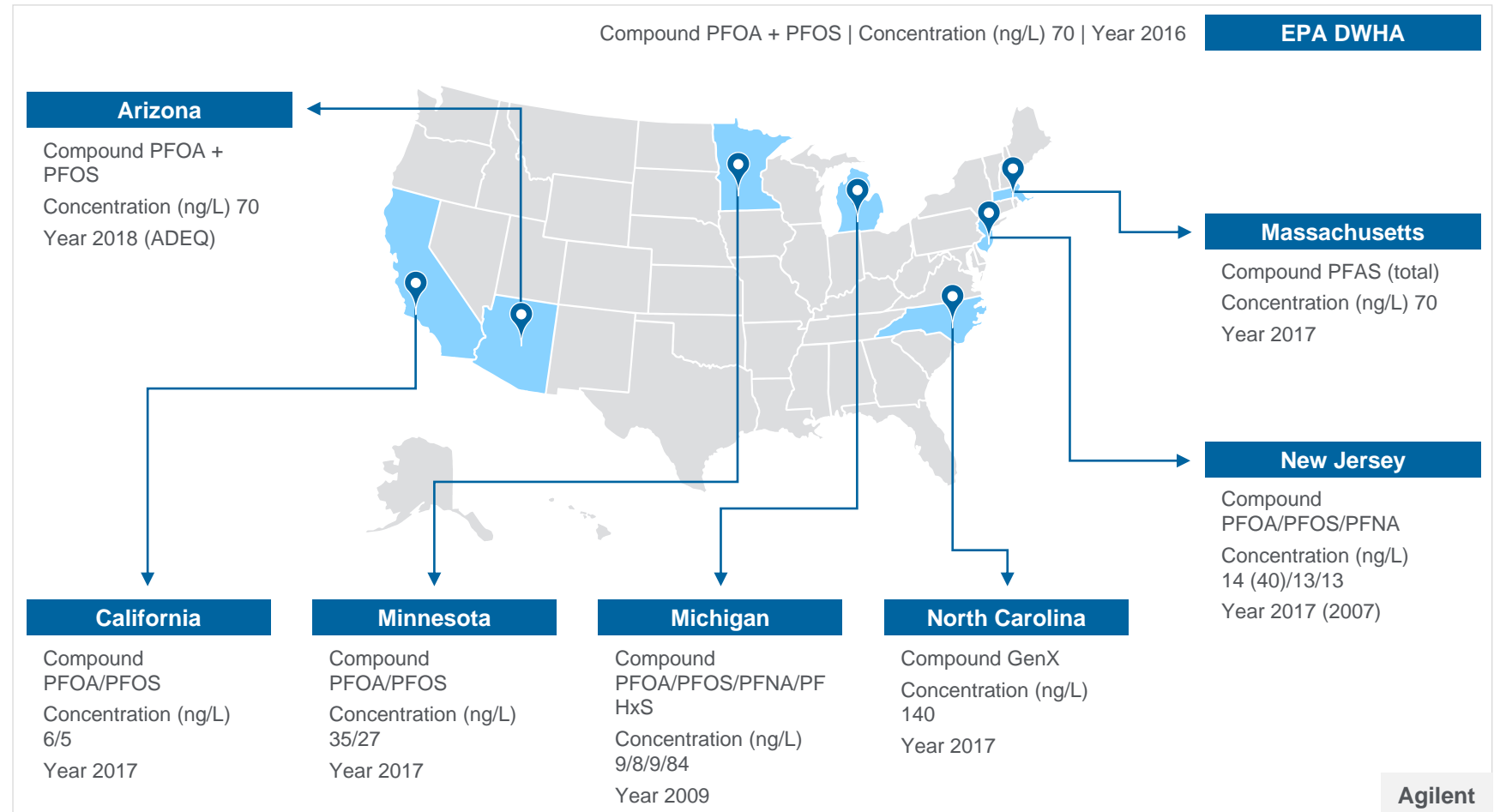
Wang, Z et al. (2017). *Environ. Sci. Technol.* 51, 2508-2518.
EEA: European Environmental Agency

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) in Drinking Water

PFAS regulation state-by-state – Numerical Limits

According to the Environmental Working Group, an advocacy group that tracks pollution and supports tougher standards:

- PFAS contamination has been found in at least 172 sites in 40 states
- More than 1,500 drinking water systems serving 110 Million people may be contaminated with perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)



Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Recently Proposed Regulation for PFAS in Drinking Water and the Environment.

March 2021, the EPA issued a final regulatory determination to regulate perfluorooctanoic acid (**PFOA**) and perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (**PFOS**) as contaminants under **Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)**.

March 29, 2023: The EPA proposed individual maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) of **4.0 ng/L or ppt** for **PFOA** and **PFOS**. EPA also proposed to use a Hazard Index (HI) approach to protecting public health from mixtures of **PFHxS, HFPO-DA and its ammonium salt, PFNA, and PFBS** because of their known and additive toxic effects and occurrence and likely co-occurrence in drinking water.

On April 13, the EPA proposed regulating seven PFAS, besides PFOA and PFOS, and their salts and structural isomers must be tested for all wastewater discharges, in soil and sediment for any construction, land permitting or infrastructure projects:

1. Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (**PFBS**)
2. Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (**PFHxS**)
3. Perfluorononanoic acid (**PFNA**),
4. Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (**HFPO-DA**, sometimes called GenX)
5. Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)
6. Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA)
7. Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA)

<https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2023/03/29/2023-05471/pfas-national-primary-drinking-water-regulation-rulemaking>

<https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2023/04/13/2023-07535/addressing-pfas-in-the-environment>

International Trend Is to Implement PFAS Regulation

Influence of exposure to perfluoroalkyl substances ...

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0160412017314952>

Apr 01, 2018 · Regulation of PFASs in the US and Europe began earlier than in Asia; PFASs have been used with no regulation until recently in Korea (Webster, 2010). According to the international trend of PFAS regulation, we anticipate that PFAS exposure among people in Korea increased from the 1970s to the early 2000s, reaching a plateau around the mid 2000s, and then declined during the early 2010s.

Cited by: 46 Author: Sung-Hee Seo, Min-Hui Son, Sung-Deuk Ch...

Publish Year: 2018



PFAS in biosolids: A review of international regulations

Insights into global PFAS management and the Australian context



by Water Source — 03/03/2021 in Technical Papers, Public Health



28 min read

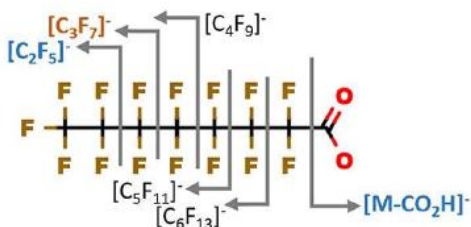
H Hall, D Moodie, C Vero.

First published in *Water e-Journal* Vol 5 No 4 2020.

- Sung-Hee Seo et al., Influence of exposure to perfluoroalkyl substances (PFASs) on the Korean general population: 10-year trend and health effects, *Environment International*, V. 113, 2018, Pages 149-161, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envint.2018.01.025>.
- <https://watersource.awa.asn.au/publications/technical-papers/pfas-in-biosolids-a-review-of-international-regulations/>

FluoroMatch Flow for Non-Targeted PFAS Annotation

>4700 Per/Polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) compounds in commerce!*



Generate MS/MS spectra based on fragmentation rules or simply use the default 7000+ MS/MS spectra for annotation and processing of your nontargeted PFAS LC/Q-TOF data.

FluoroMatch Flow simplifies the process with **drag-and-drop simplicity**. Import the correctly named files into FluoroMatch Flow, select an output directory, and click Run. The software performs **file conversion, peak picking, blank filtering, identification, and combining positive and negative mode data**.

FluoroMatch Generator can be used to generate **MS/MS spectra based on class/type specific fragmentation rules** and **SMILES strings** indicating repeating units.

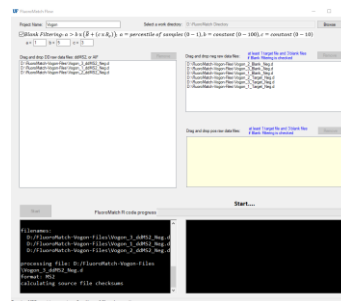
Workflow

Separate & Detect



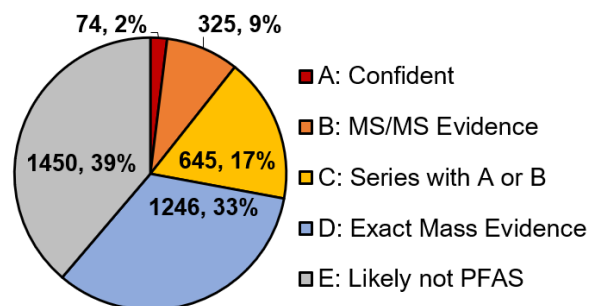
MassHunter **ESI negative LC/Q-TOF** data files can be dragged-and-dropped into FluoroMatch Flow.

