

Accelerated Solvent Extraction of Airborne Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances from Styrene-Divinylbenzene Resin

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Summary

- PFAS in air analysis using styrene-divinylbenzene (OTM-45)
- Styrene-divinylbenzene/XAD-2
- Accelerated Solvent Extraction (ASE) parameters
- LC-MS/MS parameters and calibration
- Blank results
- Resin cleaning using ASE
- Spike recoveries

PFAS in Air – OTM-45

- **Sample collection using XAD-2 (styrene-divinylbenzene resin) and liquid impingers**
- **Extraction by 36-hour shakeout using 5% ammonium hydroxide in methanol**
- **Concentration and reconstitution in either water or methanol**
- **Analysis by LC-MS/MS**
- **Extensive compound list (~50 PFAS compounds)**

PFAS in Air – OTM-45

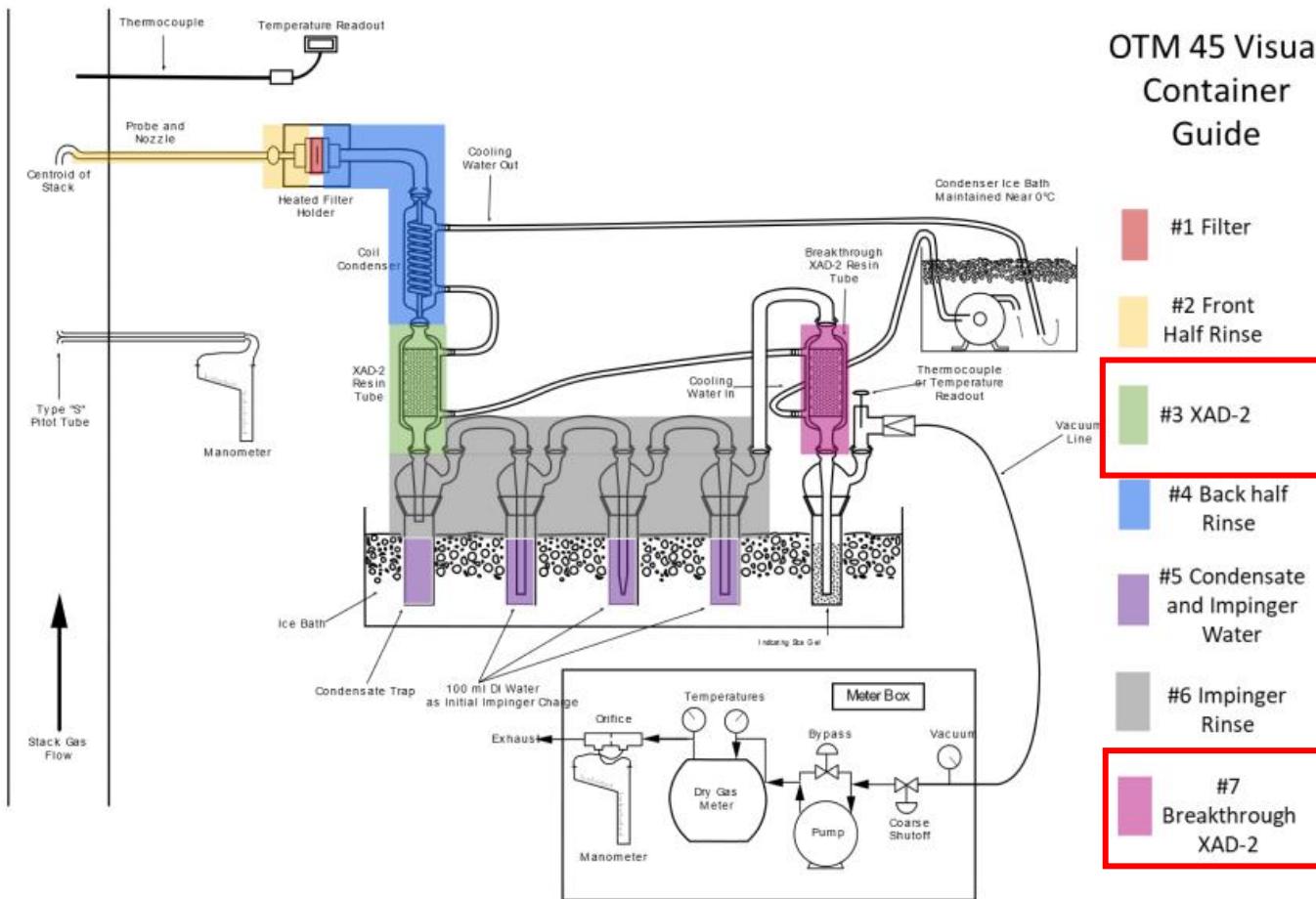
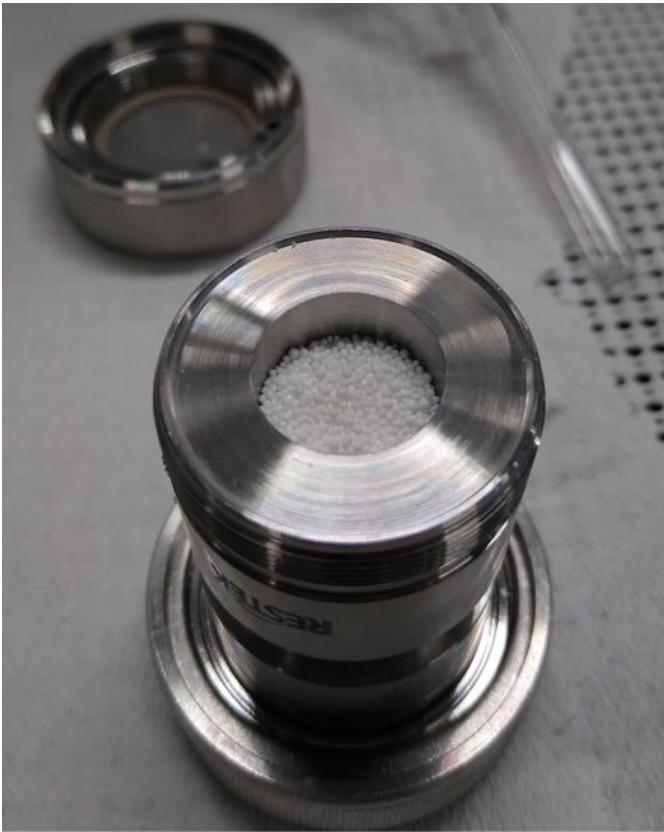


