

Targeted quantitation workflow with Orbitrap GC-MS: PAHs and PCBs in soil extracts

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Agenda

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PAHs and PCBs: Importance, challenges

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Sample preparation

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Orbitrap Exploris GC: Schematic and hardware

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Instrument method, tuning, and calibration

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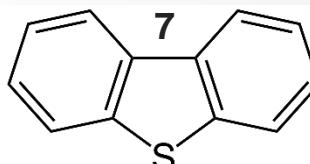
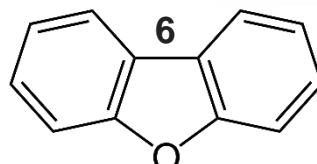
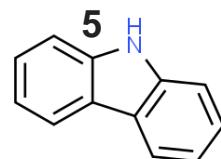
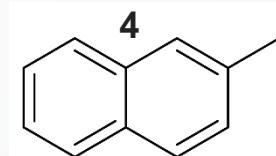
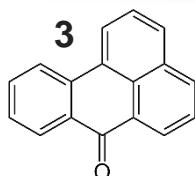
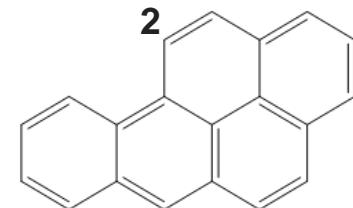
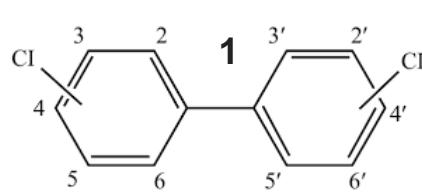
Results and discussion

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Summary

PCBs and PAHs: Importance

- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
 - Coolants and lubricants (i.e. transformer oils, capacitors etc.,)
- Polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)
 - Combustion products (i.e. diesel soot, stack emissions, bushfires)
- Substituted PAHs (oxyPAHs, methylPAHs & polyaromatic (N,S,O) heterocycles (PASHs, PAOHs, PANHs))
 - Combustion products and indirectly from PAHs



1= PCB (general structure), 2=Benzo(a)pyrene (PAH),

3=Benzanthrone (oxyPAH), 4= 2-methylnaphthalene (methylPAH), 5=Carbazole (PANH), 6=Dibenzofuran (PAOH), 7=Dibenzothiophene (PASH)

PCBs and PAHs: Challenges and method considerations

- Gas Chromatography (GC)
 - Mass Spectrometer (MS) - EI/CI
- Multiple chromatographic methods
- Time-consuming sample preparation
 - Soxhlet extraction (slow [~48 hours] consuming large amounts of solvents)
- Chromatographic separation of critical pairs
 - i.e. Benzo(b)fluoranthene/ benzo(k)fluoranthene
- Long run times >40 mins

Sample prep (QuEChERS extraction and dSPE clean-up)

A →

Add 1 g of soil into a 50 mL polypropylene tube, add 4 mL DI, shake for 1 min

Spike in internal standards at 50 ng/g

Add 20 mL DCM:acetone (1:1), shake for 1 min

Add QuEChERS extraction salts, shake for 1 min to break up lumps

Sonicate for 15 min, centrifuge for 3 min at 2500 rpm

B →

Transfer 10 mL of the supernatant to a 15 mL polypropylene tube

Add QuEChERS clean up dSPE, shake tube 30 sec, centrifuge for 3 min at 2500 rpm

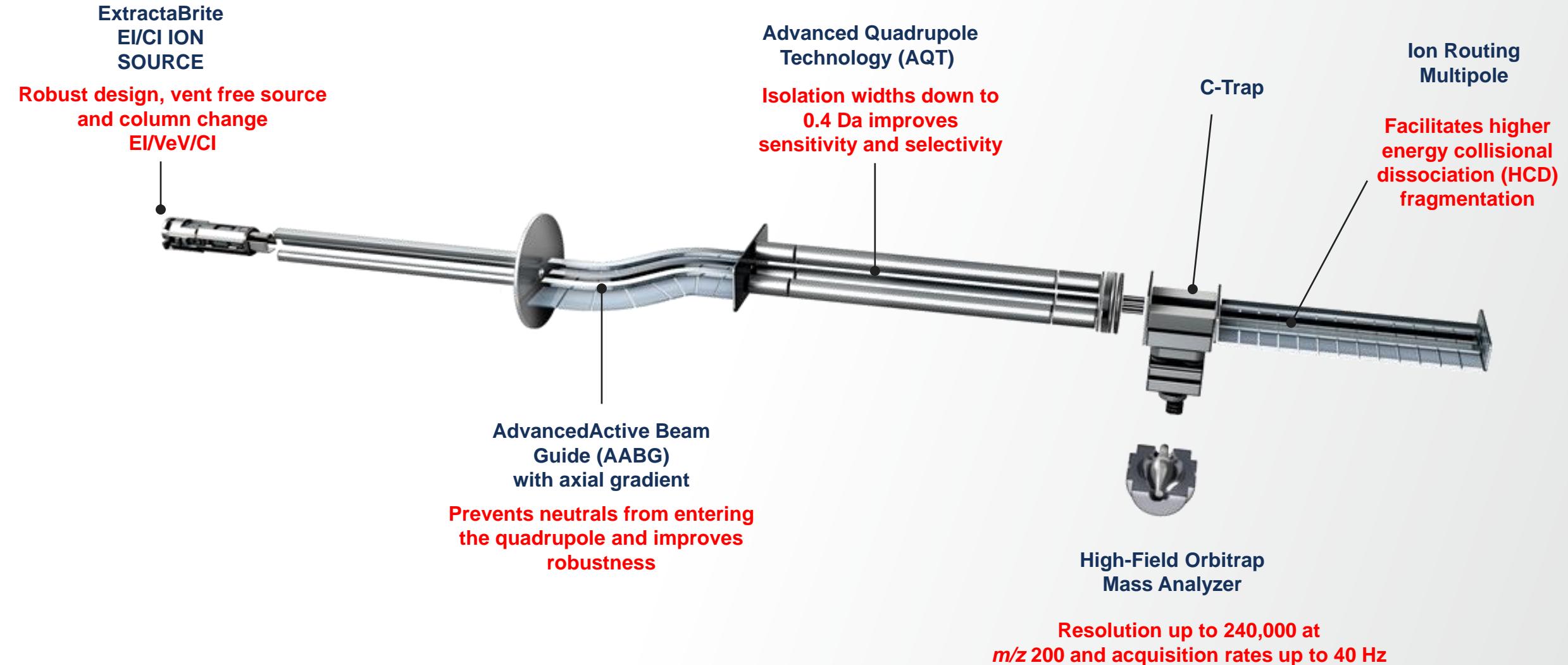
Dry the extracts under a gentle stream of nitrogen