FluoroMatch Flow



Simply follow the software's progress in the command-line interface boxes.

Automated Annotation



Thousands of PFAS automatically detected in aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) using an Agilent 6540 LC/Q-TOF.



Advantages

- Screen 7000+ PFAS across 70+ subclasses.
- Automated – requires only a few clicks.
- FluoroMatch Flow automatically integrates retention time, mass, and fragmentation for confident PFAS annotation/identification.
- Generate predictive libraries based on fragmentation rules optimized on Agilent hardware.

- Future FluoroMatch projects to integrated ion mobility and GC/MS data.
- Future FluoroMatch Generator project to generate *in silico* libraries with predicted retention times.

*<https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/emerging-chemical-risks-in-europe>

<https://comptox.epa.gov/dashboard/chemical-lists/pfasmaster>

<http://innovativeomics.com/software/fluoromatch-flow-covers-entire-pfas-workflow/>

Confident PFAS Annotation Requires RT, MS, and MS/MS

MS/MS

fragment screening
(777 fragments)

class-based MS/MS
(70 classes,
6,879 species)

***in-silico* MS/MS**
EPA: 2,589 species

RT

homologous Series
(RT, MS)

MS

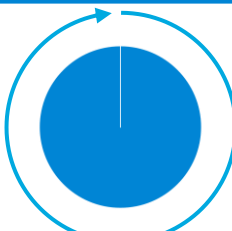
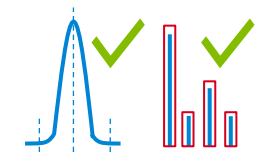

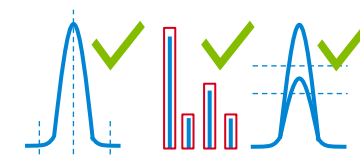

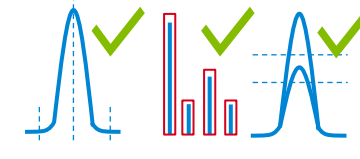

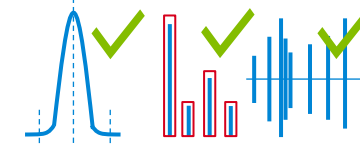
exact mass
library hit (MS)

mass defect (MS)

**Annotation
Confidence**

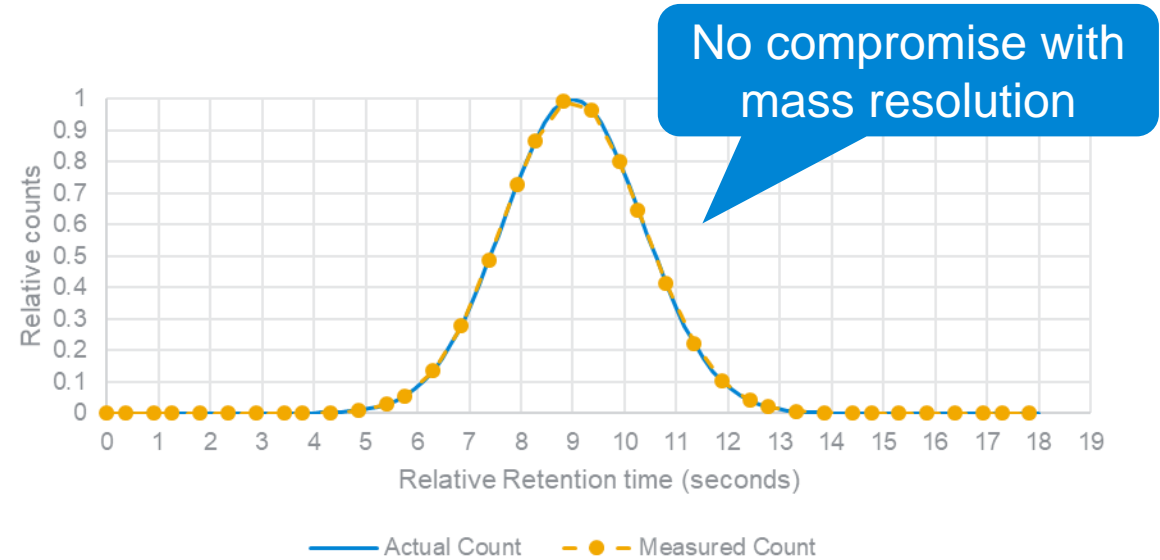
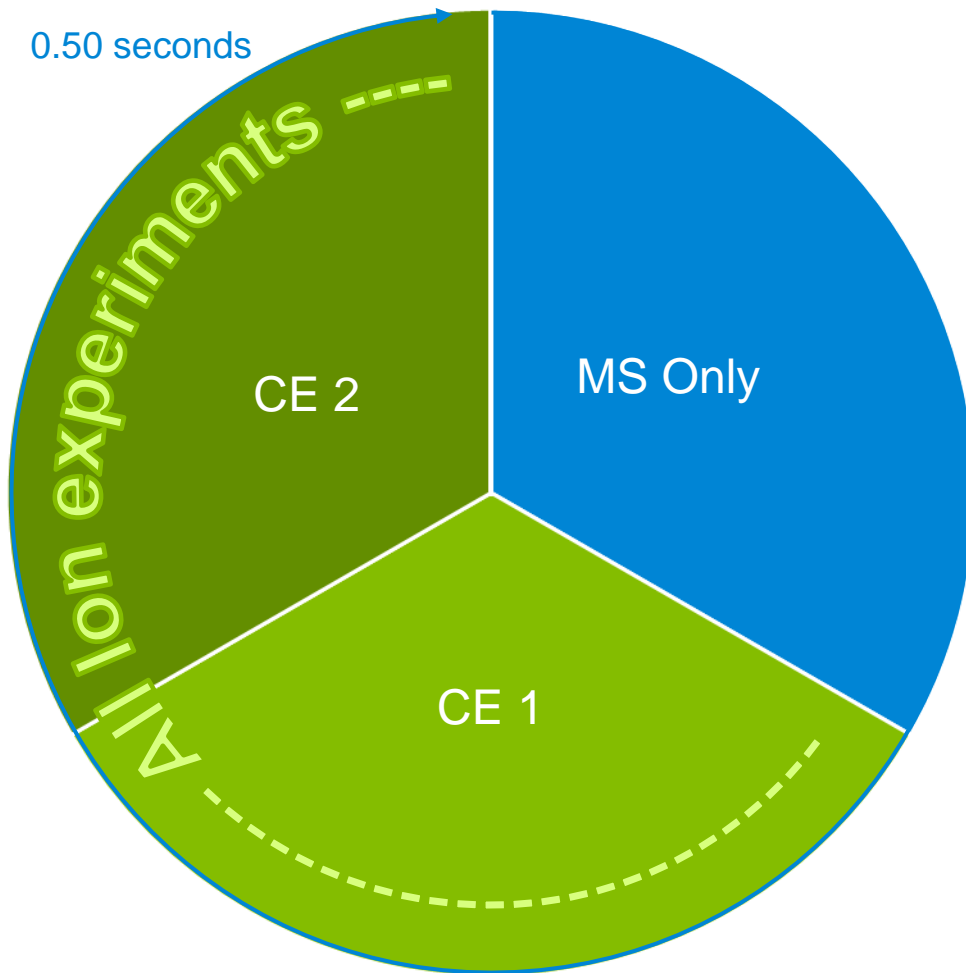
Agilent's Q-TOF Data Acquisition Strategies

Balance between sensitivity and fragment confirmation quality

Acquisition Mode	Cycle distribution	Acquisition rate	Cycle time (seconds)	Data points per 6 s peak	Mass Resolution	DA Workflow
MS Only		2 Hertz	0.50	12	<p>>30,000 FWHM at m/z 118 and >60,000 FWHM at m/z 2,722 of spectral peak, with all instrument parameters set by autotune</p>	
All Ions		6 Hz for MS 6 Hz for All Ions	0.50	12		
Q-RAI		8 Hz for MS 24 Hz for Q-RAI segments	0.49	12		
Auto MS/MS		8 Hz for MS 16 Hz for MS/MS	0.54	11		