Figure OTM-45-1. Sampling Train

Styrene-Divinylbenzene Resin/ XAD-2

- Commonly used for collection of semi-volatiles in air, such as PAHs, PCBs, Dioxins
- Can be purchased pre-cleaned or processed and cleaned in-lab
 - Pre-cleaned resin may need further cleaning depending on background contamination

Styrene-Divinylbenzene Resin/ XAD-2



Restek Ultra Clean Resin



Pre-cleaned XAD-2

Accelerated Solvent Extraction vs. Shakeout

Advantages

- Faster – 45 minutes/sample
- Can be used to clean resin

Disadvantages

- More expensive
- Doesn't incorporate back half rinse into extraction,
 - Can be added during concentration step

Accelerated Solvent Extraction

Dionex ASE 350 parameters

- Pressure – 1500 psi
- Temperature – 120°C
- Heating time – 6 minutes
- Static time – 15 minutes
- Cycles – 2
- Rinse volume – 60%
- Solvent – 4:1 Methanol:Acetonitrile

Organamation N-Evap 111

- Concentrated under nitrogen at 50°C, reconstituted using 80:20 Methanol:Water

LC-MS/MS Analysis

Column

- Force C18 50mm x 2.1mm x 1.8µm
- PFAS delay 50mm x 2.1mm x 5µm

Mobile Phase

- A – Water, 50mM ammonium acetate
- B – Methanol

Time (min)	Flow (mL/min)	%A	%B
0	0.4	80	20
6	0.4	5	95
6.01	0.4	5	95
7.5	0.4	5	95
7.51	0.4	80	20
8.5	0.4	80	20

