Quality Assurance and Compliance

Best Practices and Trends

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AGENDA

- I. QUALITY
- II. FOUNDATIONAL PILLARS
 - I. GOOD DOCUMENTATION PRACTICES
 - II. DISCREPANCY (CAPA) SYSTEM
 - III. DATA INTEGRITY (ETHICS, MDLs, MANUAL INTEGRATION, ETC.)
- III. STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES (SOPs)
- IV. POLICIES
- V. QUALITY DRIVEN BEST PRACTICES
- VI. TRENDS IN THE LABORATORY INDUSTRY
- VII. CHANGE
- **VIII.SUMMARY**

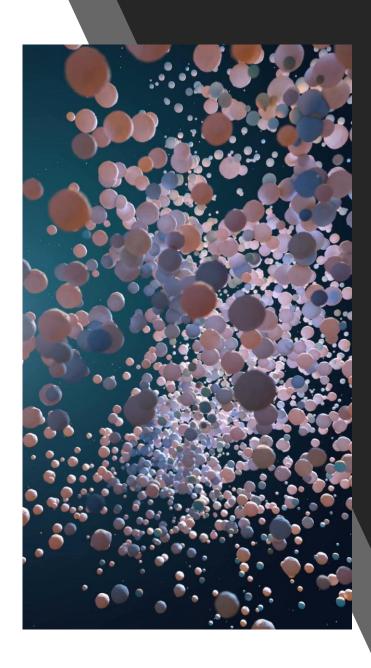




QUALITY PROGRAM AREAS

Training	Safety	SOPs
Ethics	Compliance	Document Control
LIMS	Discrepancy (CAPA)	Traceability
Quality Control	Budget	Proficiency
Peer Review	Reference Manuals	Strategic Plan
Data	CFR	Leadership
Competencies	Administrative Code	Regulations
Accreditation	Instrumentation	Standards
Logbook Program	Audit Program	Processes





FOUNDATIONAL PILLARS

- > DATA INTEGRITY
 - **Ethics**
 - Method Detection Limits & Reporting Limits
 - Proper Practices (Accountability)
- **▶** GOOD DOCUMENTATION PRACTICES
 - **DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT!!!**
 - > It never happened if it is not documented.
- DISCREPANCY (CAPA) SYSTEM
 - Root Cause
 - Corrective Actions





DATA INTEGRITY

- DATA OF KNOWN AND DOCUMENTED QUALITY FOR ITS INTENDED PURPOSE
 - Ethics: Right vs. Wrong, Professional Decisions
 - Quality Control: Traceability to Certified Reference Material
 - Instrumentation: Proper maintenance, calibration, and appropriate operating parameters
 - Training: Reading and Understanding proper work practices
 - Peer Review: Method Acceptance Criteria