Data Acquisition Strategies

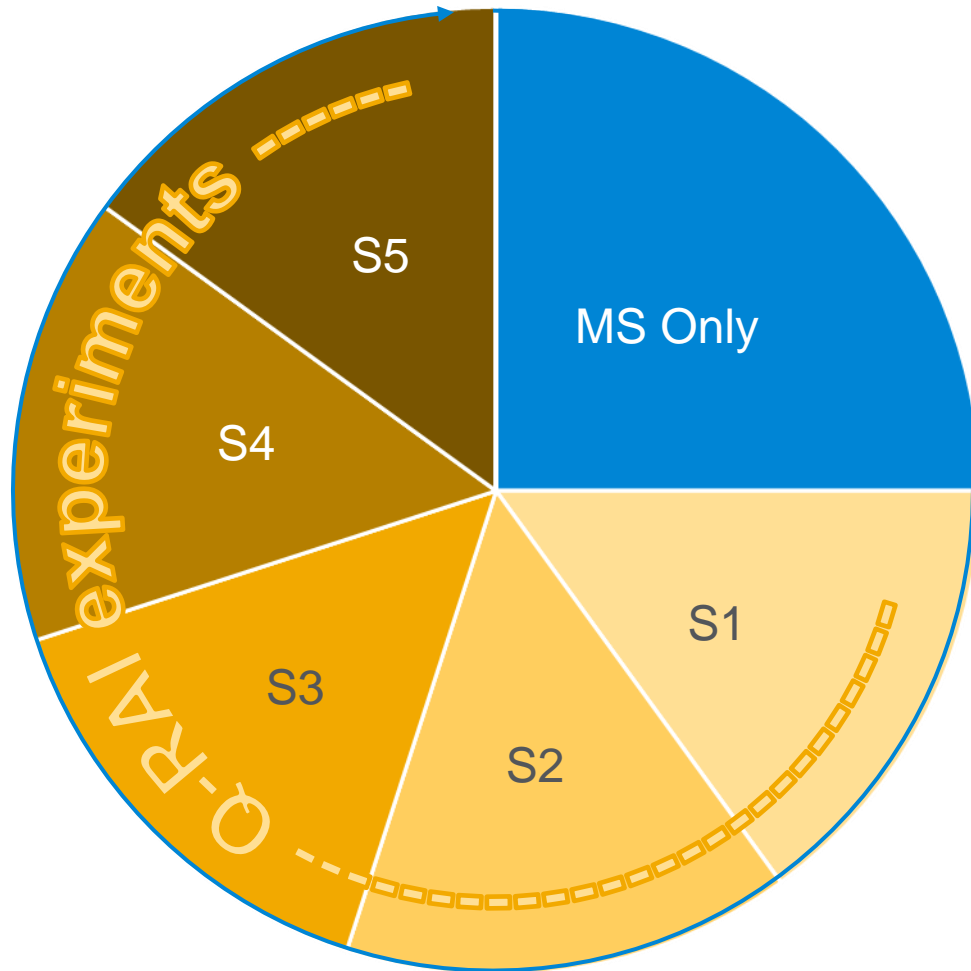
All Ions instrument cycle time



Parameter	Unit	Value
Typical chromatographic peak width	(seconds)	6
Number of CEs	(CEs)	3
MS acquisition rate	(spectra/sec)	6
Calculated cycle time	(seconds)	0.50
Data points per peak		12.0

Data Acquisition Strategies

Q-RAI instrument cycle time

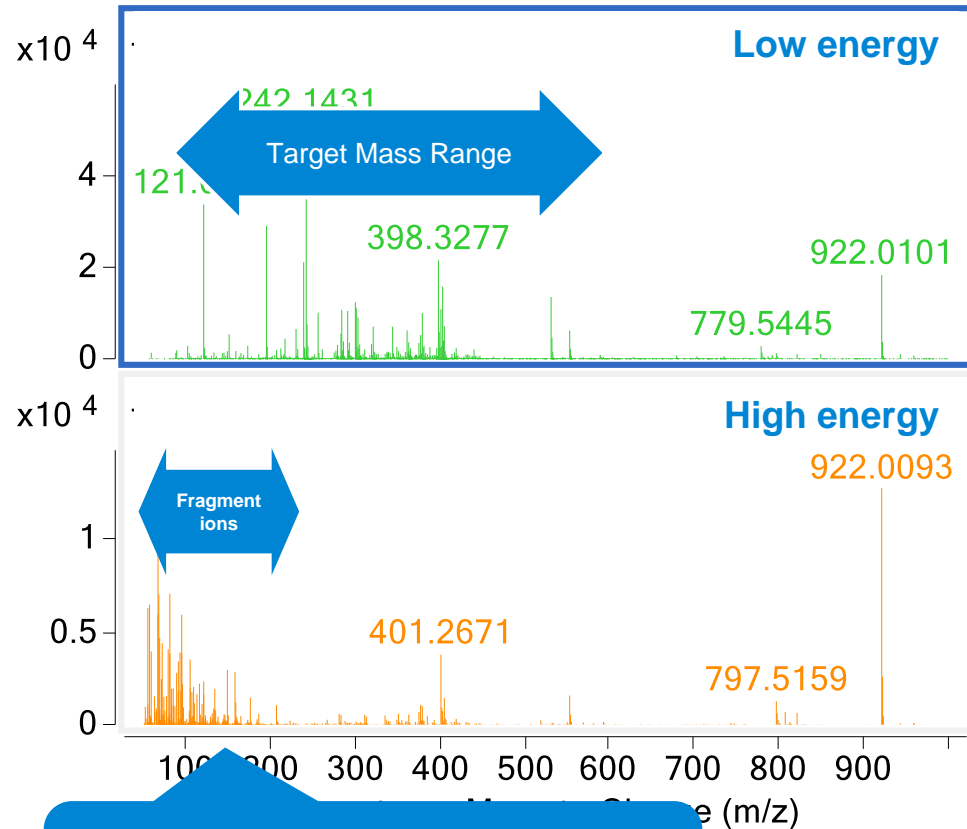


Parameter	Unit	Value
Typical chromatographic peak width	(seconds)	6
Number of Q-RAI segments	(segments)	5
MS acquisition rate	(spectra/sec)	8
MS/MS acquisition rate	(spectra/sec)	24
Calculated cycle time	(seconds)	0.49
Data points per peak width		12