Spike the dried extracts with TPP at 100 ng/g and make up to 1 mL in n-hexane

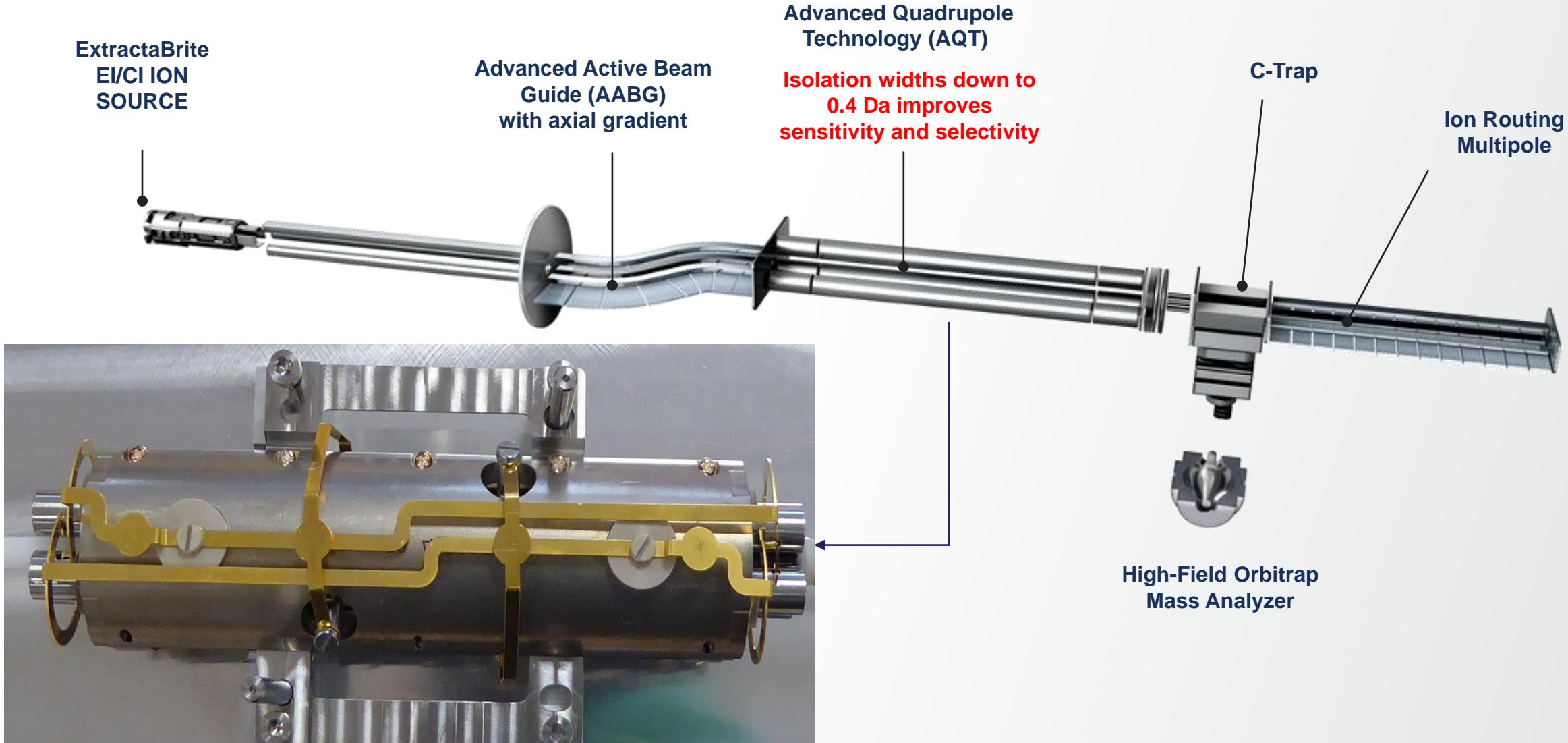
Transfer extracts to vials and store in the fridge prior to analysis by GC-MS

Two hours sample preparation time up to 20X faster vs. Soxhlet extraction

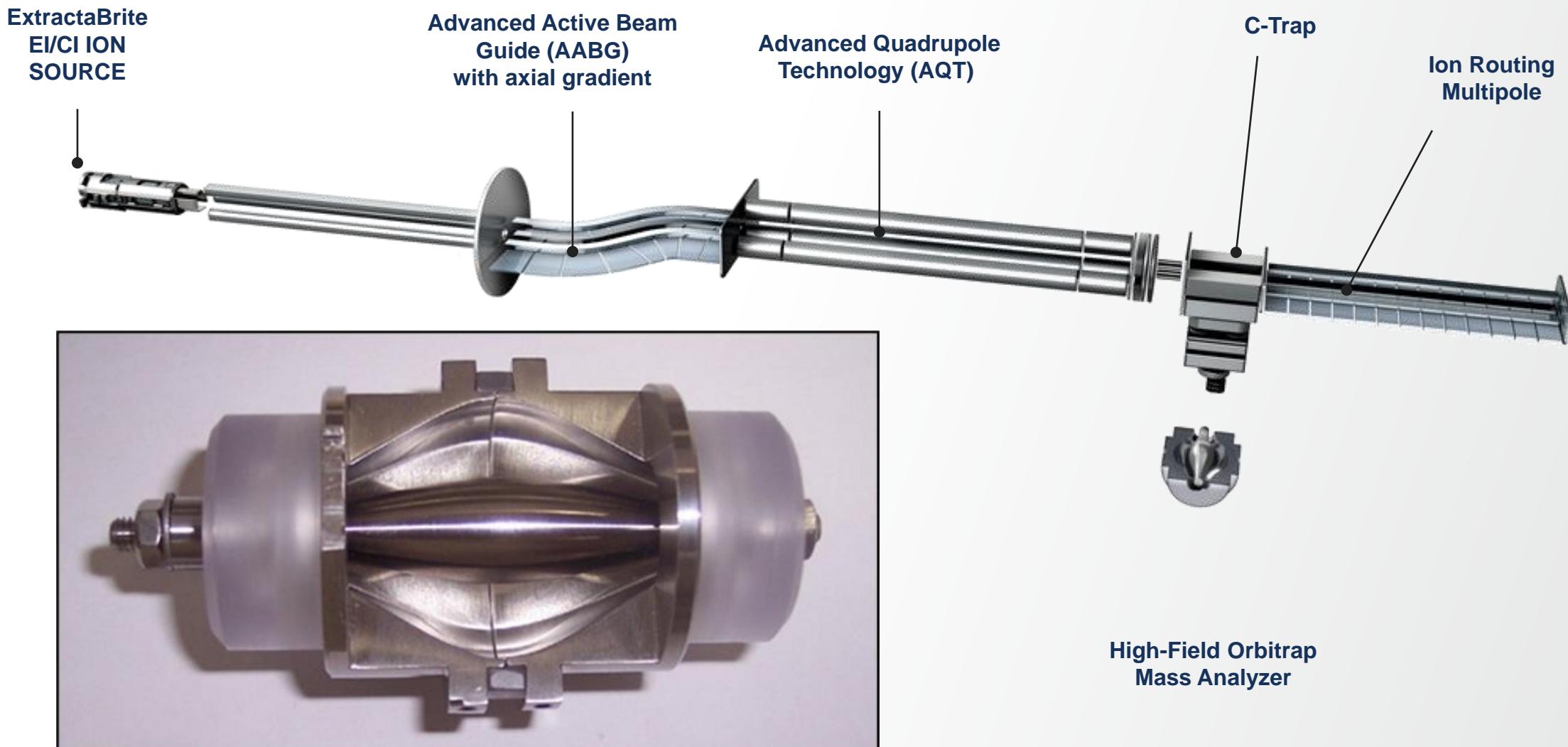
Thermo Scientific Orbitrap Exploris GC series schematic