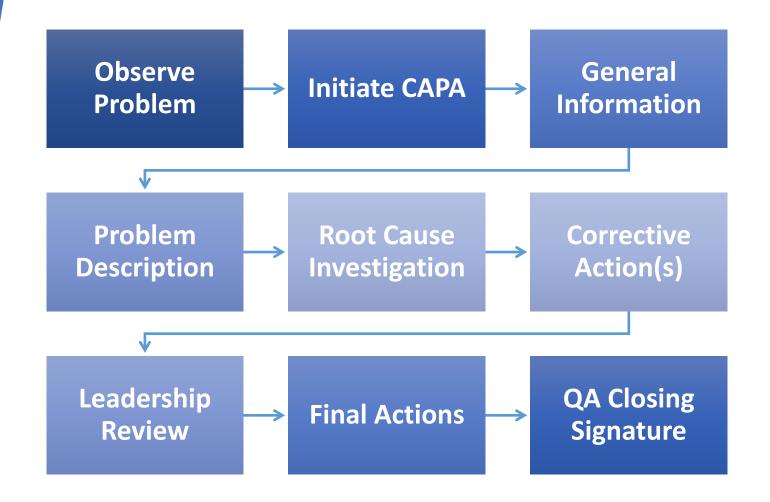
GOOD DOCUMENTATION PRACTICES



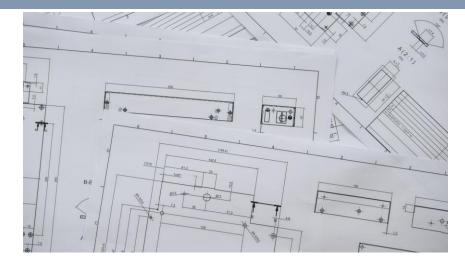
- ➤ SOPs & Manuals: Black and White documented procedures and policies
- **➤** Logbooks: Document observations as they happen
- **▶** Pens: Proper documentation writing tools
- ➤ Traceability: Descriptive information that tells a story
- ➤ Discrepancy: Transparency that paints a picture



DISCREPANCY (CAPA) SYSTEM









STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES (SOPs)

- Black and White instructions (a recipe) for performing processes
- Provides acceptance criteria for data of known and documented quality
- Document all steps within a series of processes that will provide information needed to validate the data
- ➤ Conduct annual reviews of SOPs using document control procedures where updates are identified with new revision #'s



POLICIES

- Quality Assurance Manual: Specific policies that provide decision making guidance
- Chemical Hygiene Plan: Occupational Health and Safety Policies
- Organizational Policies: Conflict of Interest, Dress Codes,
- Human Resources Trainings: Bullying/Violence, Flexible & Remote Working, Performance Management
- ➤ Federal Employment Laws: Occupational Safety & Health Act, Title VII Discrimination, Americans with Disabilities Act



QUALITY DRIVEN BEST PRACTICES

Clearly defined policy statement

Continuous quality improvement throughout the lifecycle

Quality measures and metrics

Proactive instead of reactive: checks and balances

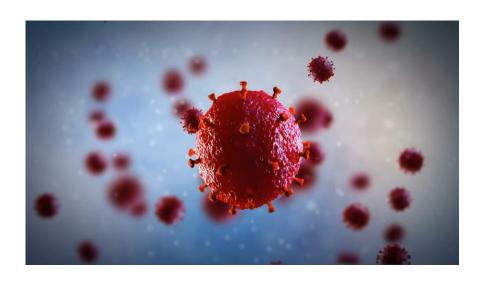
Periodic review of quality standards and metrics

Adoption of industry related best practices

Establish limits requiring corrective action







CHEMISTRY VS MICROBIOLOGY

- Holding Times: Chemistry samples have variable hold times whereas microbiology samples are used up within a short hold time
- Quality Control: Differences in terminology that are similar in nature
- Reagent Prep: Accuracy is required, sterility is also required for all microbiological analyses
- Standards (Qualitative vs Quantitative): Many chemistry parameters are measured quantitatively where microbiology parameters are qualitative and quantitative
- Instrumentation: Automated sample analysis available for chemistry analyses
- Manual processes: Most microbiology methods are processed manually









LABORATORY INDUSTRY TRENDS



Office of Inspector General Oversight



Constantly evolving regulatory guidelines



All industries moving towards an ISO focused quality system



Generational adaptation required to attract new talent



Lean practices being adopted to drive efficiency and profitability









LABORATORY INDUSTRY TRENDS (CONT)



Digital (paperless) documentation requirements: Adopting technology required for paperless operations



Data processing capabilities: Implementation and use of properly sized systems to support business operations



Data storage: Investing in technology to support transition to digital environment



Record retention policies: Unequivocal traceability for all operations and activities within an organization



Technological improvements: Adjusting to technological changes that drive continuous quality improvement.









CHANGE

- > Acquisitions: Small companies purchases and mergers
- > Restructuring: Operational or economical adjustments
- Physical location moves: Adjusting to new (smaller or larger) spaces
- Growth versus downsizing: Managing growth and downsizing decisions
- ➤ Ability to adapt within any given industry: Organizational flexibility to transition processes needed to meet current industry practices



Wrap-up

- Quality, The Big Picture
- > Foundational Pillars
 - Data Integrity
 - Documentation
 - **CAPA**
- **▶**SOPs & Policies
- Quality Best Practices: Chemistry vs Microbiology
- Laboratory Industry Trends
- Change



QUESTIONS

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