Q-RAI = Quadrupole Resolved All Ions

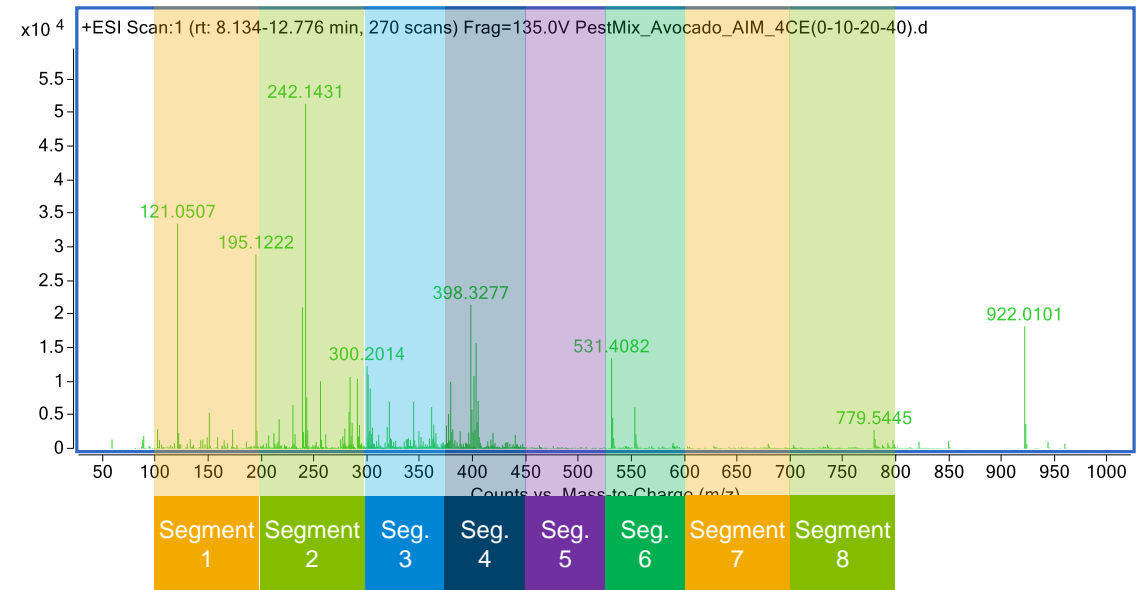
Data Acquisition Strategies

All Ions



Potential interfering noise in low m/z region

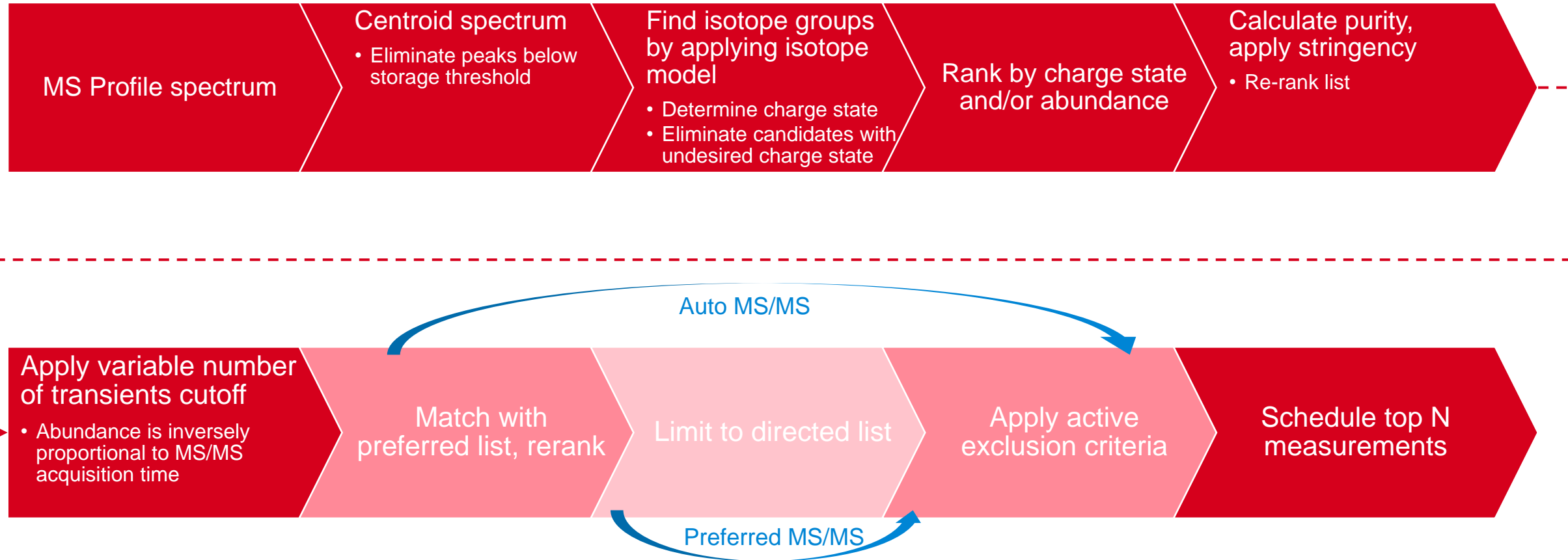
Quadrupole Resolved All Ions (Q-RAI)



Quadrupole filtering of wide bands to reduce complexity of the fragment spectra.

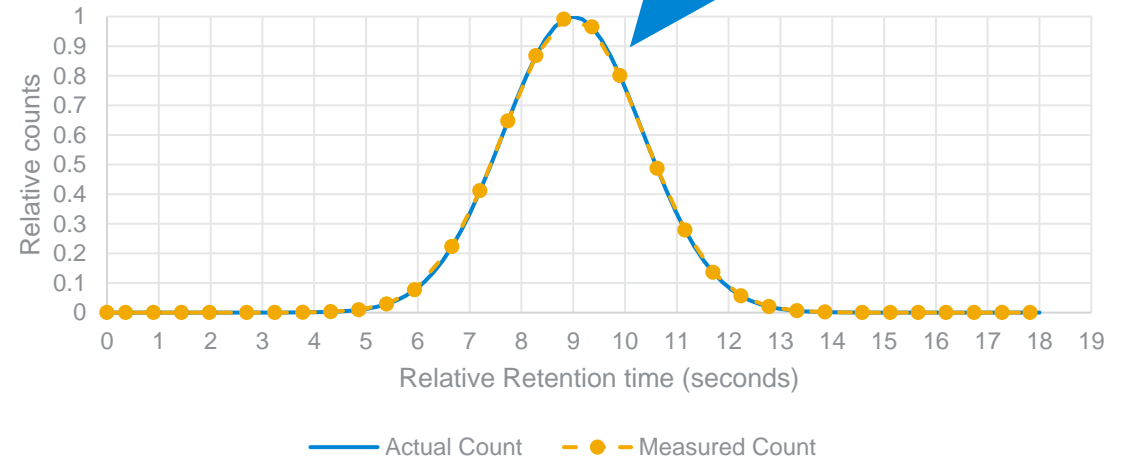
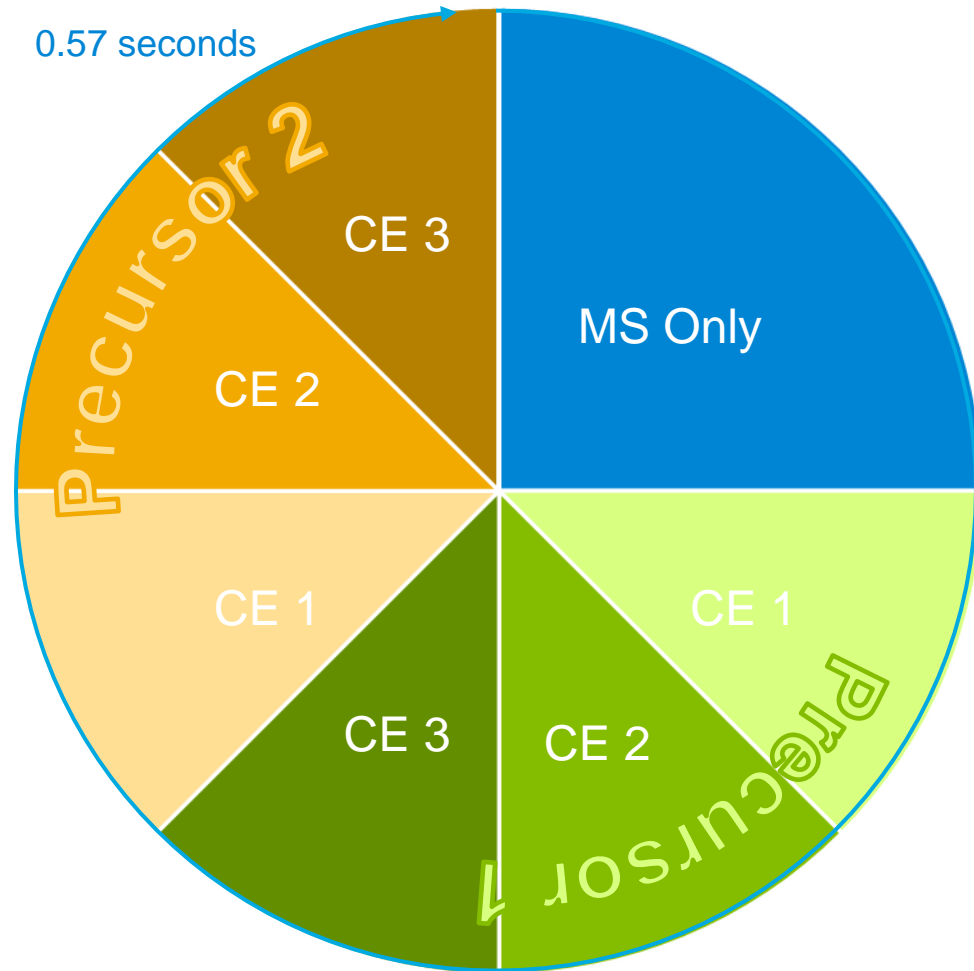
Data Acquisition Strategies

Auto MS/MS: What is it?