Thermo Scientific Orbitrap Exploris GC Mass Spectrometer: Schematic/hardware



Thermo Scientific Orbitrap Exploris GC Mass Spectrometer: Schematic/hardware



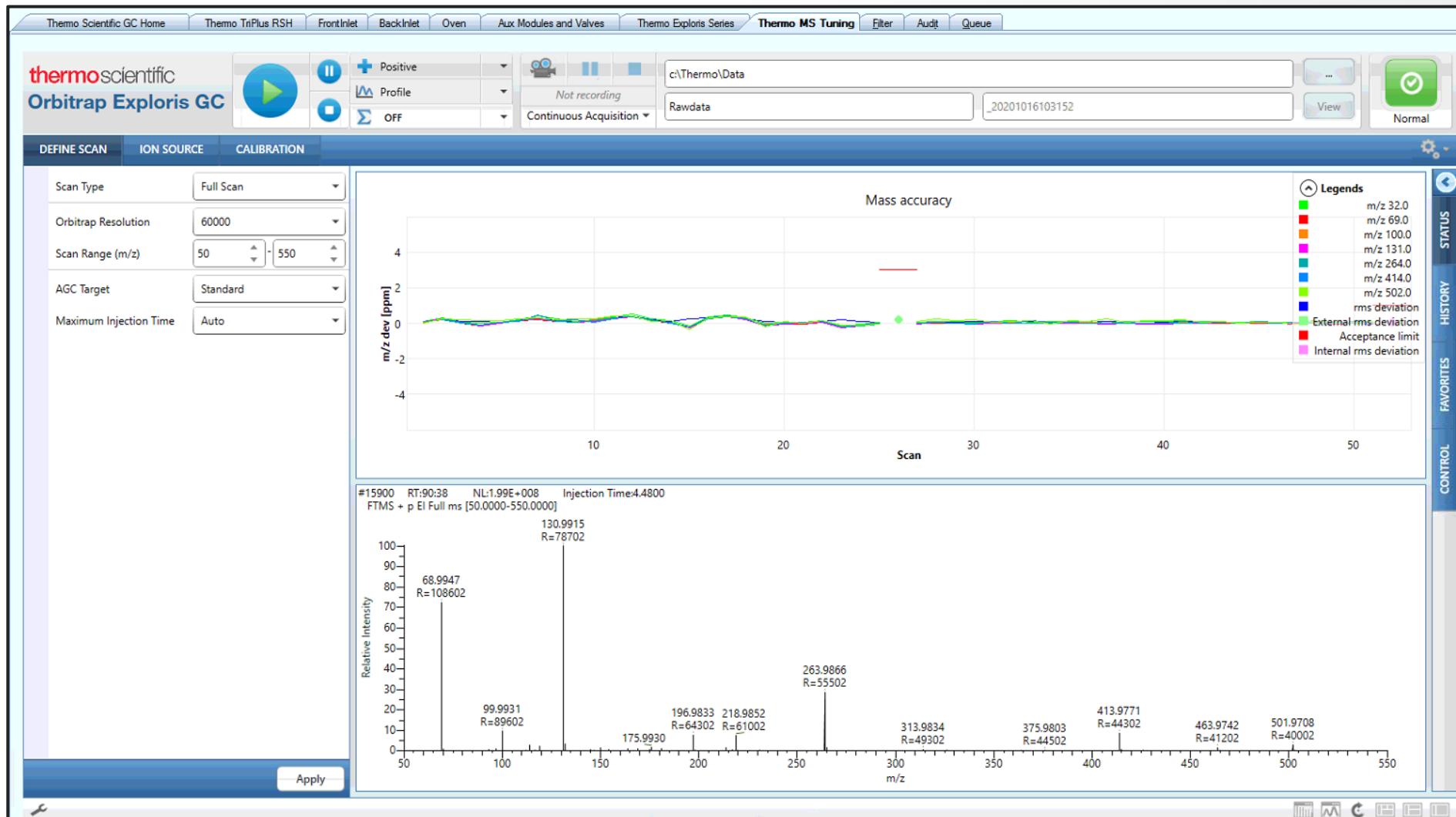
Instrument method

- Column: Thermo Scientific™ TraceGOLD™ TG-5 Sil MS (30m × 0.25mm, 0.25µm)
- Inlet and mode: SSL, Splitless
- Flowrate: 1.2 mL/min
- Inject volume: 1 µL
- Thermo Scientific™ Orbitrap Exploris™ GC MS
- Transfer line temperature: 320 °C
- Source temperature: 350 °C
- Electron energy (eV): 70
- Acquisition mode: Full scan (FS)
- Mass range (*m/z*): 50-550
- Mass resolution : FS 60,000(FWHM @ *m/z* 200, scan speed 7.4 Hz)
- Lock mass (*m/z*: 207.03235)

No	Retention time [min]	Rate [°C/min]	Target value [°C]	Hold time [min]
1	0.000	Run		
2	1.000	0.00	40.0	1.00
3	9.750	28.00	285.0	0.00
4	16.417	3.00	305.0	0.00
5	22.917	30.00	350.0	5.00
6	New Row			
7	22.917	StopRun		

Tuning and calibration

Tune and calibrate in under 5 minutes and be confident system is at peak performance for all users



Thermo Scientific™ Chromeleon™ CDS Software

The central graphic consists of a hexagonal grid of features:

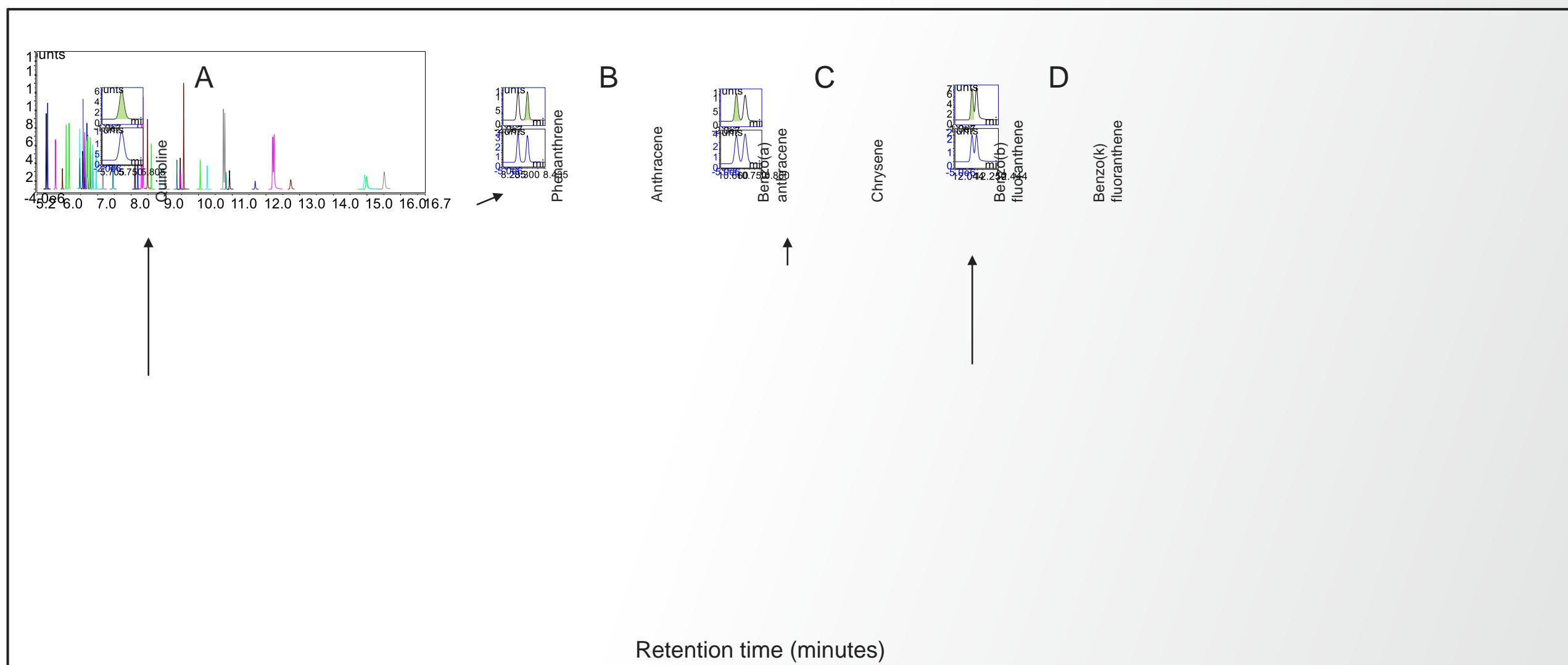
- Multivendor Instrument control
- Scalability Workstation to enterprise & cloud
- Integration
- Productivity Up to 1/3 faster*
- MS
- Ease of Use Workflows
- Compliance & Data Integrity

Built for the Lab.
Built for IT.
Why compromise?