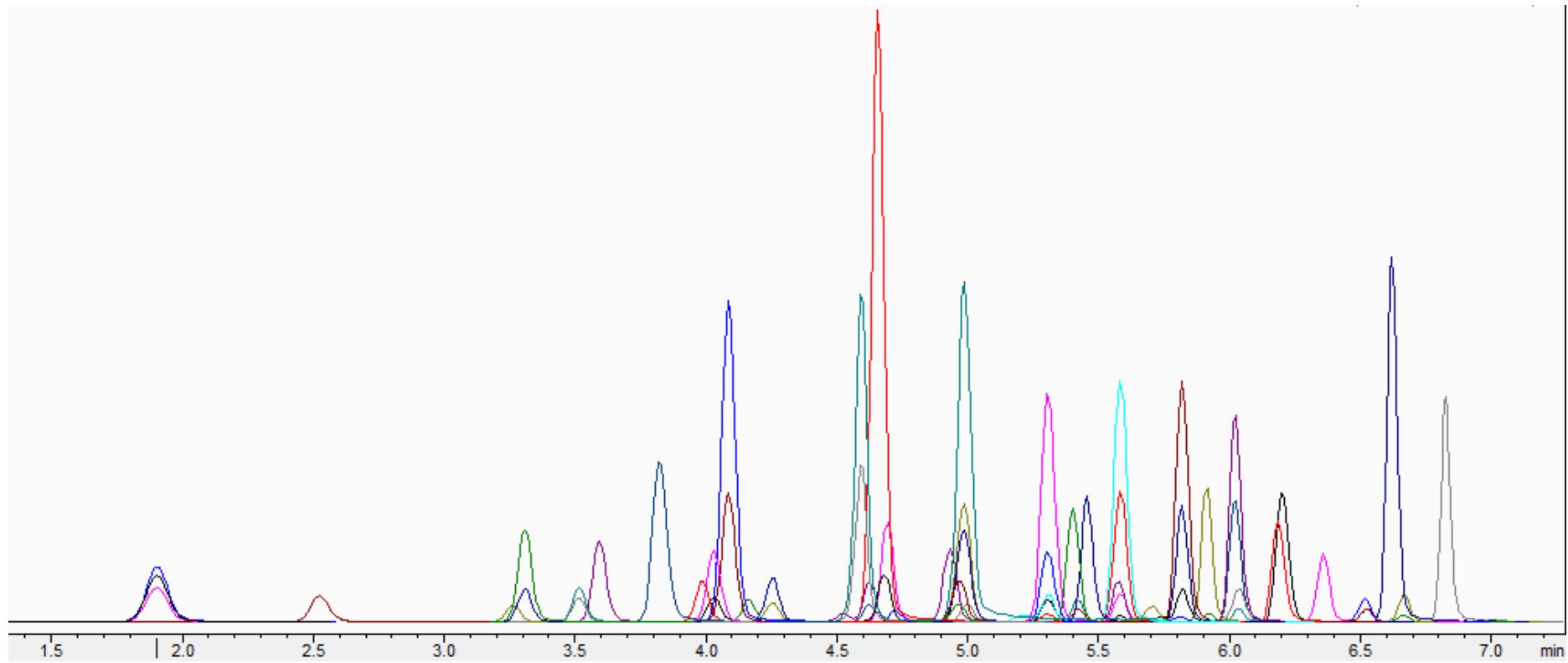
HPLC – Shimadzu Nexera X2

- Column Temp. – 40°C
- Autosampler Temp. – 5°C
- Injection volume – 3µL

Detector – Shimadzu 8045 MS/MS

- Nebulizing gas flow – 3 L/min
- Heating gas flow – 15 L/min
- Interface Temp. – 300°C
- DL Temp. – 200°C
- Heat Block Temp. – 200°C
- Drying gas flow – 5 L/min