Data Acquisition Strategies

Auto MS/MS instrument cycle time

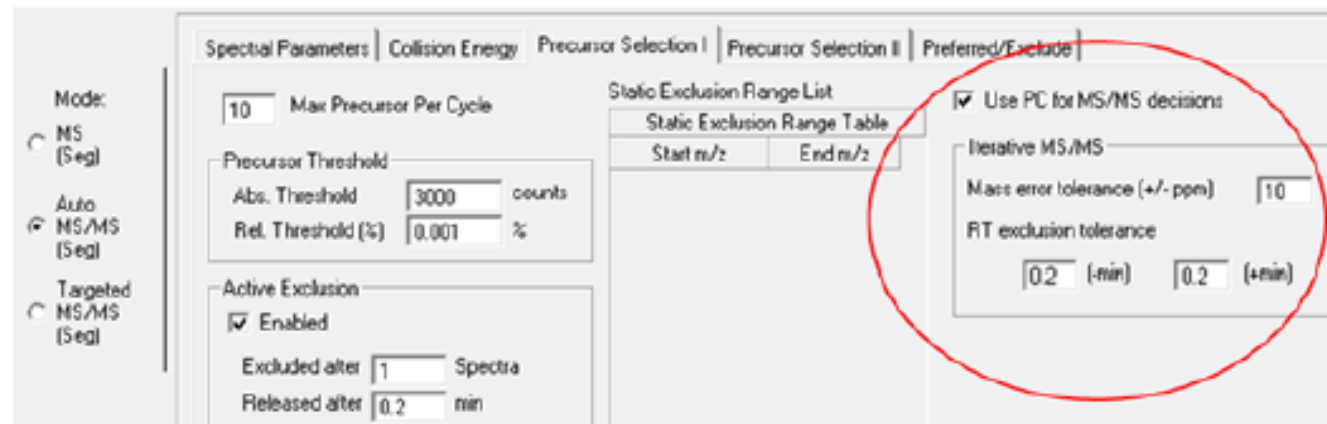


Parameter	Unit	Value
Typical chromatographic peak width	(seconds)	6
Number of MS/MS precursors	(Precursors)	2
Number of CE's/precursor	(CEs)	3
MS acquisition rate	(spectra/sec)	8
MS/MS acquisition rate	(spectra/sec)	16
Calculated cycle time	(seconds)	0.54
Data points per peak		11

Acquisition Modes Supported by FluoroMatch

Iterative MS/MS

To trigger Iterative MS/MS, you need to do two things. First setup parameters in LC-MS method, then trigger iterative method in worklist. You need to add the "Iterative" column to the worklist. By default, it is blank in the column. To trigger iterative, add the word "start" or "reset". Any word in the following rows will continue the precursor exclusion on a rolling basis. A blank row or standby script will put aside the exclusion list (i.e. not be used but also not clean up) until it meets another "start" or "reset".



Sample Name	Sample Position	Method	Data File	Sample Type	Inj Vol (µl)	Iterative
1	Blank	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	ms001.d	Sample	20	
2	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-out-001.d	Sample	3	
3	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-out-002.d	Sample	3	
4	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-out-003.d	Sample	3	
5	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-out-004.d	Sample	3	
6	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-iter-001.d	Sample	3	start
7	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-iter-002.d	Sample	3	iterative
8	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-15 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-15 min-iter-003.d	Sample	3	iterative
9	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-out-001.d	Sample	3	
10	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-out-002.d	Sample	3	
11	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-out-003.d	Sample	3	
12	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-iter-001.d	Sample	3	start
13	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-iter-002.d	Sample	3	iterative
14	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-iter-003.d	Sample	3	iterative
15	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-3ug-iter-001.d	Sample	10	
16	mAb s throat de-salt E Zupfl.	pept de-m app ng-30 min-400uL-6s.rn	20170913-mAb-untreated-30 min-3ug-iter-002.d	Sample	10	

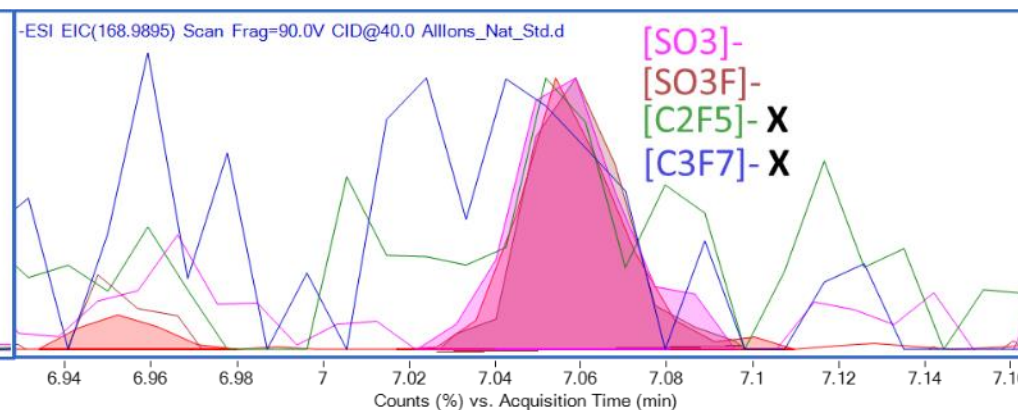
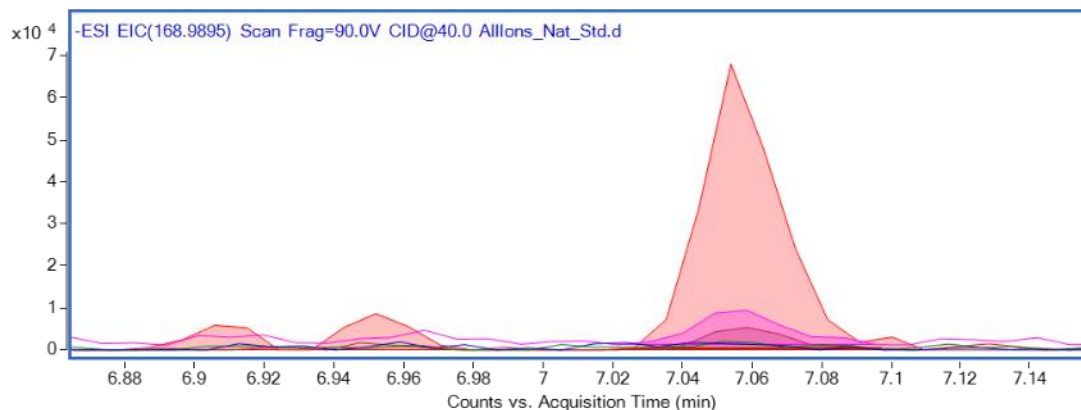
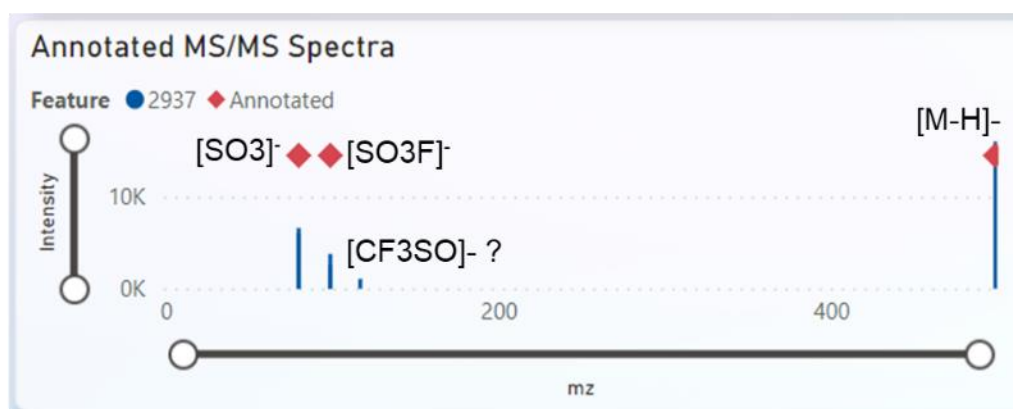
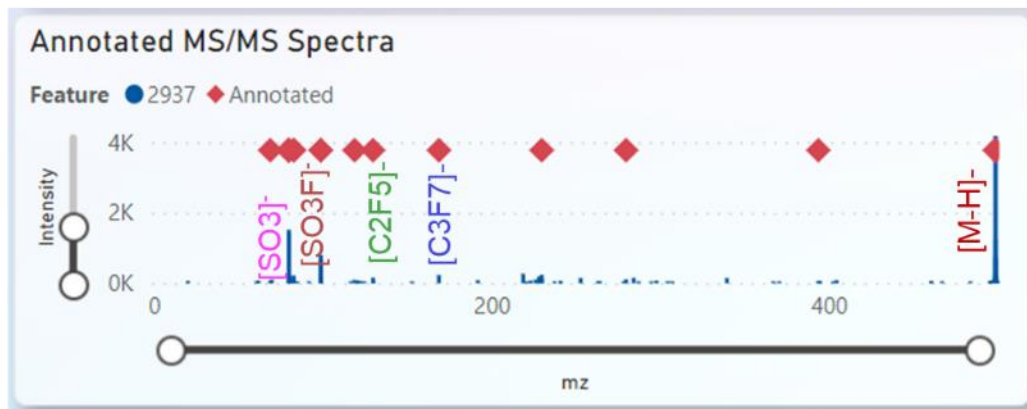
Acquisition Modes Supported by FluoroMatch