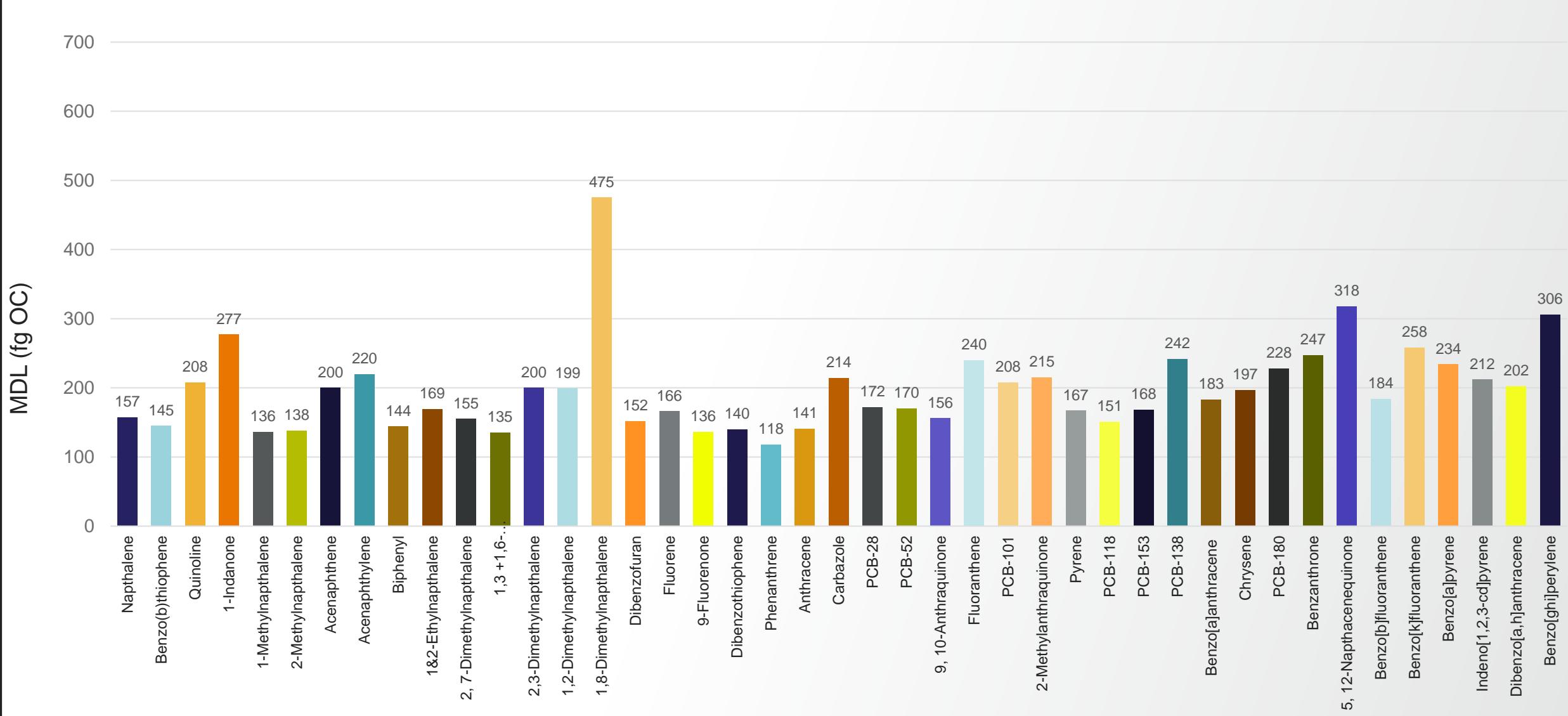
Chromeleon 7.3 CDS

Selectivity

50 pg/uL calibration standard in n-hexane



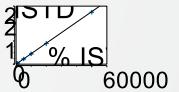
Sensitivity MDLs



Linearity

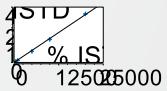
Compound	Compound type	R ²	AVCF % RSD	Compound	Compound type	R ²	AVCF % RSD
Naphthalene	PAH	0.9999	1.6	1,2-Dimethylnaphthalene	methylPAH	0.9993	4.5
Acenaphthylene	PAH	0.9987	5.4	1,8-Dimethylnaphthalene	methylPAH	0.9998	2.6
Acenaphthene	PAH	0.9995	4.0	PCB-28	PCB	0.9997	2.5
Biphenyl	PAH	0.9998	2.6	PCB-52	PCB	0.9991	2.8
Fluorene	PAH	0.9981	9.0	PCB-101	PCB	0.9998	3.2
Phenanthrene	PAH	0.9995	3.8	PCB-118	PCB	0.9998	3.7
Anthracene	PAH	0.9981	4.3	PCB-153	PCB	0.9998	1.6
Fluoranthene	PAH	0.9998	3.0	PCB-138	PCB	0.9991	2.8
Pyrene	PAH	0.9997	3.2	PCB-180	PCB	0.9997	4.3
Benzo[a]anthracene	PAH	0.9999	1.7	Benzo(b)thiophene	PASH	0.9998	3.2
Chrysene	PAH	0.9997	3.1	Dibenzothiophene	PASH	0.9988	3.7
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	PAH	0.9998	2.6	1&2-Ethylnaphthalene	ethylPAH	0.9996	3.7
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	PAH	0.9994	4.5	Quinoline	PANH	0.9988	4.0
Benzo[a]pyrene	PAH	0.9987	5.4	1-Indanone	PAOH	0.9993	4.7
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	PAH	0.9964	9.3	Dibenzofuran	PAOH	0.9993	5.3
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	PAH	0.9978	7.3	Carbazole	PAOH	0.9980	4.7
Benzo[ghi]perylene	PAH	0.9989	5.1	9, 10-Anthraquinone	PAOH	0.9951	12.9
1-Methylnaphthalene	methylPAH	1.0000	1.1	2-Methylnaphthalene	PAOH	0.9981	6.5
2-Methylnaphthalene	methylPAH	0.9999	1.8	9-Fluorenone	oxyPAH	0.9997	5.0
2, 7-Dimethylnaphthalene	methylPAH	0.9999	1.5	Benzanthrone	oxyPAH	0.9985	6.0
1,3 +1,6-Dimethylnaphthalene	methylPAH	0.9999	2.0	5, 12-Naphthacenequinone	oxyPAH	0.9963	9.6
2,3-Dimethylnaphthalene	methylPAH	0.9999	1.8		Min	0.9951	1.1
					Max	1.0000	12.9
					Mean	0.9991	4.2