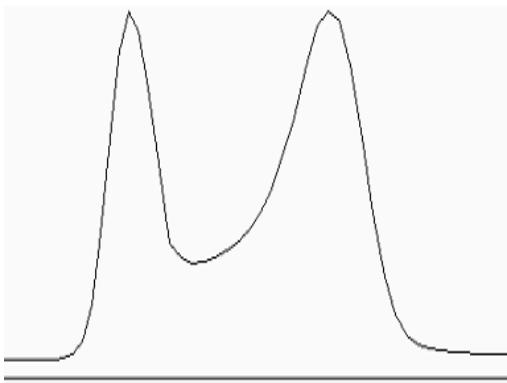
LC-MS/MS Analysis



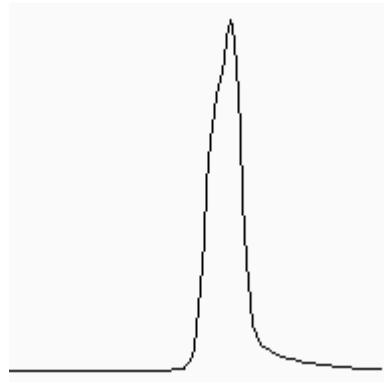
LC-MS/MS Analysis

#	Name	RT (min)		#	Name	RT (min)		#	Name	RT (min)		#	Name	RT (min)
1	M4PFBA	1.793		19	M3HFPO-DA	4.254		36	PFNA	5.336		54	M7PFUnA	5.857
2	M3PFBA	1.794		20	M4PFHpA	4.605		37	PFOS	5.340		55	N-EtFOSAA	5.860
3	PFBA	1.795		21	PFHpA	4.606		38	M8PFOS	5.341		56	11CI-PF3OUdS	5.954
4	PF4OPeA	2.414		22	M3PFHxS	4.644		39	13C4-PFOS	5.341		57	FDEA	5.962
5	3:3 FTCA/FPrPA	3.196		23	PFHxS	4.645		40	FOUEA	5.428		58	FOSA-I	6.042
6	M5PFPeA	3.250		24	ADONA	4.663		41	FHpPA	5.445		59	PFDoA	6.064
7	PFPeA	3.251		25	5:3 FTCA/FPePA	4.689		42	FOEA	5.451		60	M2PFDoA	6.065
8	M3PFBS	3.487		26	FHUEA	4.705		43	9CI-PF3ONS	5.494		61	10:2 FTS	6.075
9	PFBS	3.488		27	FHEA	4.735		44	L-PFNS	5.612		62	L-PFDoS	6.232
10	PF5OHxA	3.555		28	PFeCHS	4.965		45	PFDA	5.619		63	PFTrDA	6.247
11	PFEESA	3.807		29	6-2 FTS	4.987		46	M6PFDA	5.619		64	PFTA	6.402
12	3,6-OPFHxA	3.969		30	M2 6-2 FTS	4.989		47	8-2 FTS	5.620		65	N-MeFOSA-M	6.521
13	M2 4-2FTS	4.021		31	M8PFOA	5.009		48	M2 8-2 FTS	5.620		66	N-MeFOSE-M	6.531
14	4-2 FTS	4.022		32	13C2-PFOA	5.010		49	N-MeFOSAA	5.742		67	PFHxDA	6.657
15	M5PFHxA	4.078		33	PFOA	5.010		50	d3-NMeFOSAA	5.750		68	N-EtFOSE-M	6.666
16	PFHxA	4.079		34	PFHpS	5.029		51	L-PFDS	5.848		69	N-EtFOSA-M	6.668
17	PFPeS	4.172		35	M9PFNA	5.335		52	d5-NEtFOSAA	5.854		70	PFODA	6.853
18	HFPO-DA	4.253						53	PFUnA	5.857				

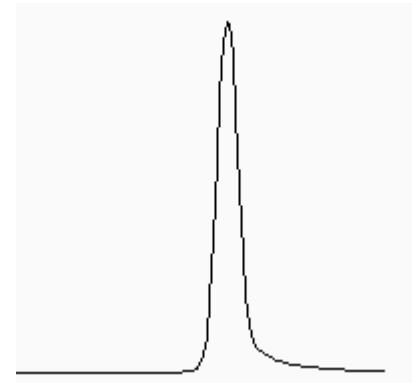
LC-MS/MS Analysis – Solvent



PFBA
5uL injection
100% MeOH



PFBA
5uL injection
80:20 MeOH:Water



PFBA
3uL injection
80:20 MeOH:Water

LC-MS/MS Analysis – Calibration

OTM-45 Calibration

- Isotope dilution
 - Not all target compounds have isotopes easily available
- Linear or quadratic fits
- Weighting and forced 0 allowed
- Calibration points should be $\pm 10\%$ of true value
- No r^2 requirement