Auto MS/MS (Iterative MS/MS) and All Ions

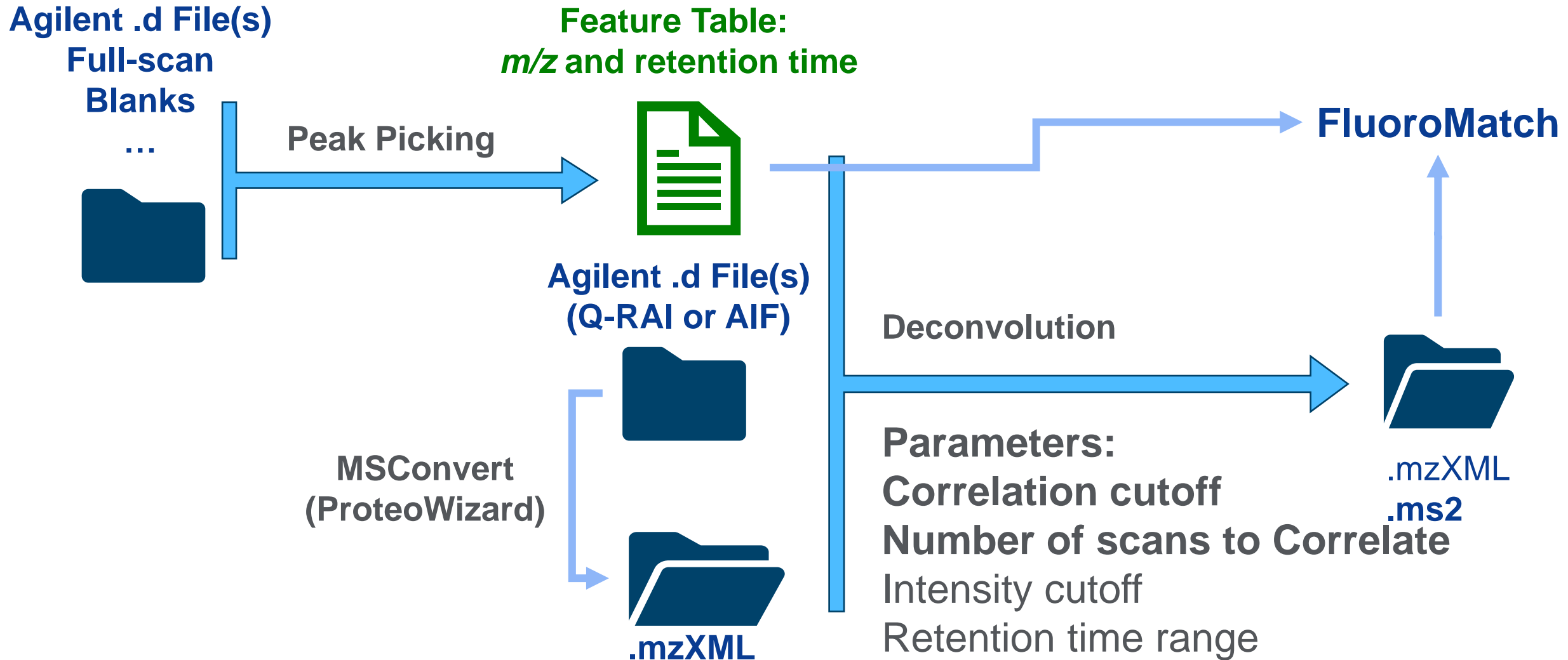
PFSA C8

DDA

All-Ions



Generic FluoroMatch User Workflow



FluoroMatch Flow (Dependent on MZmine for Peak Picking)

FluoroMatch Flow to Systematically Annotate PFAS Molecules

The screenshot shows the FluoroMatch Flow software interface. Key components and annotations include:

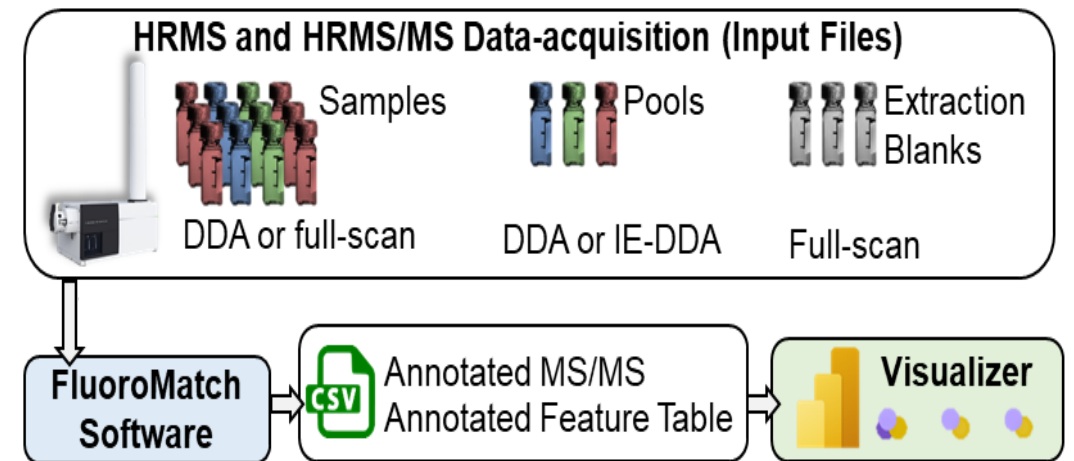
- Export Name:** A blue arrow points to the 'Project Name' input field.
- Output Directory:** A blue arrow points to the 'Directory for Exporting Results' input field.
- Optional blank filtering:** A blue arrow points to the 'Blank Filtering' checkbox and the associated mathematical formula: $a > b \times (\bar{B} + (c \times B_{\sigma}))$. Below this, input fields for $a = 1$, $b = 2$, and $c = 3$ are visible.
- File Upload Areas:** Three large blue boxes for file uploads are labeled: 'Drag MS/MS files (.d) (DDA, IE-DDA, targeted MS/MS)', 'Drag MS files (.d Neg Mode) (Blanks, QCs, Samples)', and 'Positive Mode Raw Files'.
- Parameters Section:** Includes 'Import csv Containing Peak List' with 'Pos' and 'Neg' input fields, 'Import Group Names', and a 'Log transform' checkbox. Below these are several numerical input fields for thresholds and tolerances.
- Buttons:** 'Start' (green), 'Save' (yellow), and 'Load' (yellow) buttons are present. A blue arrow points to the 'Start' button with the text 'Click Start!'.
- Progress Panel:** On the right, a 'Progress' window shows 'MSConvert - R' and 'MZMINE Output' as black rectangles, with a 'Data conversion and feature processing (slow)' progress bar below.

FluoroMatch Visualizer for *In Silico* PFAS Interpretation

FluoroMatch Visualizer is built upon Microsoft Power BI Desktop

Power BI Desktop necessary for interactive **FluoroMatch Visualizer**:

- **FluoroMatch 3.3** currently outputs a **Microsoft Power BI** readable **CSV** file with over 35 columns of information.
- Visualizer interface consists of three graphs, two filters, and four tables.
- Visualizer is interactive and **Crossfiltering** allows **simplified evaluation** of a feature, PFAS series, or other groups of features.