oxyPAH



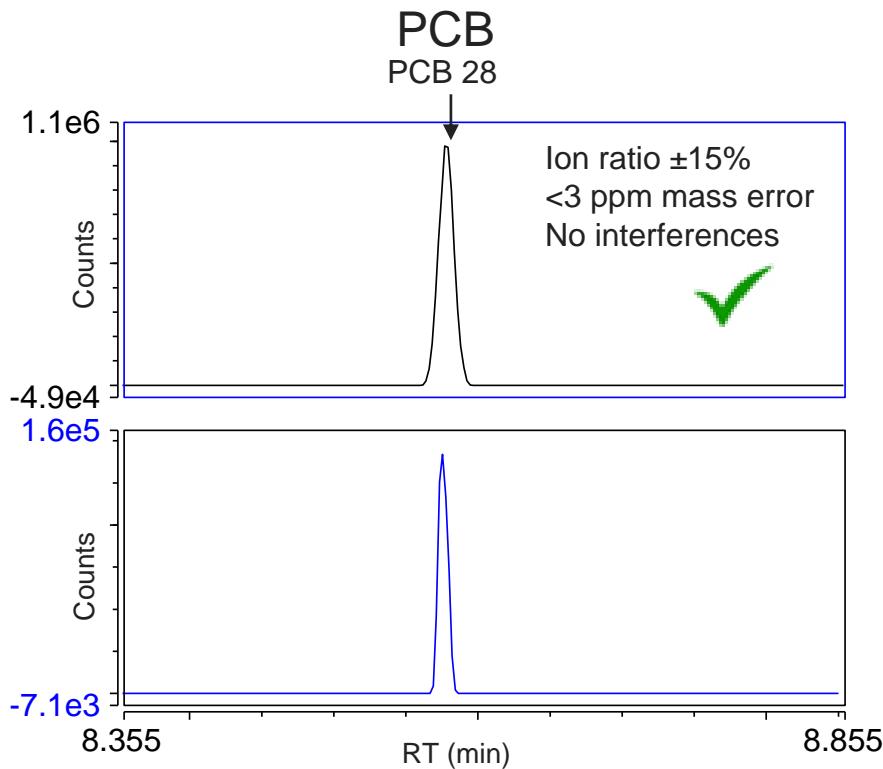
R²=0.9997
% RSD=5.0

PAH

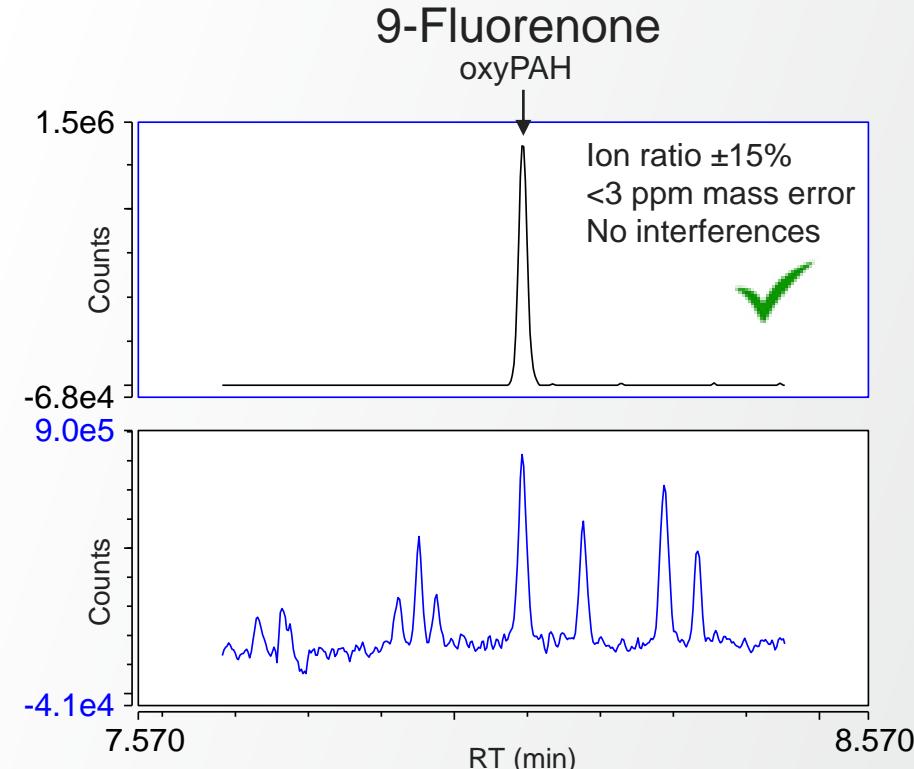


R²=0.9989
% RSD=4.1

Quantification of PAHs and PCBs in soil

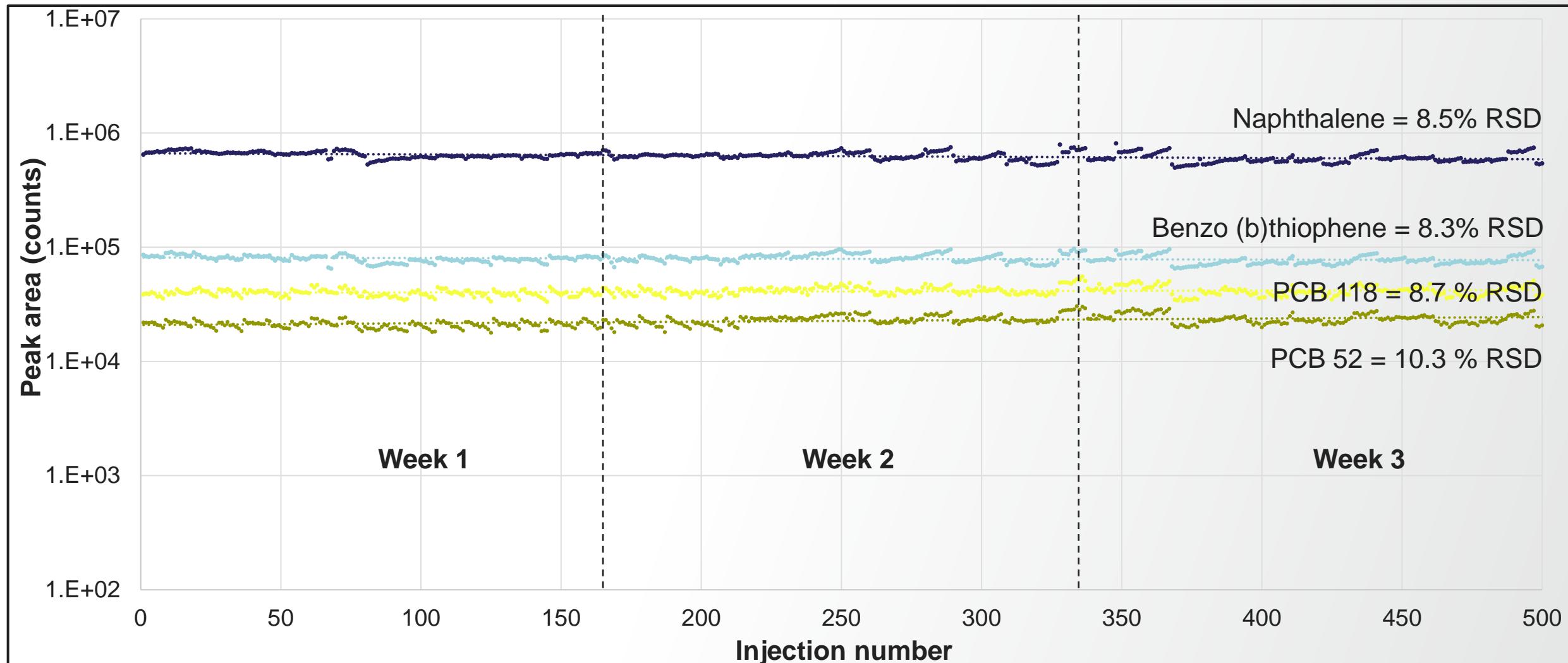


Amount found in sample	0.6 µg/Kg
Ion ratio % deviation	0.7 %
Measured mass (<i>m/z</i>)	255.96074
Theoretical mass (<i>m/z</i>)	255.96078
Chemical formula	C ₁₂ H ₇ Cl ₃
Mass error (ppm)	0.2