LC-MS/MS Analysis – Calibration

Compound	0.25 ppb	0.5 ppb	1 ppb	2.5 ppb	5 ppb	20 ppb	100 ppb
PFBA	-3.8%	-7.4%	-0.3%	-9.8%	4.8%	9.2%	-1.8%
ADONA	-9.5%	-10.2%	17.4%	8.4%	5.0%	4.0%	-1.3%
PFODA	3.5%	-18.2%	-1.2%	-3.7%	10.6%	-1.9%	0.0%
PFTDA	-10.1%	-19.7%	-10.8%	0.5%	3.7%	0.4%	-11.1%

- **38/50 compounds met $\pm 10\%$ criteria for all calibration points**
- **48/50 compounds were within $\pm 20\%$ for all calibration points**
- **2/50 compounds were $>20\%$ for one calibration point**

Resin Blanks and Background

Compound	ASE Blank (ng/g)	XAD-2 (ng/g)	XAD-2 (ng/g)	XAD-2 (ng/g)	Avg. (ng/g)	Ultra Clean Resin (ng/g)	Ultra Clean Resin (ng/g)	Ultra Clean Resin (ng/g)	Avg. (ppb)
PFBA	0.05	0.54	0.51	0.60	0.55	0.43	0.35	0.43	0.40
PF4OPeA	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.63	0.45	0.53	0.54
ADONA	<0.04	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.71	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.05

- 3g of resin extracted and concentrated to 0.5mL for XAD-2 and Ultra Clean Resin
- ASE blank run using empty ASE cell and concentrated to 0.5mL
- All other compounds <0.04 ng/g

Cleaned Resin Blanks and Background

Compound	XAD-2 (ng/g)	XAD-2 (ng/g)	XAD-2 (ng/g)	Avg. (ng/g)	Ultra Clean Resin (ng/g)	Ultra Clean Resin (ng/g)	Ultra Clean Resin (ng/g)	Avg. (ng/g)
PFBA	0.29	0.24	0.28	0.27	0.12	0.18	0.10	0.13
PF4OPeA	0.37	0.29	0.24	0.30	0.06	0.09	0.10	0.08
ADONA	0.71	0.25	0.30	0.42	0.05	0.08	0.04	0.06

- XAD-2 and Ultra Clean Resin run through one cycle of ASE extraction
- 3 g of cleaned resin was extracted and concentrated to 0.5mL
- XAD-2 results suggest that the extraction/cleaning may not be complete compared to Ultra Clean Resin
- Eurofins presented data showing similar constant or rising blank results after MeOH cleaning for some PFAS for XAD-2

Spike Recoveries

	XAD-2	XAD-2	XAD-2	Avg.	Ultra Clean Resin	Ultra Clean Resin	Ultra Clean Resin	Avg.
PFBA	35%	47%	71%	51%	109%	96%	97%	101%
PF4OPeA	33%	46%	69%	49%	116%	93%	99%	103%
ADONA	48%	65%	78%	63%	123%	106%	118%	116%
HFPO-DA	127%	112%	101%	113%	102%	83%	94%	93%
PFHpS	42%	54%	70%	55%	127%	129%	121%	126%
10:2 FTS	35%	33%	30%	33%	60%	58%	55%	58%
PFODA	24%	22%	20%	22%	39%	34%	30%	34%

- % Recoveries on 50/100 ppb spike. OTM-45 recovery recommendations 70-130%
- Many compounds without isotopically labeled ISTDs had <70% recovery
- OTM-45 provides no data for spike recoveries from method development
- Pre-extraction ISTDs recovery limits 20-130%
- Low XAD-2 results further suggest incomplete extraction for some compounds compared to Ultra Clean Resin

Future Work

- **Expand collection of isotopically labeled standards to improve calibration and recoveries**
- **Improve ASE blank levels to reduce background contamination**
- **Test more lots of resin to better understand cleanliness, resin cleaning needs, and extraction requirements**
- **Investigate low level accuracy and perform MDL study**

Conclusions

- Restek Ultra-Clean resin can be used for the collection of PFAS compounds in air
- Accelerated solvent extraction can provide faster extractions for OTM-45 while maintaining recoveries
- Accelerated solvent extraction offers an alternative method to cleaning Ultra-Clean Resin
- Precleaned XAD-2 seems to have incomplete extraction compared to Ultra-Clean Resin using same ASE parameters
- Using 80:20 methanol:water during concentration provides better peak shape for PFBA than 100% methanol

Questions?