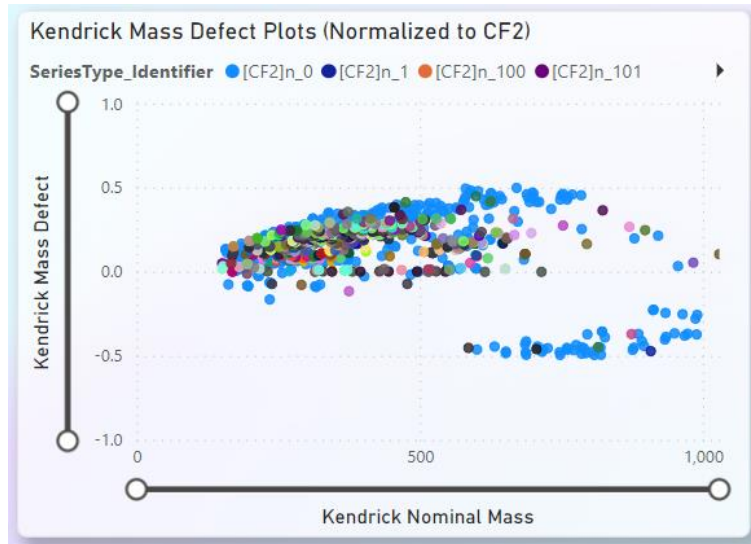


FluoroMatch Visualizer Demonstration

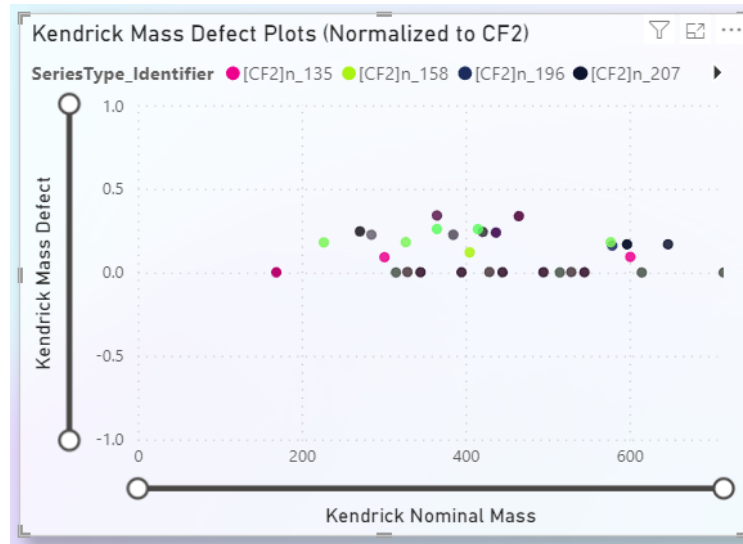
Series Shown in KMD and RT vs. m/z Plots



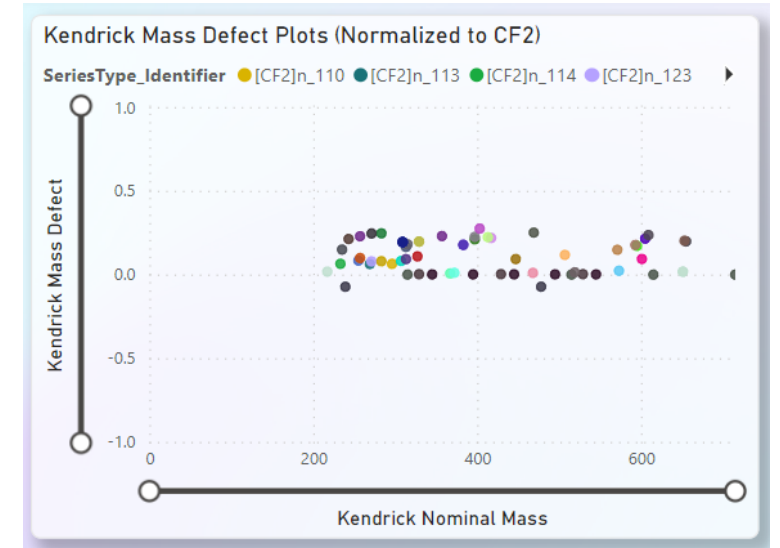
Evaluating Snow Features



Complex mixture of features



Filtered by features with >3 in a series

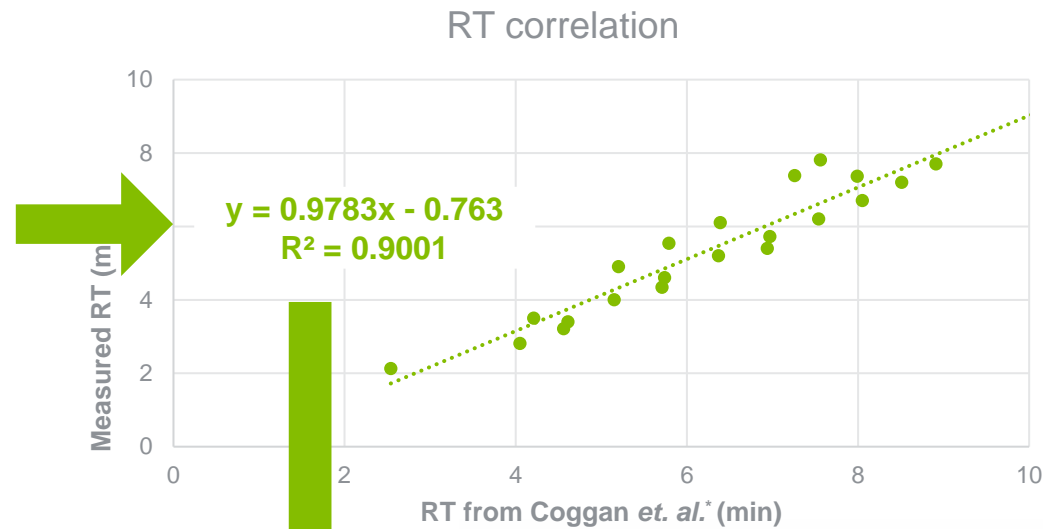


Filtered by Scores of > "B"

Building an *In Silico* PFAS Screening Method

Retention Time Projection

Compound Name	RT (min)
Perfluorobutanoic acid	2.13
Perfluoropentanoic acid	2.81
4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid	3.21
Perfluorohexanoic acid	3.40
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid	3.50
Perfluoroheptanoic acid	4.00
6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid	4.34
Perfluorooctanoic acid	4.60
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid	4.90
Perfluorononanoic acid	5.20
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid	5.54
8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid	5.40
Perfluorodecanoic acid	5.72
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid	6.10
Perfluoroundecanoic acid	6.20
Perfluorododecanoic acid	6.70
Perfluorotridecanoic acid	7.20
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid	7.70
Perfluorooctanesulfonamide	7.37
2-(N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamido)acetic acid	7.38
2-(N-Ethylperfluorooctanesulfonamido)acetic acid	7.81
4,8-Dioxo-3H-perfluorononanoic acid	4.56
(2E)-3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-Dodecafluoro-2-octenoic acid	4.44
2-Perfluorooctyl ethanoic acid	5.66
2-Perfluorodecyl ethanoic acid	6.83
2H-Perfluoro-2-octenoic acid	4.40
2H-Perfluoro-2-decenoic acid	5.64
2H-Perfluoro-2-dodecenoic acid	6.79
Ethyl heptafluorobutyrate	3.20
2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid	4.41
3-Perfluoroheptylpropanoic acid	5.68
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid	3.83
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid	6.07
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid	6.60
Perfluorododecanesulfonic acid	7.52
Perfluoro(2-((6-chlorohexyl)oxy)ethanesulfonic acid)	5.84
2-[[8-Chloro-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8-hexadecafluorooctyl)oxy]-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethanesulfonic acid	6.92
10:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid	7.11
N-Methylperfluorooctanesulfonamide	8.15
8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonamide	8.52
N-[[1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-Heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]glycine	6.14
N-Methyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)perfluorooctanesulfonamide	8.17
N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)perfluorooctanesulfonamide	8.51
Phosphonic acid, (tridecafluorohexyl)-	3.22
PFOPA	4.35
Perfluorodecylphosphonic acid	5.57
6:2 Fluorotelomer phosphate diester	7.92
6:2/8:2 Fluorotelomer phosphate diester	8.48
8:2 Fluorotelomer phosphate diester	8.90
Bis(tridecafluorohexyl)phosphonic acid	7.39
(Heptadecafluorooctyl)(tridecafluorohexyl)phosphonic acid	8.07
Bis(heptadecafluorooctyl)phosphonic acid	8.60
Ammonium bis(N-ethyl-2-perfluorooctylsulfonaminoethyl)phosphate	9.35



21 measured RTs
32 projected RTs

Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry (2019) 411:3507–3520
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s00216-019-01829-8>