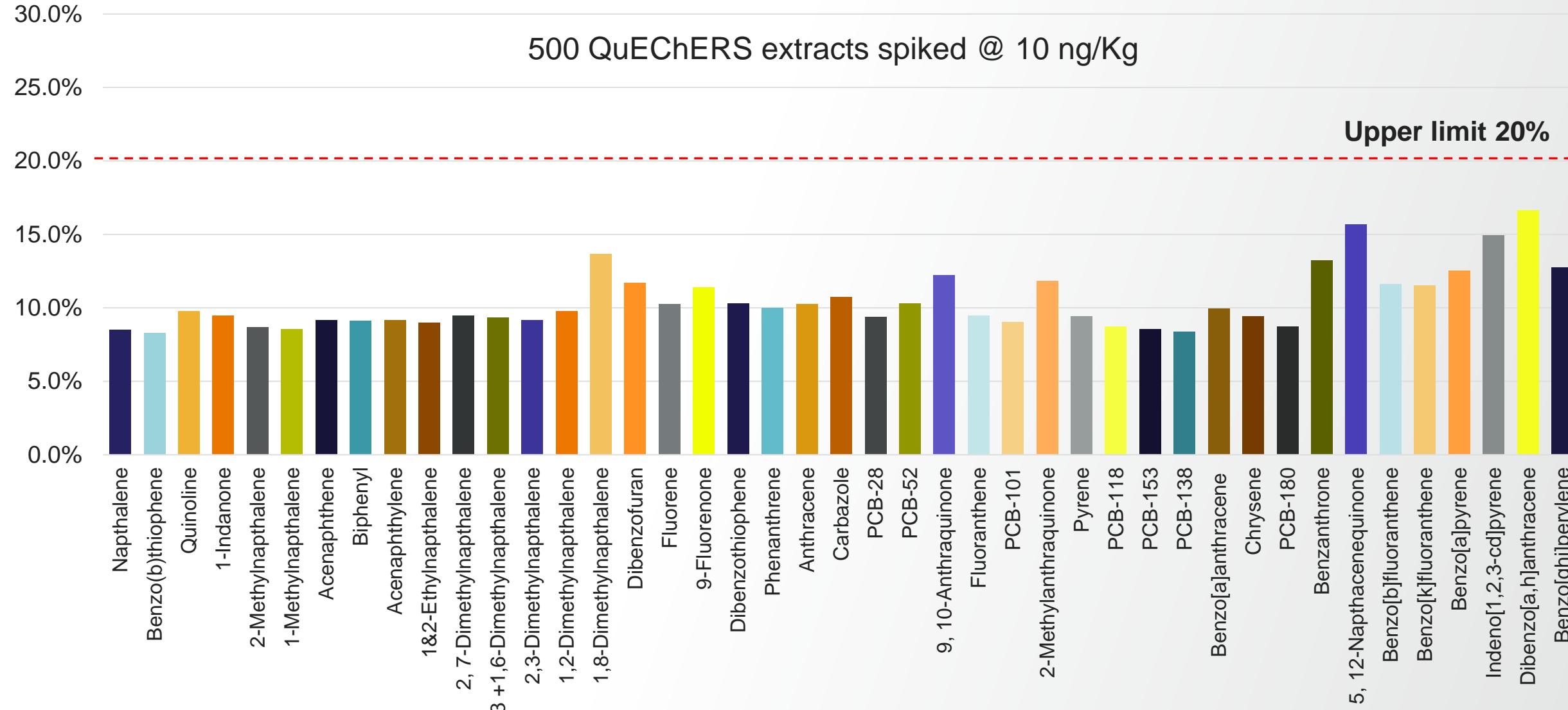
Amount found in sample	0.8 µg/Kg
Ion ratio % deviation	4.8%
Measured mass (<i>m/z</i>)	180.05698
Theoretical mass (<i>m/z</i>)	180.05697
Chemical formula	C ₁₃ H ₈ O
Mass error (ppm)	0.1

Robustness: Peak area repeatability



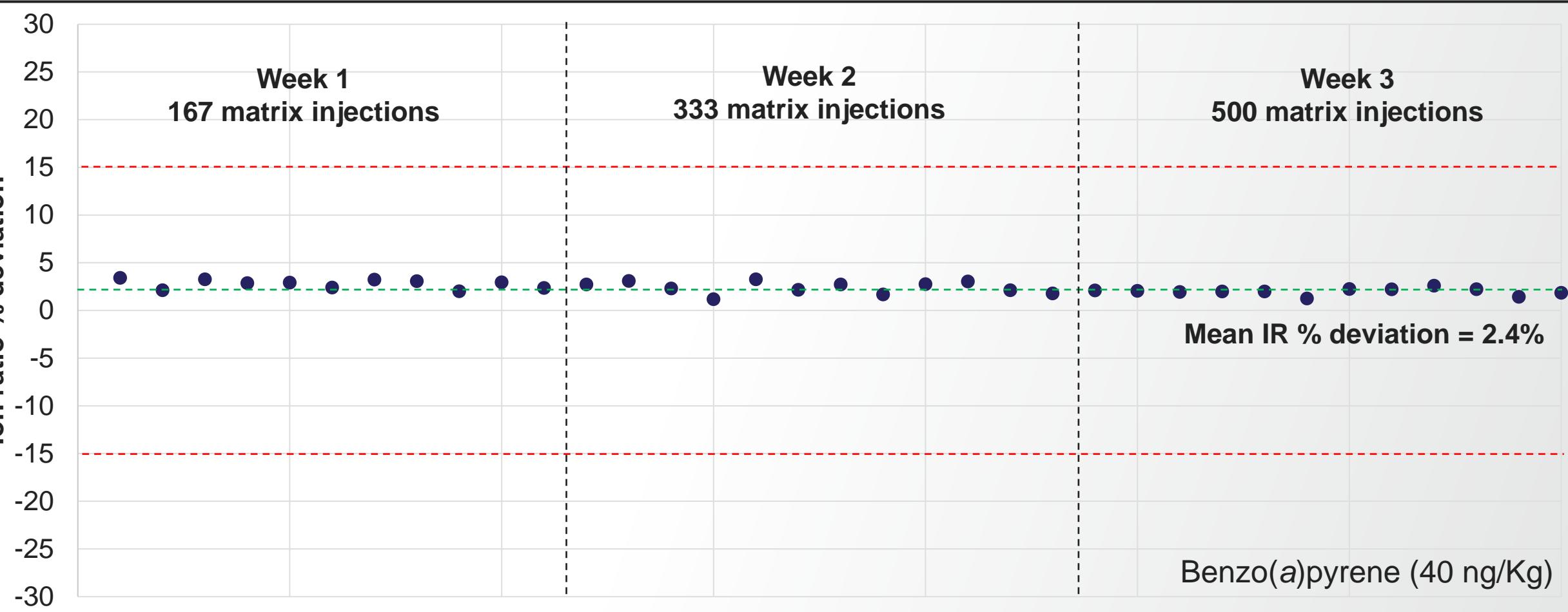
QuEChERS Soil Extract spiked at 10 ng/Kg