RESEARCH PAPER



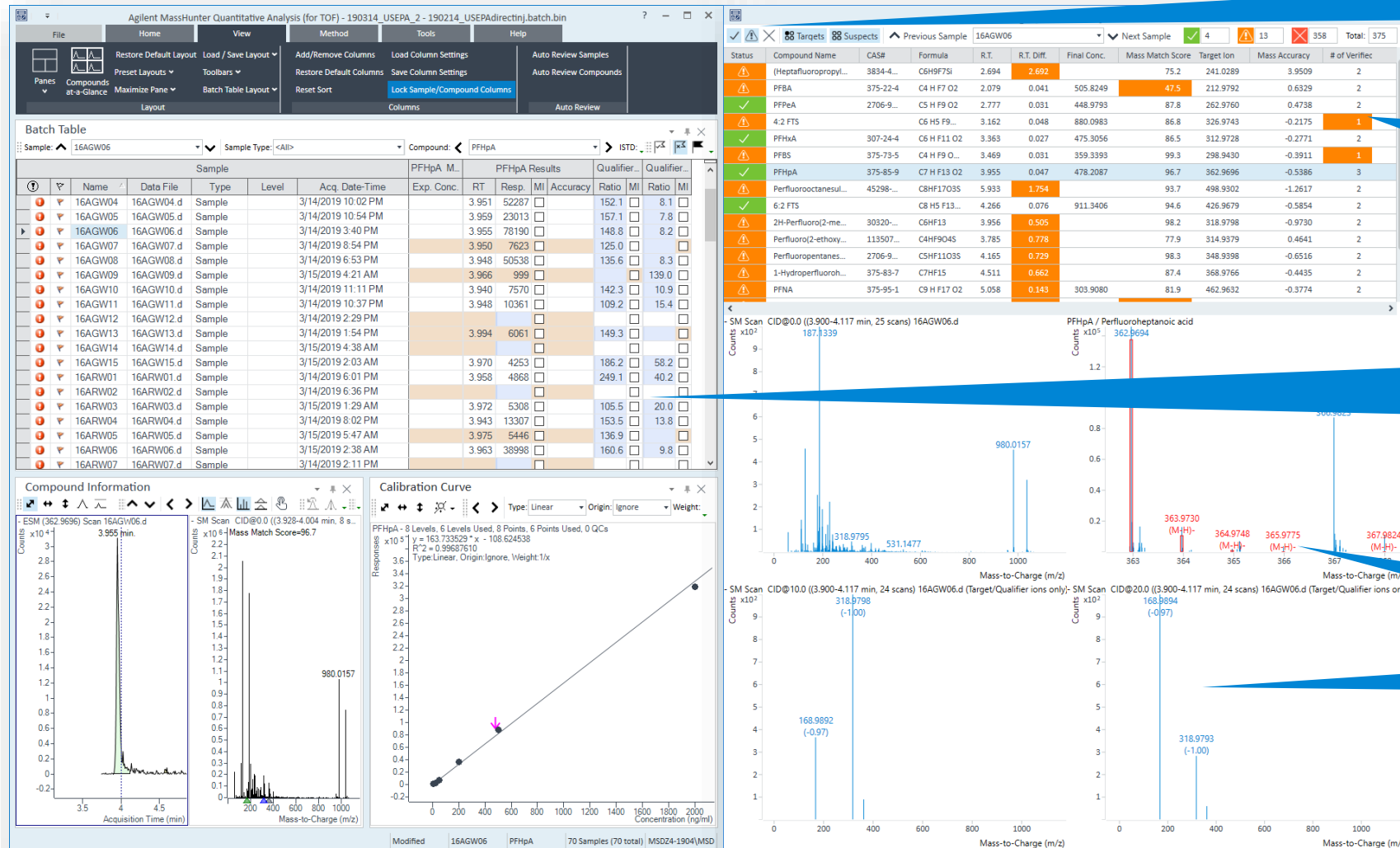
A single analytical method for the determination of 53 legacy and emerging per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in aqueous matrices

Timothy L. Coggan¹ · Tarun Anumol² · James Pyke² · Jeff Shimeta¹ · Bradley O. Clarke¹

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Use the *In Silico* Predictions to Tentatively Identify PFAS

Simultaneous Quantitation and Screening



Filter compounds that are Verified, Needs Review, Not Detected

Set outlier flag according to SANTE guidelines

MassHunter Quantitative 'Batch-at-a-glance' view

Review isotope pattern match

Review Fragments

See Agilent application note # 5994-1744EN for details on LC Screener setup.

Monitoring Suspect PFAS Using LC Screener

Screening summary PDF report

Screening Summary Report



Sample name:		16AGW06		Good	4	Warning	17	Error	354
Status	Screening Summary Report	Formula	R.T.	R.T. Diff.	Match Score	Target Ion	Mass Accuracy	# of Qualified Ions	Final Conc.
!	(Heptafluoropropyl)trimethylsilane	C6H9F7Si	2.694	2.692		241.0289	3.95 PPM	2	
+	PFBA	C4 H F7 O2	2.079	0.041		212.9792	0.63 PPM	2	472.7851
+	PFPeA	C5 H F9 O2	2.777	0.031		262.9760	0.47 PPM	2	448.9793
!	4:2 FTS	C6 H5 F9 O3 S	3.162	0.048		326.9743	-0.22 PPM	1	880.0983
+	PFHxA	C6 H F11 O2	3.363	0.036		312.9728	-0.28 PPM	2	475.3056
!	PFBS	C4 H F9 O3 S	3.469	0.031		298.9430	-0.39 PPM	1	359.3393
!	3H-Perfluorobutanoic acid	C4H2F6O2	3.530	0.499		194.9886	-1.07 PPM	1	
!	Perfluorooctanesulfonate	C8HF17O3S	5.933	1.754		498.9302	-1.26 PPM	2	
+	6:2 FTS	C8 H5 F13 O3 S	4.266	0.076		426.9679	-0.59 PPM	2	911.3406
!	2H-Perfluoro(2-methylpentane)	C6HF13	3.956	0.505		318.9798	-0.97 PPM	2	
!	Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane)sulfonic acid	C4HF9O4S	3.785	0.778		314.9379	0.46 PPM	2	
!	Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid	C5HF11O3S	4.165	0.729		348.9398	-0.65 PPM	2	
!	1-Hydroperfluoroheptane	C7HF15	4.511	0.662		368.9766	-0.44 PPM	2	
!	PFNA	C9 H F17 O2	5.058	0.143		462.9632	-0.38 PPM	2	303.9080
!	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoro-2-(perfluoropentoxy)propan-1-ol	C8H3F15O2	4.526	0.718		414.9821	0.81 PPM	2	
!	1H-Perfluorohexane	C6HF13	3.956	1.326		318.9798	-0.97 PPM	2	
!	((Perfluorooctyl)ethyl)phosphonic acid	C10H6F17O3P	5.300	0.485		526.9710	4.37 PPM	1	
!	4-[3-(Perfluorobutyl)-1-propyloxy]benzyl alcohol	C14H13F9O2	6.167	0.221		383.0699	2.89 PPM	1	
!	(Perfluorooctyl)propanoyl chloride	C11H4ClF17O	5.927	0.137		508.9606	-2.22 PPM	1	
!	PFOS	C8 H F17 O3 S	5.933	0.167		498.9302	-1.23 PPM	2	63.0760
!	FOSA	C7 H F15 O3 S	5.781	0.015		478.9110	-1.23 PPM	1	0.4484

Flagging RT outlier

Flagging number of verified ions

What Challenges Do PFAS Researchers Have?

The biggest problem is >12000 PFAS compounds identified in the EPA's PFASMASTER

- They are considered forever chemicals. **They don't readily degrade.**
- PFAS are found in UHPLC degassers, inlet lines, solvent bottle caps, glass filters, etc. (See **Consumables guide 5994-2357EN** and **application note 5994-0919EN for guidance.**)
- There are many PFAS compounds in commerce. However, there are **few standards**, and those are prohibitively expensive.
- Both targeted and nontargeted methods are required, depending on the study goals.
- Using a **PFC-Free Kit to Delay Background Contamination** helps reduce interferences.
- The **eMethod, application notes, and the Order Guide** are designed to **provide solutions** to address targeted needs.
- **Nontarget tools** like **FluoroMatch** software, methodology for modeling ***In Silico* PFAS libraries**, and the **LC Screener** aid putative identification of novel PFAS.

Note: PFASMASTER is a consolidated list of PFAS substances spanning lists of current PAFS of interest to researchers and regulators worldwide.

Appendix

Please contact me at stephan_baumann@Agilent.com with any questions or comments.

Quick Links:

PFAS Resources on Agilent.com:

<https://www.agilent.com/en/solutions/environmental/water-analysis/pfas-in-water>

EPA circular on PFAS Regulation in nonpotable waters and soils:

<https://www.federalregister.gov/public-inspection/2023-07535/addressing-per--and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-in-the-environment>

Where to Download FluoroMatch Software:

<http://innovativeomics.com/software/fluoromatch-flow-covers-entire-pfas-workflow/>

Where to Download Microsoft Power BI Desktop:

<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=58494>

Note: There are links to informative YouTube videos on the Innovative Omics website.