Robustness: Peak area repeatability

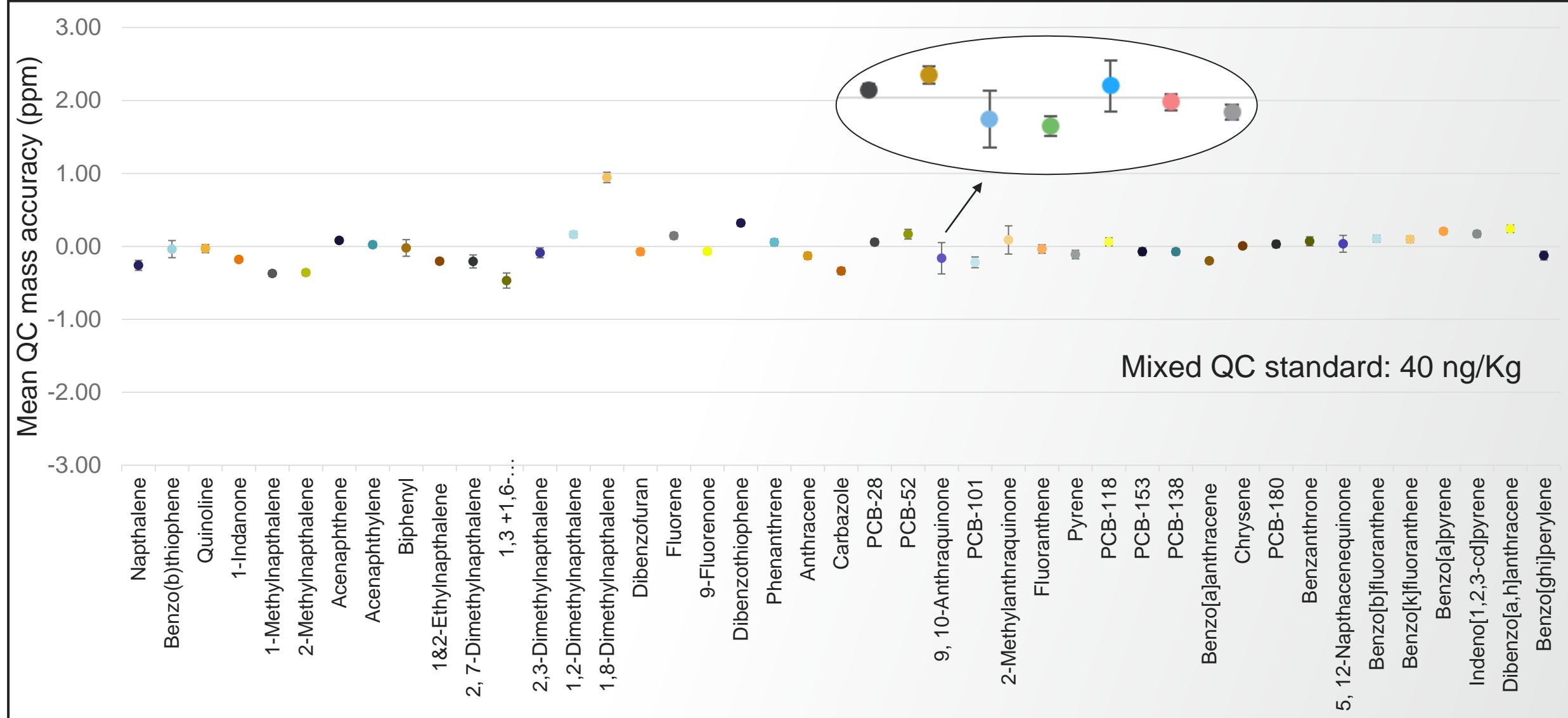


*Inlet septa were replaced every 100 injections. Apart from this no other inlet maintenance was undertaken.

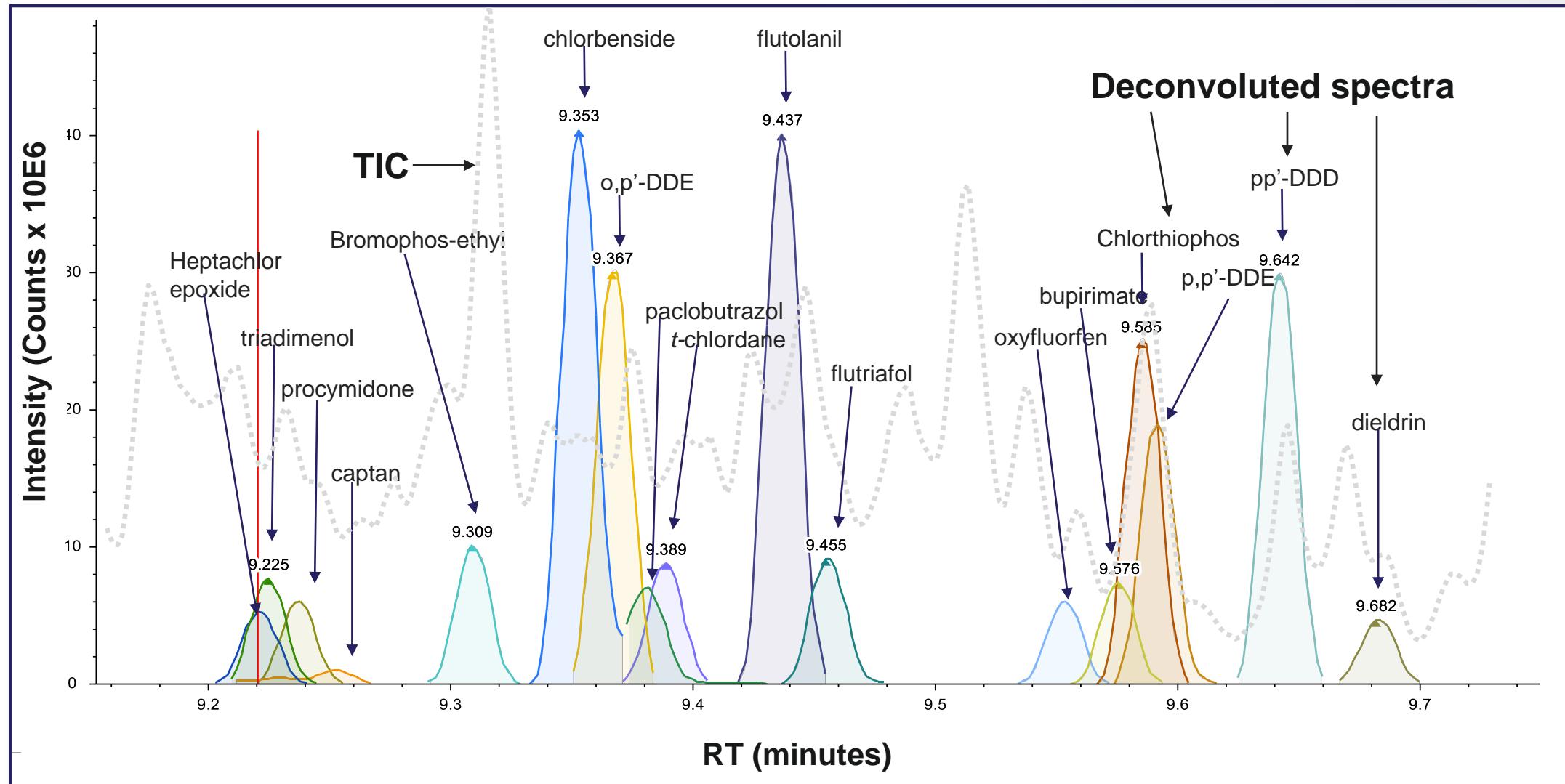
Robustness: QC standard ion ratio stability



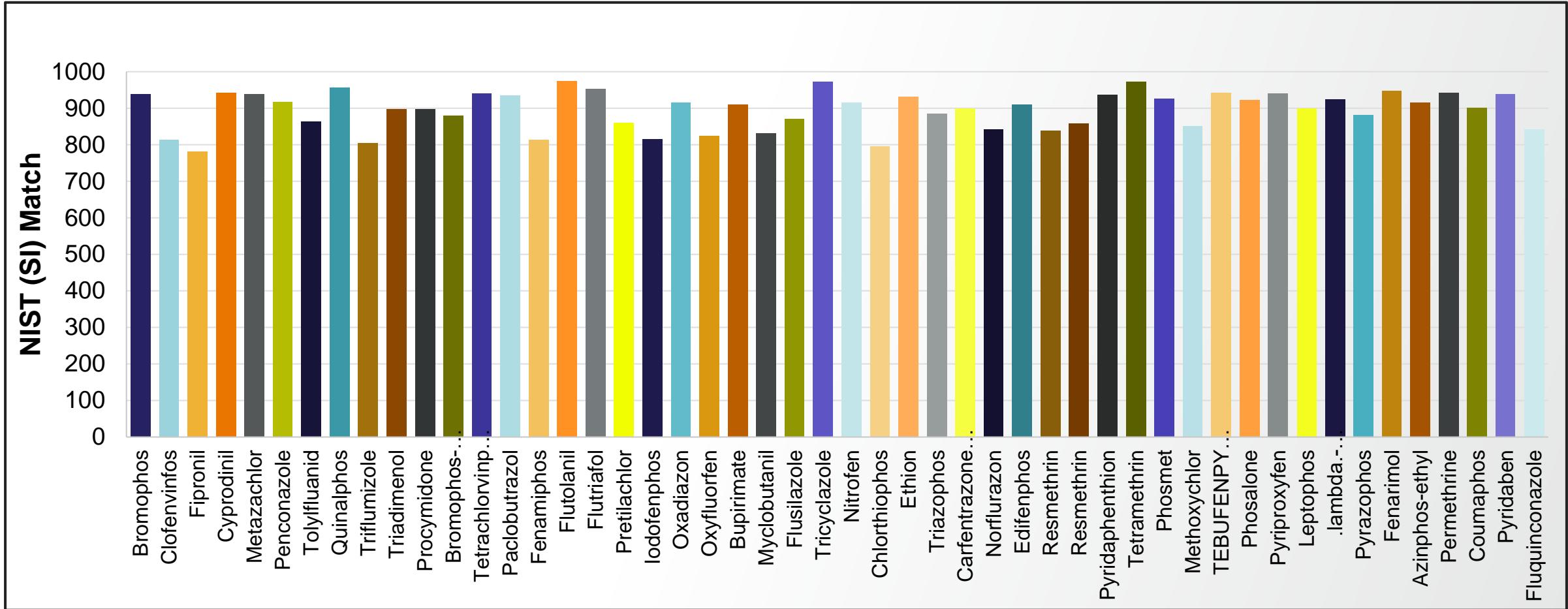
Robustness: QC standard mass accuracy stability



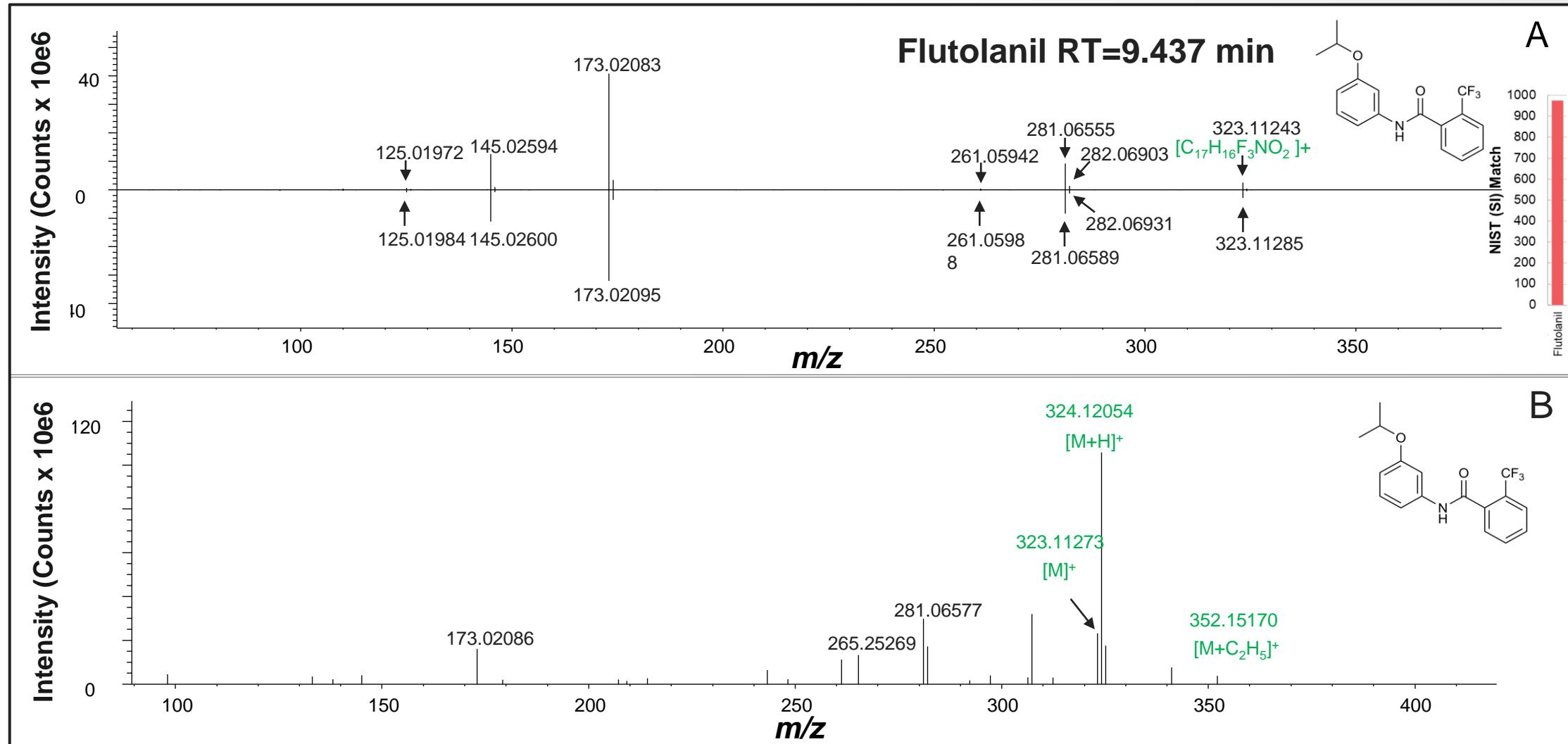
Thermo Scientific Compound Discoverer 3.2 Software deconvoluted soil EI spectrum



NIST search results



Screening for additional contaminants (EI deconvolution and NIST matches)



Summary

- **Orbitrap Exploris GC mass spectrometer:** Best mass accuracy and high resolution leads to easy, reliable, and compliant data generation.
- **Easy full-scan data acquisition:** Retrospective analysis and comprehensive targeted and non-targeted workflow of environmental sample analysis with Thermo Scientific™ Compound Discoverer™ software.
- **Comprehensive method consolidation:** PAHs and PCBs analysis in soil in < 20 min. Up to 20x, realized using modified QuEChERS method compared to tradition Soxhlet extraction methods, saving cost and time.
- **Sensitivity:** MDL values calculated for 45 native compounds ranging from 118 to 475 fg OC (corresponding to 0.1–0.5 µg/kg in sample). LOQs ranged from 0.5 to 5.0 µg/kg in soil as determined.
- **Linear dynamic range:** Better than 6 orders of magnitude.
- **Robustness:** Stable peak area, ion ratios, and mass accuracies were achieved for QuEChERS soil extracts and QC standards, studied over a three week period.
- Overall, an excellent solution for both the chemists running the system and lab managers keeping track of the return on investment.

Thank you Questions?

